

GPG Outbrief 10

# Plug Load Control

GPG Program | U.S. General Services Administration | February 8, 2018

The logo for the U.S. General Services Administration (GSA), consisting of the letters "GSA" in white on a dark blue square background.

GSA

# GPG-003 Advanced Power Strips for Plug Load Control @ gsa.gov

- ❑ Infographic
- ❑ 4-page Findings
- ❑ Full Report
- ❑ Additional Resources

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL <https://www.gsa.gov/governmentwide-initiatives/sustainability/gpg-program/published-findings/energy-management/advanced-power-strips#>. The page features a navigation menu with categories like TRAVEL, REAL ESTATE, ACQUISITION, TECHNOLOGY, POLICY & REGULATIONS, and ABOUT US. The main content area is titled "Advanced Power Strips" and includes a sub-header "GPG-003, September 2012". The text states that more than 25% of total energy consumed in US office buildings is used to power plug-in devices, many of which continue to draw power even when turned off. A recent GPG technology assessment found that advanced power strips (APS) that employ pre-programmed timers to de-energize such devices significantly reduce power usage: 26% at workstations and 50% in printer rooms and kitchens. The page also features a sidebar with a "GPG PROGRAM" menu, a "READ 4-PAGE FINDINGS" section with a PDF download link, and a "DOWNLOAD FULL REPORT" section with a PDF download link. An infographic titled "003 ADVANCED POWER STRIPS FOR PLUG LOAD CONTROL" is displayed, highlighting that 25% of electricity is lost to phantom power in efficient buildings, which can increase to 50%.

Home > Governmentwide Initiatives > Sustainability > GPG Program > Published Findings > Energy Management > 003. Advanced Power Strips >

## GPG PROGRAM

- Overview
- What is GPG?
- Published Findings
  - Building Envelope
  - Energy Management
    - 028. Control Optimization for Chillers
    - 025. Socially Driven HVAC
  - > 003. Advanced Power Strips
    - 001. Wireless Sensor Networks
  - HVAC
  - Lighting
  - On-Site Power & Renewables
  - Water
  - Ongoing Assessments
  - Request for Information
  - Outbrief Webinars
  - Technology Deployments

## Advanced Power Strips

### GPG-003, September 2012

More than 25% of total energy consumed in US office buildings is used to power plug-in devices, many of which continue to draw power even when turned off. A recent GPG technology assessment found that advanced power strips (APS) that employ pre-programmed timers to de-energize such devices significantly reduce power usage: 26% at workstations and 50% in printer rooms and kitchens. *Click on the infographic below to enlarge.*

### READ 4-PAGE FINDINGS

[PDF - 667 KB]

Findings: Plug Load Control > [PDF - 667 KB]

### DOWNLOAD FULL REPORT

[PDF - 4 MB]

Plug-Load Control and Behavioral Change Research in GSA Office Buildings > [PDF - 4 MB]

### ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

- Guidance: Decision Guides for Plug and Process Load Controls (DOE/Better Buildings, 12-2016)
- Tech Specifications: Advanced Power Strips, Version 1.0 (DOE/Better Buildings, 12-2016)
- Case Study: Reducing Plug Loads in Office Spaces Hawaii and Guam Energy Improvement Technology Demonstration Project (NREL, 12-2016)

### OPPORTUNITY

How much energy is lost to plug loads in U.S. commercial buildings?

**25%** OF ELECTRICITY IS LOST TO PHANTOM POWER

IN EFFICIENT BUILDINGS THIS CAN INCREASE TO 50%!

### TECHNOLOGY

The infographic features a green header with the text "003 ADVANCED POWER STRIPS FOR PLUG LOAD CONTROL" and "SEPTEMBER 2012". Below the header, there is a section titled "OPPORTUNITY" with a question "How much energy is lost to plug loads in U.S. commercial buildings?" and a large "25%" figure. To the right of the text is an illustration of a printer, a power strip, and a smartphone, with lightning bolts indicating energy loss. Below the illustration is a section titled "TECHNOLOGY".

# Upcoming GPG Outbriefs—Thursdays, 12 PM ET

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March 22	LED Downlight Lamps for CFL Fixtures
April 19	Electrochromic Windows
May 10	Honeycomb Solar Thermal Collector

## Webinar Recordings

Access all webinars on [GSA.gov](https://www.gsa.gov)

[GSA.gov/GPG](https://www.gsa.gov/GPG)

# Continuing Education Credits

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GPG webinars offer 1 Continuing Education Learning Unit through the American Institute of Architects

To receive credit:

Complete the post-webinar survey, or contact Michael Hobson,  
[michael.hobson@gsa.gov](mailto:michael.hobson@gsa.gov)





# How to Chat Your Questions

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Please chat your questions during the presentation for the Q&A segment



# Introduction

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## **Michael Lowell**

Project Manager, GPG

[mike.lowell@gsa.gov](mailto:mike.lowell@gsa.gov)

720.641.8891

# Webinar Agenda

- ❑ Overview of GPG (5 minutes)
- ❑ Plug Load Control (20 minutes)  
Rois Langner, National Renewable Energy Laboratory
- ❑ Advanced Power Strips Evaluation (15 minutes)  
Dylan Cutler, National Renewable Energy Laboratory
- ❑ On-the-ground Feedback (5 minutes)  
John Tegan, GSA Region 3, Building Operations
- ❑ GSA Deployment (10 minutes)  
Nasreen Ege, GSA, Office of Facilities Management
- ❑ Q & A (20 minutes)

# Introduction

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## **Kevin Powell**

Program Manager, Emerging Technologies

[kevin.powell@gsa.gov](mailto:kevin.powell@gsa.gov)

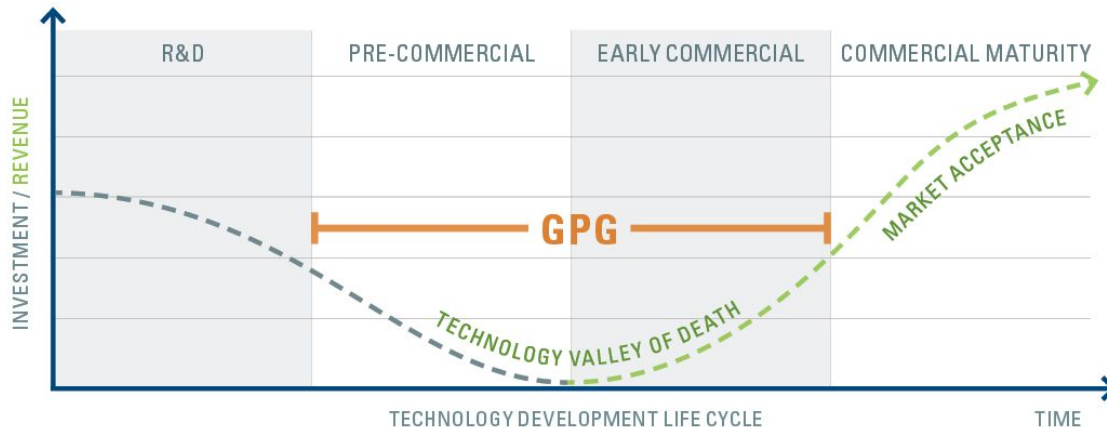
510.423.3384



Emerging Technologies' two programs – GSA Proving Ground (GPG) and Pilot to Portfolio (P2P) – enable GSA to make sound investment decisions in next generation building technologies based on their real world performance

# Leading by Example

GSA's Proving Ground accelerates market acceptance by objectively assessing innovative building technologies in real-world environments, and deploying those that deliver. To date, GSA has installed 9 technologies across more than 200 buildings. In aggregate, these technologies are delivering \$7.4 Million in annual O&M savings.



# GPG Process

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Identify promising technologies at the edge of commercialization



Pilot technology installations within GSA's real estate portfolio



Partner with Department of Energy national laboratories to objectively evaluate real-world performance



Identify technologies with broad deployment potential for GSA, coordinate results with broader federal and CRE community.

# Introduction to Plug Load Control

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## Thanks to:

- Region 3 for conceptualizing the study and bringing it to GPG
- NREL for designing a study that tested all the strategies and allowed us to use a technology that had 80% of the value at 20% of the cost
- OFM team for leading a deployment campaign throughout 200 facilities
- FAS for leveraging Federal procurement buying power



# Plug Load Control

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**Rois Langner**

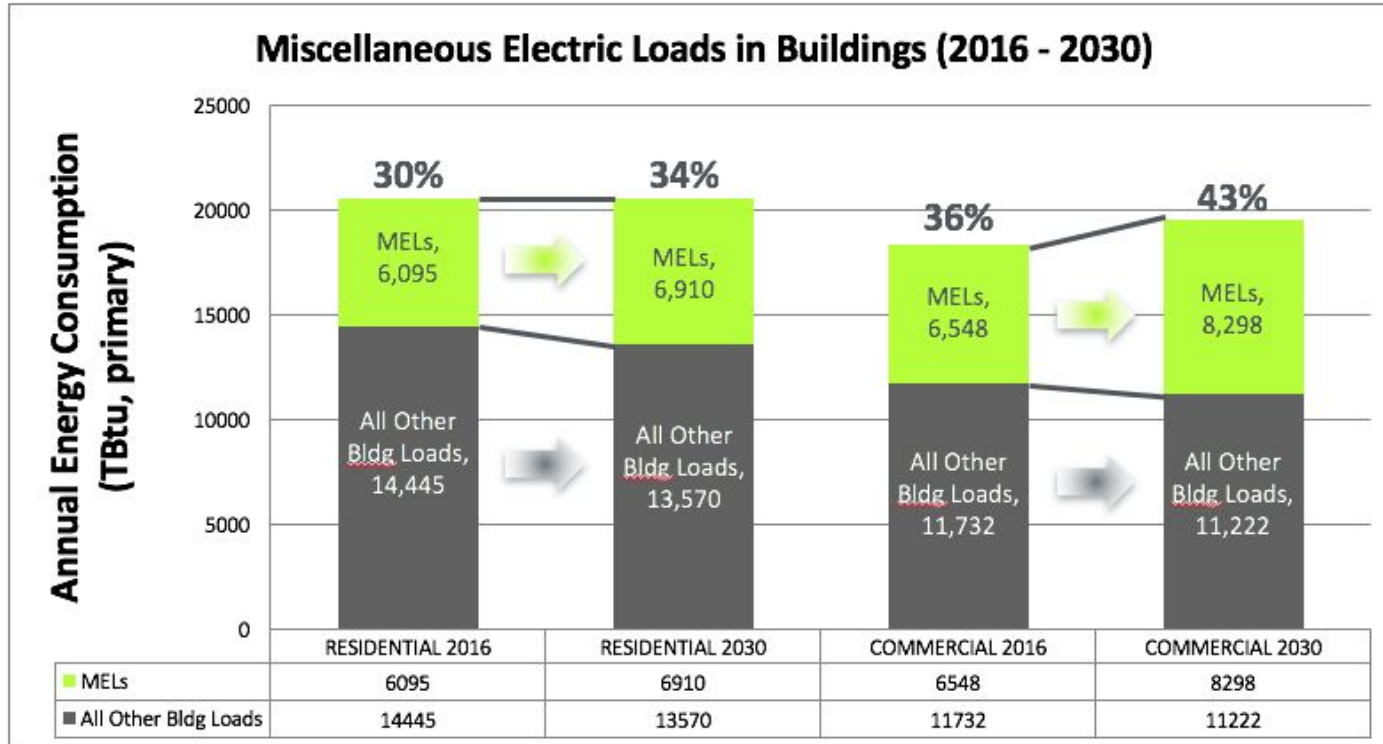
National Renewable Energy Laboratory

# What Are Plug Loads?

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# Plug Load Energy



Data from: EIA  
Annual Energy  
Outlook, 2015.

## Typical Energy Savings

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Translates to  
approximately

**10%**

of whole building  
energy consumption

# Better Buildings Initiative

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# Better Buildings Initiative

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# Plug & Process Loads Team



Alliance Home Sectors Partners Solutions Resources Newsroom Get Involved Join

Better Buildings Initiative > Better Buildings Alliance > Plug & Process Loads

## Plug & Process Loads



Plug and process loads (PPLs) consume about one third of primary energy in U.S. commercial buildings. As buildings become more efficient, PPL efficiency has become pertinent in achieving aggressive energy targets. Through the PPL Technology Solutions Team, partners participate in a platform to share experiences and learn from their peer, and work together to create resources on PPL energy reduction strategies and their applications, covering a wide variety of electronic, computer, refrigeration, and cooking devices, including equipment essential to information processing, medical treatment, and food service businesses.



**U.S. Primary Energy Breakdown**

Industry	31%
Commercial	16%
Transportation	16%
Residential	22%
Electricity	15%

**Commercial Buildings Energy Sources**

Electricity	79%
Natural Gas	1%
On-Site Renewables	1%
Geothermal/Coal	1%

**Commercial Buildings Energy Use Breakdown**

Lighting	30%
Space Heating	16%
Space Cooling	16%
Ventilation	1%
Water Heating	2%
<b>PPLs</b>	<b>33%</b>

**Plug Load Energy: Assess and Reduce**

**Alliance Activities**  
Participate in expert-led technology teams, test out an implementation model, join a technology campaign, or take part in a technology challenge or demonstration.

**Take Action**

**Events Calendar**  
Better Buildings partners participate in webinars, peer-exchange calls, meetings, and industry workshops and conferences. Browse upcoming events and opportunities to participate by month.

**Get Involved**

**PPL Beat Blogs**  
The Plug and Process Load Team occasionally contributes articles about new developments and technologies on the Better Buildings Beat Blog.

**View Blogs**

<https://betterbuildingsinitiative.energy.gov/alliance/technology-solution/plug-process-loads>





# Established PPL Energy Management Solutions



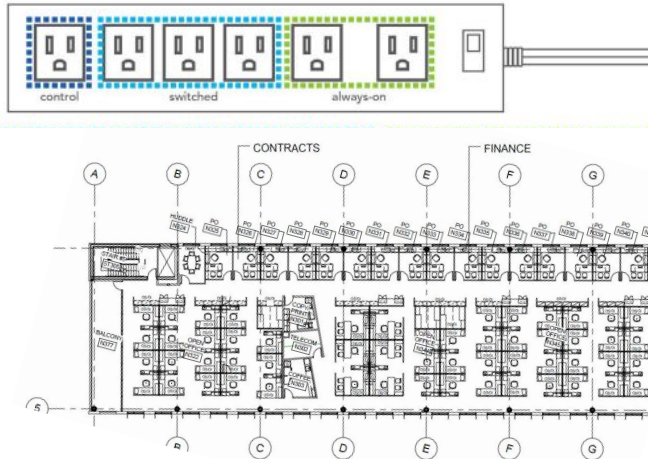
“Turn It Off!” Campaigns

Upgrade Equipment, ENERGY STAR

Built-In Low Power States

Advanced Power Strips

Design Strategies for Consolidating PPLs



# Plug Load Resources



The infographic is titled "ADVANCED POWER STRIPS (APS) HOW TO USE IN AN OFFICE SETTING" and is presented by NREL. It features a diagram at the top showing a power strip with three sections: "PRIMARY", "SECONDARY", and "ALWAYS-ON". Below the diagram, it explains that each APS has three outlet types for equipment with various electricity needs:

- Primary Outlet** (COMPUTER/LAPTOP): The primary outlet acts as the "control" or "master" outlet because it turns off the power to secondary outlets when the device connected to it is turned off. The primary outlet typically powers your computer's central processing unit because most other devices connected to the power strip at an office desk depend on your computer for their functionality. For example, you need to turn on your computer to use your monitor and to print documents.
- Secondary Outlet** (MONITOR, PRINTER, DESK LAMP): The secondary outlets act as the "controlled" outlets and typically power peripheral devices, such as your computer monitor(s), desk lamp, and printer. When the device connected to the primary outlet is turned off, the power will automatically be shut off to the device connected to the secondary outlets. For example, turning off your computer automatically shuts off the power to your monitor or printer. The amount of energy you save with an advanced power strip depends on the energy usage of the devices connected to the secondary outlets.
- Always-On Outlet** (LANDLINE PHONE, FAX, MINI FRIDGE): The always-on outlets are not controlled by the primary outlet. Important office desk devices, such as landline phones and fax machines, that are plugged into the always-on outlet will receive constant power regardless of the primary outlet device.

Learn more about plug and process loads: [www4.eere.energy.gov/alliance/activities/technology-solutions/teams/plug-process-loads](http://www4.eere.energy.gov/alliance/activities/technology-solutions/teams/plug-process-loads).

NREL is a national laboratory of the U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy, operated by the Alliance for Sustainable Energy, LLC.

# Advanced Power Strips

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## ADVANCED POWER STRIPS Which one is right for me?



Timer  
Power Strip



Master-Controlled  
Power Strip



Masterless  
Power Strip



Remote Switch  
Power Strip



Activity Monitor  
Power Strip

# Advanced Power Strips

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Timer  
Power Strip



Master-Controlled  
Power Strip



Masterless  
Power Strip



Remote Switch  
Power Strip



Activity Monitor  
Power Strip

- Power strip automatically turns off outlets based on a pre-set schedule



# Advanced Power Strips



Timer Power Strip



Master-Controlled Power Strip



Masterless Power Strip

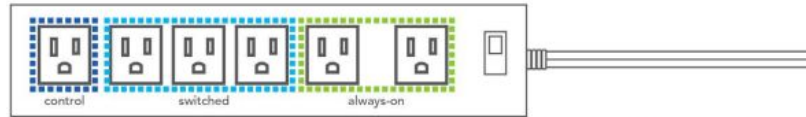


Remote Switch Power Strip



Activity Monitor Power Strip

## Advanced Power Strips (APS)



### Primary Outlet

COMPUTER/LAPTOP



### Secondary Outlet

MONITOR, PRINTER, DESK LAMP



### Always-On Outlet

LANDLINE TELEPHONE, FAX, MINI FRIDGE



# Advanced Power Strips



Timer Power Strip



Master-Controlled Power Strip



Masterless Power Strip



Remote Switch Power Strip

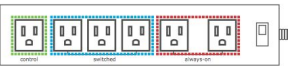


Activity Monitor Power Strip




**NREL**  
NATIONAL RENOVABLE ENERGY LABORATORY

## ADVANCED POWER STRIPS (APS)

### HOW TO USE IN AN OFFICE SETTING



Each APS has three outlet types for equipment with various electricity needs:

 <p><b>Primary Outlet</b> COMPUTER/LAPTOP</p> <p>The primary outlet acts as the "control," or "master" outlet because it turns off the power to secondary outlets when the device connected to it is turned off. The primary outlet typically powers your computer's central processing unit because most other devices connected to the power strip at an office desk depend on your computer for their functionality. For example, you need to turn on your computer to use your monitor and to print documents.</p>	 <p><b>Secondary Outlet</b> MONITOR, PRINTER, DESK LAMP</p> <p>The secondary outlets act as the "controlled" outlets and typically power peripheral devices, such as your computer monitor(s), desk lamp, and printer. When the device connected to the primary outlet is turned off, the power will automatically be shut off to the device connected to the secondary outlets. For example, turning off your computer automatically shuts off the power to your monitor or printer. The amount of energy you save with an advanced power strip depends on the energy usage of the devices connected to the secondary outlets.</p>	 <p><b>Always-On Outlet</b> LANDLINE PHONE, FAX, MINI FRIDGE</p> <p>The always-on outlets are not controlled by the primary outlet. Important office desk devices, such as landline phones and fax machines, that are plugged into the always-on outlet will receive constant power regardless of the primary outlet device.</p>
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NREL is a national laboratory of the U.S. Department of Energy,  
Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy, operated by the Alliance for Sustainable Energy, LLC.

# Advanced Power Strips



Timer  
Power Strip



Master-Controlled  
Power Strip



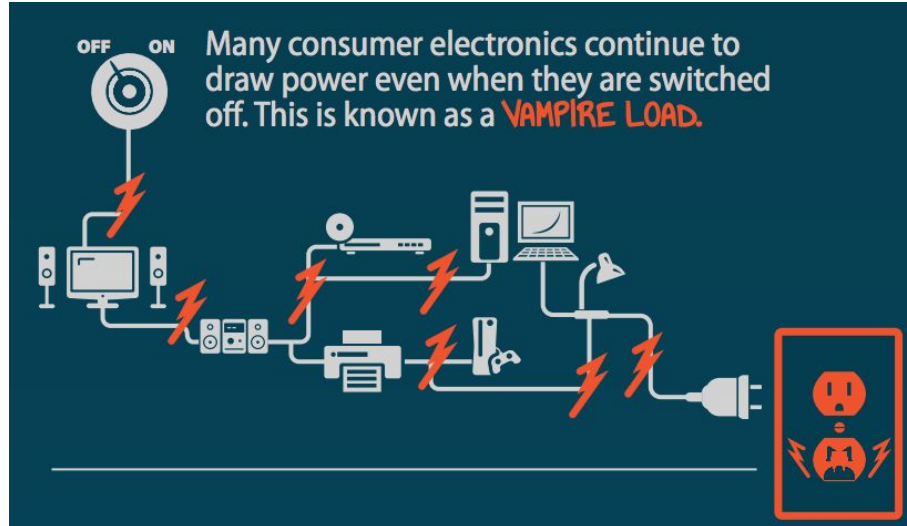
Masterless  
Power Strip



Remote Switch  
Power Strip



Activity Monitor  
Power Strip



# Advanced Power Strips



Timer Power Strip



Master-Controlled Power Strip



Masterless Power Strip



Remote Switch Power Strip



Activity Monitor Power Strip





# Advanced Power Strips



Timer Power Strip



Master-Controlled Power Strip



Masterless Power Strip



Remote Switch Power Strip



Activity Monitor Power Strip



# A Tale of Two Tiers

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## Tier 1 = Typical APS



Timer Power Strip



Master-Controlled Power Strip



Masterless Power Strip



Remote Switch Power Strip



Activity Monitor Power Strip



## Tier 2 = APS with Occupant Sensing



# Connected APs



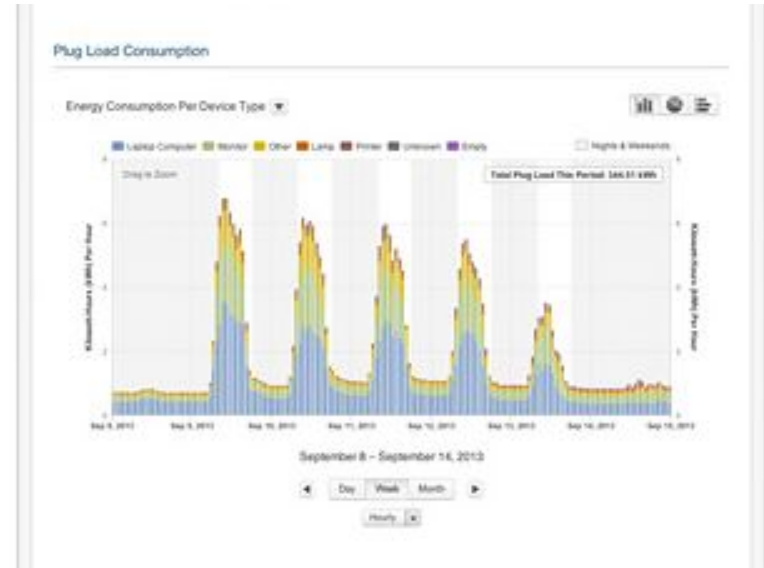
Hardware



Software



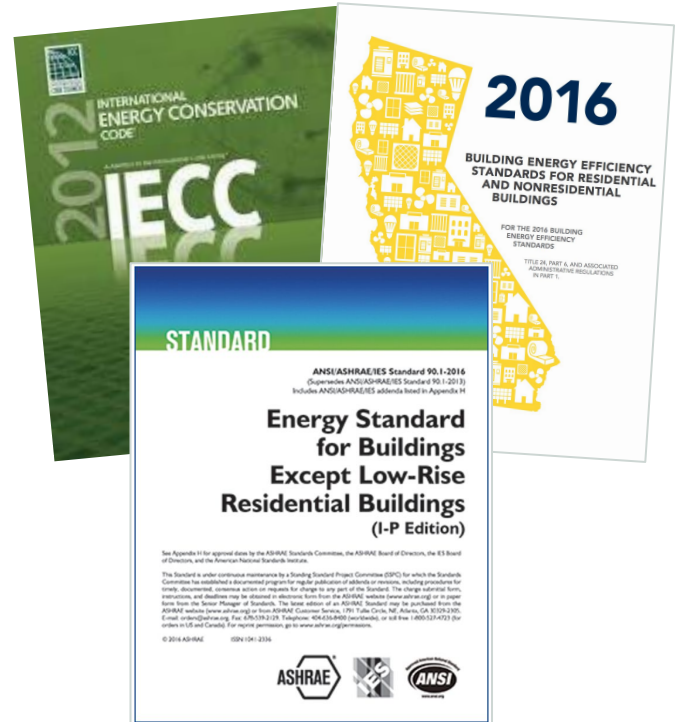
Services



# Building Standards & Codes

## Standards Require Plug Load Controls (...since 2010!)

- ASHRAE 90.1
- California Title 24
- 50% of outlets in specified spaces must have automatic shut-off control
  - Workstations
  - Private offices
  - Conference rooms
  - Print/copy rooms
  - Break rooms
  - Classrooms
- Plug-in control devices are not allowed



# Wireless Meter & Controls – “Smart Outlets”



# Better Buildings Initiative

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## Data analytics = informed decisions

- Set schedules
- Monitor device health for efficiency and failure
- Inform policies
- Control equipment and manage data remotely
- Engage occupants



# Measurement & Verification

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**Dylan Cutler**

R&D Staff, National Renewable Energy Laboratory

GPG-003

# Advanced Power Strips for Plug Load Control

General Services Administration  
Public Buildings Service



GPG-003 | SEPTEMBER 2012

## ADVANCED POWER STRIPS



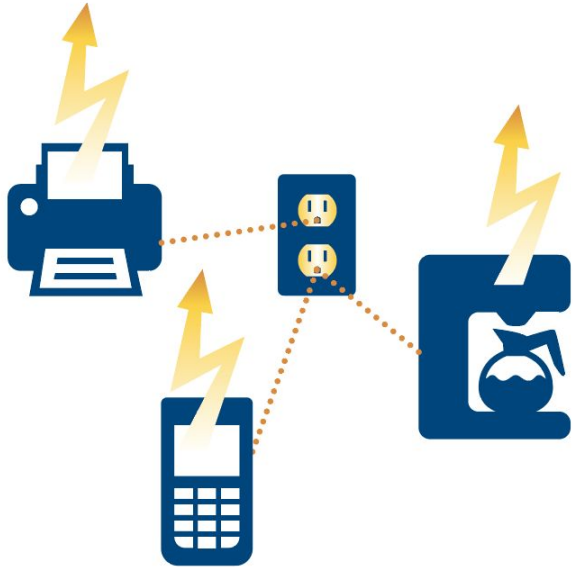
### Advanced Power Strips Decrease Energy Consumption

Desk-based technologies and other electronics that plug into office building receptacles draw a considerable amount of power, some of it 24/7. In fact, "plug loads" account for roughly 25% of total electricity consumed within office buildings. GSA currently owns and leases more than 370 million square feet of building space in some 9,600 buildings nationwide. The size of this real estate portfolio alone suggests the possibility of enormous energy savings, if plug loads can be reduced. With this in mind, GSA's GPG program recently assessed the effectiveness of advanced power strips (APS) in managing plug-load energy consumption in eight of its buildings. Three types of plug-load reduction strategies were evaluated: schedule timer control, which allows the user to set the day and time when a circuit will be energized and de-energized; load sensing control, which monitors a specific device's



## Opportunity

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**25%** of electricity end use  
in office buildings goes towards  
plug loads (in 2012) and this has  
continued to increase

# Advanced Power Strips

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## De-energize circuits

Based on a timer, load-sensing or both



# Measurement & Verification, GSA's Mid-Atlantic Region

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Veterans Administration Center Building – Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

William J. Green, Jr. Federal Building – Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

Cohen Complex – Camden, New Jersey

Clarkson S. Fisher Federal Building and U.S. Courthouse – Trenton, New Jersey

Spottswood W. Robinson III and Robert R. Merhige, Jr., U.S. Courthouse – Richmond, Virginia

Edward A. Garmatz U.S. Courthouse – Baltimore, Maryland

William S. Moorhead Federal Building – Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania

Robert C. Byrd Federal Building and U.S. Courthouse – Charleston, West Virginia

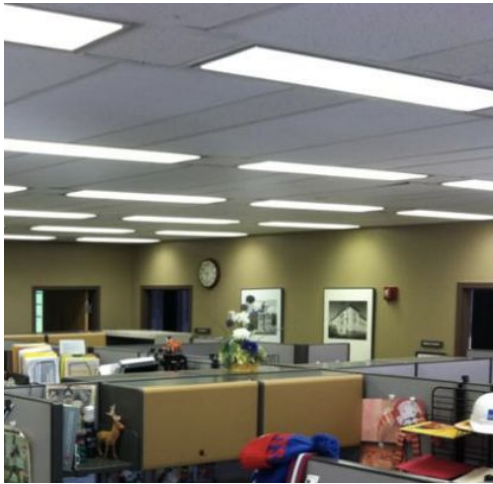
NREL assessed Advanced Power Strips throughout GSA's Mid-Atlantic Region

Technology for test-bed measurement and verification provided by Enmetric.

# Test Plan

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- 3 control strategies: load-sensing, schedule-timer, both
- Different space types: workstations, printer rooms, kitchens



# Monitored for 12 weeks

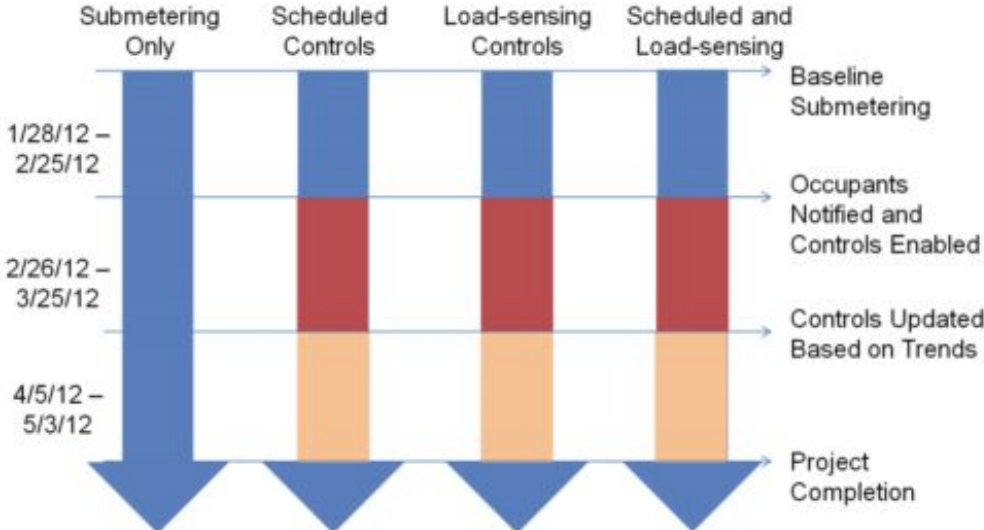
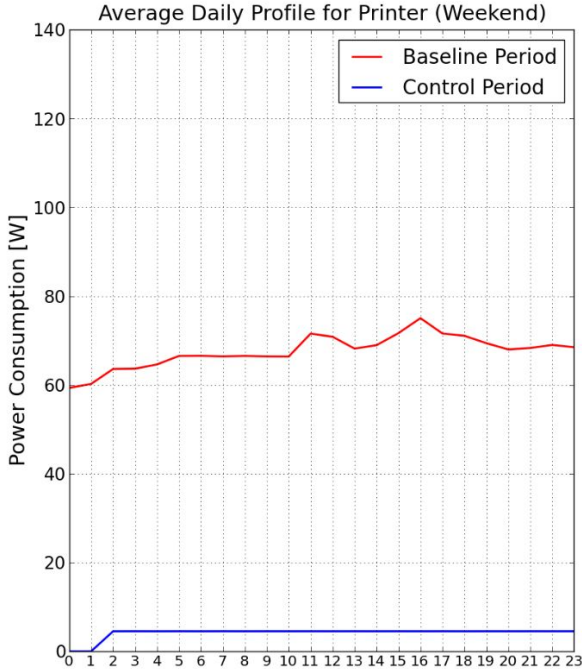
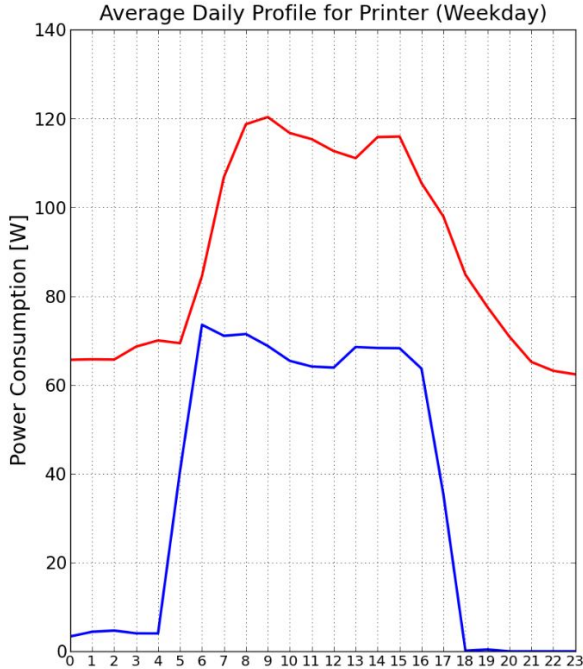
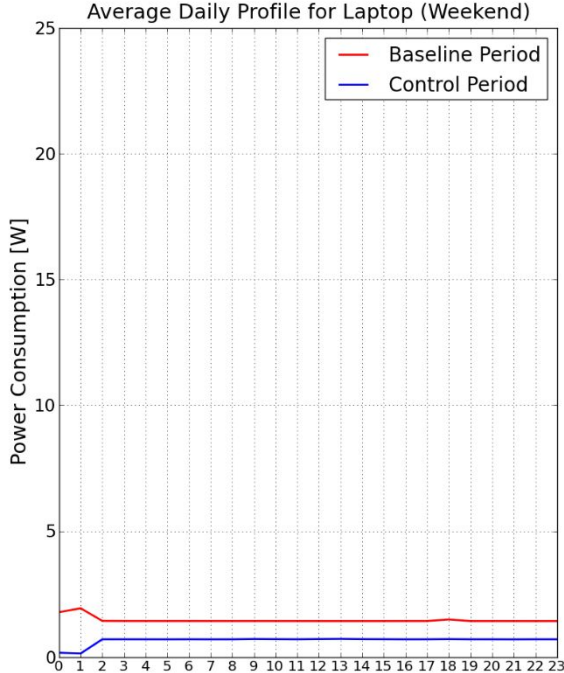
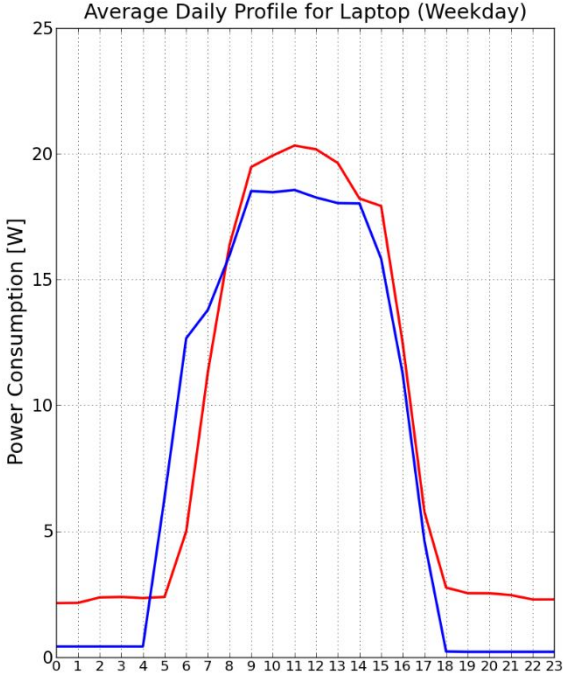


Figure IV-4: Diagram of project timeline

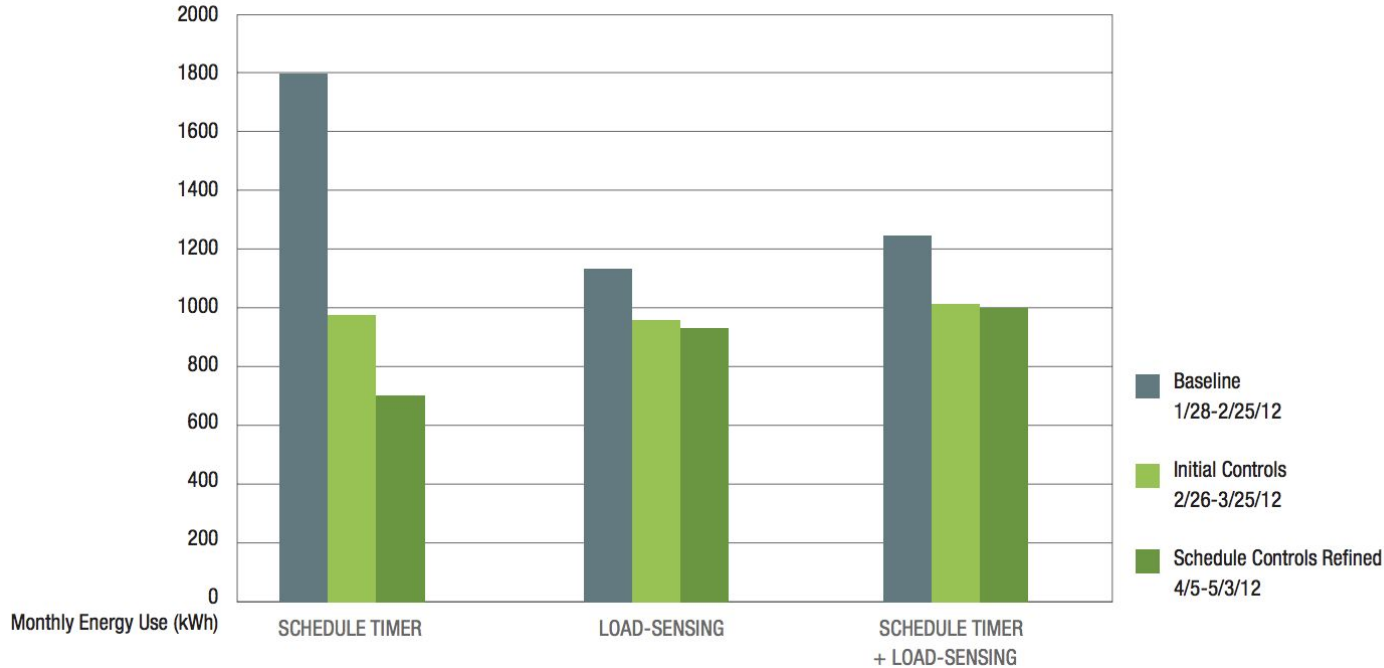
# Printers



# Laptops



# Energy Savings



**26%**  
**ENERGY SAVINGS**

AT WORKSTATIONS  
with advanced computer  
management in place  
**48% IN KITCHENS &  
PRINTER ROOMS**



## Simpler and Lower-Cost Schedule Timer Most Effective

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- Largest savings with devices powered 24/7 such as printers, copiers and kitchen appliances
- Majority of users did not wish to have more control over their individual APSs
- Load-sensing might be worth pursuing for individual workstations when occupants have a variety of desktop appliances and unpredictable schedules

# Payback

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## GSA Estimated Energy Savings

77.23 kWh/yr for Workstations

Annual savings of \$8.50

466.2 kWh/yr for Common Areas

Annual savings of \$51.29

**3**  
**YEARS**

PAYBACK

for workstations

@\$22 per device

.5 years for

common areas

# Recommended Broad Deployment

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## Best suited for all locations

- Energy savings and low payback support deployment throughout GSA's portfolio



# On-The-Ground Feedback

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**John Tegan, C.E.M.**  
GSA Region 3 Building Operations

# Test-Bed Experience

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## Timer tested was powerful

- Each plug programmed separately, wifi accessible, logged plug electricity use
- IT security issues prevented connecting to GSA's network
- Savings weren't as high as initially expected because most offices had already gone from desktop to laptop computers

# Test-Bed Experience

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## User experience

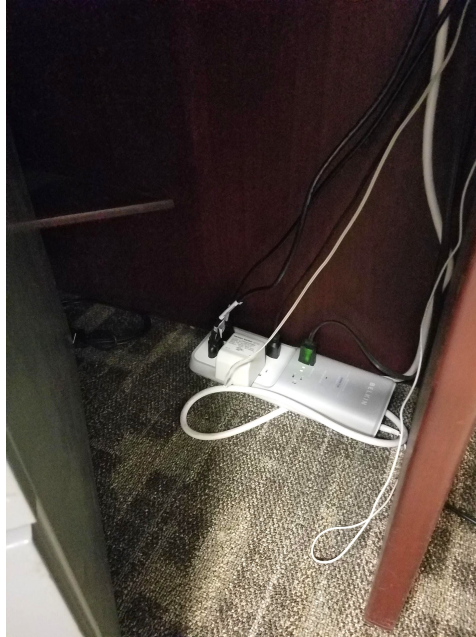
- Users didn't like big brother aspect of logging when electricity was being used
- Users had issues with printers being turned off when they needed them
- Override switch wasn't easy to use, users had to get on hands and knees to access

# Current APS

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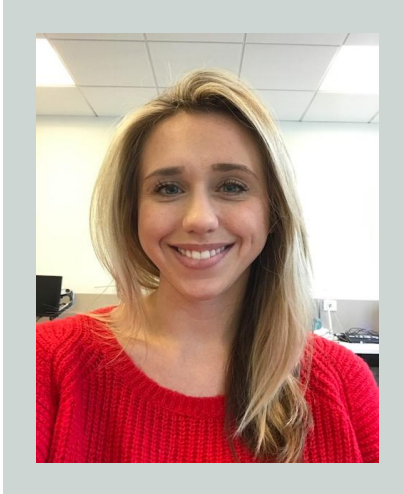
Decided on a much dumber timer-controlled APS

- Most of these are still being used
- At first, the thought was that it would be hard to give these away but then everyone wanted one



# Deployment Campaign

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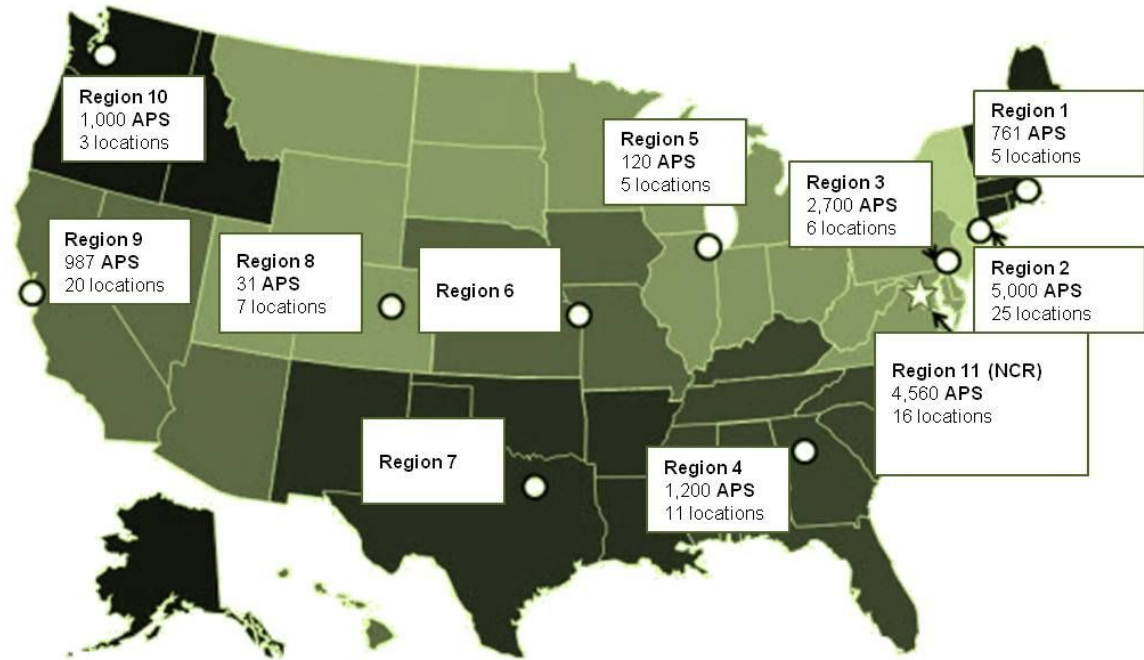
**Nasreen Ege**

Office of Facilities Management  
Public Building Service



# APS National Deployment

16,000 timer-controlled devices in over 80 facilities across GSA



# Deployment Details

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## Bulk Purchase of APS

- Off the shelf, no customization, Belkin, Conserve Surge with Timer
- On GSA Schedule & TAA compliant
- 35% discount from GSA Schedule

## Deployment

- 90% workstation  
10% kitchen/print room
- 80 facilities over 9 regions

## Cost Effective

- Over \$200,000 savings annually
- 1.7 year overall payback
  - Workstations  
2.6 years
  - Common Areas  
0.4 years

# Timer-Controlled APS Functionality

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## One-Touch Desktop Button

Use the Desktop Button to turn your Timed Outlets on and off. These outlets automatically turn off after 11 hours to save power. The blinking LED status indicator notifies you when your outlets are about to be turned off. Press the button to keep outlets on for another 11 hours.



## 2 Always-On Outlets

Use these outlets for devices that require power at all times, such as desktop computers, phones and clocks.

## 6 Auto-Off Timed Outlets

Timed outlets automatically turn off after 11 hours. Use these outlets for devices that don't require constant power (24/7), such as laptop computers\*, monitors, phone chargers, printers, and desk lights.

Q & A

# Survey and Continuing Education Credit

## GPG webinars offer 1 Continuing Education Learning Unit through the American Institute of Architects

### To receive credit:

Complete the post-webinar survey, or contact Michael Hobson,  
[michael.hobson@gsa.gov](mailto:michael.hobson@gsa.gov)

**GPG Outbrief 10: Plug Load Control**

\* Required

**Email address \***

Your email

**Continuing Education Credit**

Check here to request a certificate for 1 CE unit.

**ALA Number**

Your answer

**First Name and Last Name**

Your answer

The information presented in the Outbrief webinar was helpful.

1 2 3 4 5

Strongly Disagree      Strongly Agree

**I am interested in installing Advanced Power Strips or Smart Outlets**

Yes, in the next 2 years.

Yes, in the next 5 years.

Maybe

No

Thank you!



For more information: [gsa.gov/GPG](https://gsa.gov/GPG)

Kevin Powell, Program Manager [kevin.powell@gsa.gov](mailto:kevin.powell@gsa.gov) 510.423.3384

Michael Lowell, Project Manager [mike.lowell@gsa.gov](mailto:mike.lowell@gsa.gov) 720.641.8891

