This Lease is made and entered into between

Lessor's Name:(b) (7)(F)

(Lessor), whose principal place of business is (b) (7)(F) and the second and whose interest in the Property described herein is that of Fee Owner, and

The United States of America

(Government), acting by and through the designated representative of the General Services Administration (GSA), upon the terms and conditions set forth herein.

Witnesseth: The parties hereto, for the consideration hereinafter mentioned, covenant and agree as follows:

Lessor hereby leases to the Government the Premises described herein, being all or a portion of the Property located at

721-725 5<sup>th</sup> Avenue, (b) (7)(F) New York, NY 10022-2519

and more fully described in (7)(F)

as determined by GSA consistent and in compliance with the terms convenants and provisions of (b) (7)(f)

o) (7)(F)

Nothing herein is intended by the Government to constitute, nor shall anything contained herein be construed to constitute a waiver of the Government's right as a sovereign.

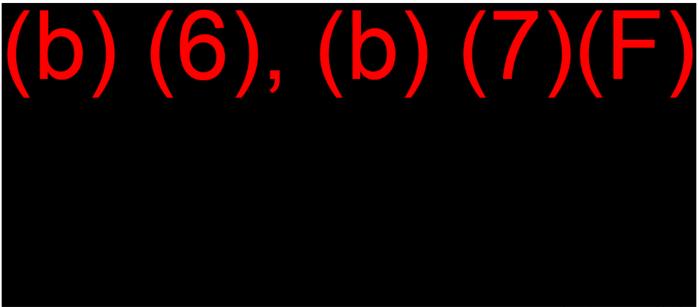
# **LEASE TERM**

To Have and To Hold the said Premises with its appurtenances for the term beginning upon acceptance of the Premises as required by this Lease and continuing for a period of

# 18 Months Firm

subject to the renewal options and termination rights as hereinafter set forth.

In Witness Whereof, the parties to this Lease evidence their agreement to all terms and conditions set forth herein by their signatures below, to be effective as of April 13, 2017.



The information collection requirements contained in this Solicitation/Contract, that are not required by the regulation, have been approved by the Office of Management and Budget pursuant to the Paperwork Reduction Act and assigned the OMB Control No. 3090-0163.

(b) (6), (b) (7)(F)

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### THE PREMISES, RENT, AND OTHER TERMS **SECTION 1**

### THE PREMISES (OCT 2016) 1.01

The Premises are described as follows:

Space located Space: 3,476 rentable square feet of

located in the real property known as 725 Fifth Avenue, New York, N.Y. 10022 (the Building), as depicted on the floor plan(s) attached hereto as Exhibit A. All rights, responsibilities, and obligations that bind the Lessor and Government under this lease agreement, including the General Clauses, and any other attachments hereto, shall pertain to the entire space under lease.

- INTENTIONALLY DELETED В.
- EXPRESS APPURTENANT RIGHTS (SEP 2013) C.

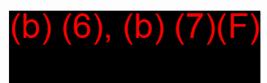
The Government shall have the non-exclusive right to the use of Appurtenant Areas

Appurtenant to the Premises and included in the

- Lease are rights to use the following:
- INTENTIONALLY DELETED A.
- B. INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- **RENT AND OTHER CONSIDERATION (OCT 2016)** 1.03
- The Government shall pay the Lessor rent, payable in monthly installments in arrears, at the following rates on or about the first business day of the succeeding month. Rent for a lesser period shall be prorated.

	4/11/2017 - 4/30/2017	5/1/2017 - 9/30/2018
	MONTHLY RENT	MONTHLY RENT
MONTHLY RENT	\$270,000,00	\$130,000.00

- INTENTIONALLY DELETED B.
- INTENTIONALLY DELETED C.
- D. INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- E. INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- If the Government occupies the Premises for less than a full calendar month, then rent shall be prorated based on the actual number of days of occupancy for that month.
- Rent shall be paid to Lessor by electronic funds transfer in accordance with the provisions of the General Clauses. Rent shall be payable to the Payee designated by the Lessor in the System for Award Management (SAM). If the payee is different from the Lessor, both payee and Lessor must be registered and active in SAM.
- Lessor shall provide to the Government, in exchange for the payment of rental and other specified consideration, the following:
  - The leasehold interest in the Property described herein in the paragraph entitled "The Premises." 1.
  - INTENTIONALLY DELETED 2.
- Performance or satisfaction of all other obligations set forth in this Lease; on Lessor's part to be performed and Lessor's payment
  of all electrical, gas and cable services and utilities, janktorial services as provided in Section 7.07 as currently exists in the Premises and maintenance required for the proper operation of the Premises in accordance with the terms of the Lesse, including, but not limited to, all inspections, modifications, repairs, replacements, and improvements required to be made thereto to meet the requirements of this Lease.
- 1. INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- INTENTIONALLY DELETED J.
- 1.04 (b)(5)
- 1.05 TERMINATION RIGHTS (OCT 2016)



# 1.05 TERMINATION RIGHTS (OCT 2016)

The Government may terminate this Lease, in whole or in parts, at any time effective after the Firm Term of this Lease, by providing not less than 180 days prior written notice to the Lessor. The effective date of the termination shall be the day following the expiration of the required notice period or the termination date set forth in the notice, whichever is later. Provided the Government timely vacates the Space, no rental shall accrue after the effective date of termination, pursuant to this Section 1.05. The parties shall remain liable to each other for all obligations accrued up to the date of termination.

# 1.06 RENEWAL RIGHTS (OCT 2016)



# 1.07 DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED IN THE LEASE (OCT 2016)

The following documents are attached to and made part of the Lease:

DOCUMENT NAME	No. of Pages	Ехнівіт
FLOOR PLAN(S)	1	Α
GSA FORM 3517B GENERAL CLAUSES	45	В
GSA FORM 3518-SAM, ADDENDUM TO SYSTEM FOR AWARD MANAGEMENT (SAM) REPRESENTATIONS AND CERTIFICATIONS (ACQUISITIONS OF LEASEHOLD INTERESTS IN REAL PROPERTY)	2	С
(b) (4), (b) (7)(F)	78	D

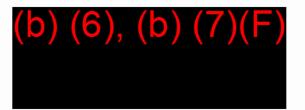
1.08	(b)(4)(b)(5)	INTENTIONALLY DELETED
1.09	(b)(4)(b)(5)	INTENTIONALLY DELETED
1.10	(b)(4) (b)(5)	INTENTIONALLY DELETED
1.11	(b)(4) (b)(5)	INTENTIONALLY DELETE
1.12	(b)(4)(b)(5)	INTENTIONALLY DELETED
1.13	(b)(4)(b)(5)	INTENTIONALLY DELETED
1.14	(b)(4)(b)(5)	INTENTIONALLY DELETED
1.15	(b)(4)(b)(5)	INTENTIONALLY DELETED
1.16	(b)(4)(b)(5)	INTENTIONALLY DELETED
1.17	(b)(4)(b)(5)	INTENTIONALLY DELETED
1.18	BUILDING IMPROVEMENTS (M	AR 2016)

- A. The Lessor shall remove any existing smoke alarms installed within the Government leased Space, if any, The Government shall purchase and the Lessor shall have installed new battery-powered smoke alarms in ever (b) (f)(F) and also outside in the immediate vicinity of the rooms and on all levels of the Space within (five) 5 Working Days of Occupancy.
- B. The Government shall purchase and the Lessor shall have installed new battery powered carbon monoxide alarms in the Government leased Space outside of eac (b) (7)(F) area in the immediate vicinity of the (b) (7)(F) rooms and on every level of the Government leased Space within (five) 5 Working Days of Occupancy.
- C. The Government shall purchase and the Lessor shall have installed a minimum of one battery powered emergency lighting unit on each level of the Government leased Premises near the provided and provided a lighting unit in the immediate vicinity of proof to occupancy, within (five) 5 Working Days of Occupancy. The unit batteries must be a reliable type of rechargeable battery and deliver 90 minutes capacity to the lamps. The unit equipment and battery systems for emergency luminaires shall be listed to ANSI/UL 924, Standard for Emergency Lighting and Power Equipment, and meet the requirements in NFPA 101, Life Safety Code (2015) and NFPA 70, National Electrical Code (2017).
- D. INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- E. The Government is conducting a fire risk assessment of the (7)(F) tower. The fire risk assessment will ensure that the leased Premises and adjacent common areas are safe from the effects of fire and that any conditions that present a fire risk exposure are identified and appropriate recommendations developed to mitigate each identified fire risk condition to an acceptable level. The Government may install additional fire safety measures may be required that impact the Government leased Space and adjacent common areas as a result of the recommendations cited in the fire risk assessment report. Any measures needed in the common areas are subject to the (b) (7)(F)

1.19 (b)(4) (b)(5)

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# SECTION 2 GENERAL TERMS, CONDITIONS, AND STANDARDS

# 2.01 DEFINITIONS AND GENERAL TERMS (OCT 2016)

Unless otherwise specifically noted, all terms and conditions set forth in this Lease shall be interpreted by reference to the following definitions, standards, and formulas:

A. Appurtment Areas. Appurtment Areas are defined as those areas and facilities on the Property that are not located within the Premises, but for which rights are expressly granted under this Lease in accordance with the (b) (7)(F)

(b) (7)(F)

or for which rights to use are reasonably necessary or reasonably anticipated with respect to the Government's enjoyment of the Premises and express appurtment rights.

- B. INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- C. Building. Building(s) situated on the Property in which the Premises are located.
- D. INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- F. INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- F. Contract. "Contract" shall mean this Lease.
- G. Contractor. "Contractor" shall mean Lessor.
- H. Days. All references to "day" or "days" in this Lease shall mean calendar days, unless specified otherwise.
- I. FAR. All references to the FAR shall be understood to mean the Federal Acquisition Regulation, codified at 48 CFR Chapter 1.
- Firm Term/Non-Firm Term. The Firm Term is that part of the Lease term that is not subject to termination rights. The Non-Firm Term is that part
  of the Lease term following the end of the Firm Term.
- K. GSAR. All references to the GSAR shall be understood to mean the GSA supplement to the FAR, codified at 48 CFR Chapter 5.
- Lease Term Commencement Date. The date on which the lease term commences, which is April 13, 2017.
- M. <u>Lease Award Date</u>. The date the LCO executes the Lease and mails or otherwise furnishes written notification of the executed Lease to the successful Offeror (date on which the parties' obligations under the Lease begin).
- N. <u>Premises</u>. The Premises are defined as the total Space, together with all associated Appurtenant Areas or common areas, described in Section 1 of this Lease, and delineated by plan in the attached exhibit. Parking and other areas to which the Government has rights under this Lease are not included in the Premises.
- Property. Defined as the land and Buildings in which the Premises are located, including all Appurtenant Areas (b)(4) (b)(5) to which the Government is granted rights.
- P. INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- Q. Space. The Space shall refer to (b) (7)(F) In the Building to which the Government has exclusive use (b)(4) (b)(5)

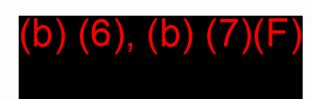
  (b)(4) (b)(5)
- R. INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- S. INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- 2.02 AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVES (OCT 2015)

Signatories to this Lease shall have full authority to bind their respective principals with regard to all matters relating to this Lease. No other persons shall be understood to have any authority to bind their respective principals, except to the extent that such authority may be explicitly delegated by notice to the other party, or to the extent that such authority is transferred by succession of interest. The Government shall have the right to substitute its Lease Contracting Officer (LCO) by notice, without an express delegation by the prior LCO.

2.03 (b)(4) (b)(5) INTENTIONALLY DELETED

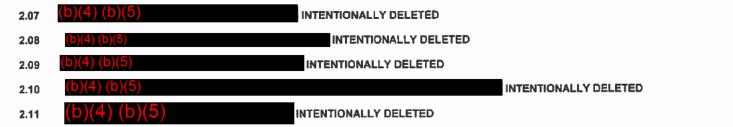
2.04 (b)(4) (b)(5) INTENTIONALLY DELETED

2.05 (b)(4) (b)(5) INTENTIONALLY DELETED



# 2.06 CHANGE OF OWNERSHIP (OCT 2016)

- A. If during the term of the Lease, title to the Property is transferred, the Lease is assigned by Lessor, or the Lessor changes its legal name, the Lessor and its successor shall comply with the requirements of FAR Subpart 42.12. If title is transferred, the Lessor shall notify the Government within five days of the transfer of title.
- B. The Government and the Lessor may execute a Change of Name Agreement if the Lessor is changing only its legal name, and the Government's and the Lessor's respective rights and obligations remain unaffected. A sample form is found at FAR 42.1205.
- C. If title to the Property is transferred, or the Lease is assigned, the Government, the original Lessor (Transferor), and the new owner or assignee (Transferee) shall execute a Novation Agreement providing for the transfer of Transferor's rights and obligations under the Lease to the Transferee. When executed on behalf of the Government, a Novation Agreement will be made part of the Lease via Lease Amendment.
- D. In addition to all documents required by FAR 42.1204, the LCO may request additional information (e.g., copy of the deed, bill of sale, certificate of merger, contract, court decree, articles of incorporation, operation agreement, partnership certificate of good standing, etc.) from the Transferor or Transferee to verify the parties' representations regarding the transfer, and to determine whether the transfer of the Lease is in the Government's interest.
- E. If the LCO determines that recognizing the Transferee as the Lessor will not be in the Government's interest, the Transferor shall remain fully liable to the Government for the Transferee's performance of obligations under the Lease, notwithstanding the transfer. Under πο condition shall the Government be obligated to release the Transferor of obligations prior to (a) the rent commencement date; and (b) any amounts due and owing to the Government under the Lease have been paid in full or completely set off against the rental payments due under the Lease.
- F. As a condition for being recognized as the Lessor and entitlement to receiving rent, the Transferee must register in the System for Award Management (SAM) (See FAR 52.232-33), and complete and sign GSA Form 3518-SAM, Addendum to System for Award Management (SAM) Representations and Certifications (Acquisition of Leasehold Interests in Real Property).
- G. If title to the Property is transferred, or the Lease is assigned, rent shall continue to be paid to the original Lessor, subject to the Government's rights as provided for in this Lease. The Government's obligation to pay rent to the Transferee shall not commence until the Government has received all information reasonably required by the LCO under sub-paragraph D, the Government has determined that recognizing the Transferee as the Lessor is in the Government's interest (which determination will be prompt and not unreasonably withheld), and the Transferee has met all conditions specified in sub-paragraph F.



### CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS AND SHELL COMPONENTS **SECTION 3**

3.01	(b)(4)(b)(5)	INTENTIONALLY DELETED
3.02	(b)(4) (b)(5)	INTENTIONALLY DELETED
3.03	(b)(4)(b)(5)	INTENTIONALLY DELETED
3.04	(b)(4)(b)(5)	INTENTIONALLY DELETED
3.05	(b)(4)(b)(5)	) INTENTIONALLY DELETED
3.06	(b)(4)(b)(5)	INTENTIONALLY DELETED
3.07	(b)(4)(b)(5)	INTENTIONALLY DELETED
3.08	BUILDING SHELL REQU	REMENTS (OCT 2016)

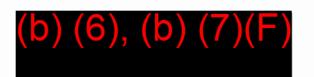
- INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- The Government shall accept all Base structure and Building enclosure components in "As-Is" or "As-Existing" condition, but that the Lease is dependent upon these items being provided to the Government in working condition and in accordance with what is expected of like (b) (7)(F buildings in the City of New York. All common areas accessible by the Government, such as lobbies, fire egress corridors, stairwells, elevators, and service areas shall be complete.
- INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- INTENTIONALLY DELETED 3.09 (4) (b)(5)
- QUALITY AND APPEARANCE OF BUILDING (JUN 2012) 3.10

The Lessor shall, to a reasonable extent, ensure that the Building in which the Premises is located is maintained in good condition and in accordance with the Lease requirements, subject to the (b) (7)(F) Overall, the Building shall project a professional and aesthetically pleasing appearance including an attractive front and entrance way, as it does on the commencement date.

- INTENTIONALLY DELETED 3.11 INTENTIONALLY DELETED 3.12 INTENTIONALLY DELETED 3.13 INTENTIONALLY DELETED 3.14 **ENERGY INDEPENDENCE AND SECURITY ACT (MAR 2016)**
- Energy-related Requirements:

3.15

- 1. The Energy Independence and Security Act (EISA) establishes the following requirements for Government Leases in Buildings that have not earned the ENERGY STAR® Label conferred by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) within one year prior to the due date for final proposal revisions ("most recent year").
  - If this Lease was awarded under any of EISA's Section 435 statutory exceptions, the Lessor shall either:
- Earn the ENERGY STAR® Label prior to acceptance of the Space (or not later than one year after the Lease Award Date of a succeeding or superseding Lease); or
- Complete energy efficiency and conservation improvements if any, agreed to by Lessor in lieu of earning the ENERGY STAR® Label prior to acceptance of the Space (or not later than one year after the Lease Award Date of a succeeding or superseding Lease); and
- Obtain and publicly disclose the Building's current ENERGY STAR® score (using EPA's Portfolio Manager tool), unless the Lessor cannot access whole building utility consumption data, or there is no building category within Portfolio Manager to benchmark against, including spaces-
  - That are located in States with privacy laws that provide that utilities shall not provide such aggregated information to multitenant building owners; and
  - For which tenants do not provide energy consumption information to the commercial building owner in response to a request from the building owner. (A Federal agency that is a tenant of the space shall provide to the building owner, or authorize the owner to obtain from the utility, the energy consumption information of the space for the benchmarking and disclosure required by this subparagraph D).



III. That cannot be benchmarked (scored) using EPA's Portfolio Manager tool because of excessive vacancy; in which case Lessor agrees to obtain the score and publicly disclose it within 120 days of the eligibility to obtain a score using the EPA Portfolio Manager tool.

Note: "public disclosure" means posting the Energy Star® score on state or local websites in those areas that have applicable disclosure mandates, and reporting the score to the Government via Portfolio Manager. In the absence of an applicable state or local disclosure mandate, Lessor shall either generate and display the Energy Star® score in a public space at the building location or post the score on Lessor's or Lessor's Parent/Affiliate website.

- 3. If this Lease was awarded to a Building to be built or to a Building predominantly vacant as of the due date for final proposal revisions and was unable to earn the ENERGY STAR® label for the most recent year (as defined above) due to insufficient occupancy, but was able to demonstrate sufficient evidence of capability to earn the ENERGY STAR® label, then Lessor must earn the ENERGY STAR® label within 18 months after occupancy by the Government.
  - 4. The Lessor is encouraged to purchase at least 50 percent of the Government tenant's electricity from renewable sources.

# B. Hydrology-related Requirements:

- 1. Per EISA Section 438, the sponsor of any development or redevelopment project involving a Federal facility with a footprint that exceeds 5,000 square feet shall use site planning, design, construction, and maintenance strategies for the property to maintain or restore, to the maximum extent technically feasible, the predevelopment hydrology of the Property with regard to the temperature, rate, volume, and duration of flow. If the Lessor proposes to satisfy the Government's space requirements through a development or redevelopment project, and the Government will be the sole or predominant tenant such that any other use of the Property will be functionally or quantitatively incidental to the Government's use, the Lessor is required to implement hydrology maintenance and restoration requirements as required by EISA Section 438.
  - a. For the purposes of applying EISA Section 438 in this lease, "sponsor" shall mean "Lessor", and "exceeds 5,000 square feet" shall mean construction that disturbs 5,000 square feet or more of land area at the Property or on adjoining property to accommodate the Government's requirements, or at the Property for whatever reason. Information regarding implementation of the hydrology maintenance and restoration requirements can be found at: http://www.epa.gov/greeningepa/technical-guidance-implementing-stormwater-runoff-requirements-federal-projects
  - b. Where the Government's space footprint exceeds 5,000 square feet, Lessor, if legally able to do so, is required to implement these hydrology maintenance and restoration requirements to the maximum extent technically feasible, prior to acceptance of the Space, (or not later than one year after the Lease Award Date or Lease Term Commencement Date, whichever is later, of a succeeding or superseding Lease). Additionally, this Lease requires EISA Section 438 storm water compliance not later than one year from the date of any applicable disturbance (as defined in EISA Section 438) of more than 5,000 square feet of ground area if such disturbance occurs during the term of the Lease if the Government is the sole or predominant tenant. In the event the Lessor is required to comply with EISA Section 438, Lessor shall furnish the Government, prior to the filing for permits for the associated work, with a certification from Lessor's engineer that the design meets the hydrology maintenance and restoration requirements of EISA Section 438.

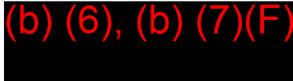
# 3.16 ELEVATORS (OCT 2016)

A. The Building provides suitable passenger elevator service. The Government shall accept the Elevators in "As-Is" or "As Existing" but that the Lease is dependent upon these elevators being provided to the Government, on a non-exclusive basis in working condition at all times, except in an emergency or when major repairs are required and in accordance with what is expected of (b) (7)(F) buildings in City of New York.

- B. INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- C. INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- D. INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- E. INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- 3.17 (b)(4) (b)(5) INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- 3.18 (b)(4) (b)(5) INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- 3.19 (b)(4) (b)(5) INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- 3.20 ACCESSIBILITY (FEB 2007)

The leased Space, and areas serving the leased Space is accessible to persons with disabilities in accordance with the Architectural Barriers Act Accessibility Standard (ABAAS), Appendices C and D to 36 CFR Part 1191 (ABA Chapters 1 and 2, and Chapters 3 through 10). To the extent the standard referenced in the preceding sentence conflicts with local accessibility requirements, the more stringent shall apply.

- 3,21 CEILINGS (APR 2015) INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- 3.22 EXTERIOR AND COMMON AREA DOORS AND HARDWARE (SEP 2013)



The Government shall accept all exterior and common area doors and hardware in "As-Is" or "As Existing" but that the lease is dependent upon these items being provided to the Government in good working condition and in accordance with what is expected of like residential buildings in the City of New York. If requested by the Government, the Lessor shall assist the Government to cause the Trump Corporation building with any repair of the exterior or common area doors and hardware. management(b) INTENTIONALLY DELETED INTENTIONALLY DELETED (b)(4) (b)(5) INTENTIONALLY DELETED 3.23 WINDOWS (APR 2011) 3.24 Space has windows in each exterior bay unless waived by the LCO. All windows shall be weather tight. INTENTIONALLY DELETED 3.25 INTENTIONALLY DELETED 3.26 INTENTIONALLY DELETED 3.27 INTENTIONALLY DELETED 3.28 INTENTIONALLY DELETED 3.29 FLOORS AND FLOOR LOAD (APR 2015) 3.30 The Government shall accept the floors and floor load in "As-Is" or "As Existing" but that the lease is dependent upon the floors being provided to the Government in accordance with what is expected of (b) (7)(F) buildings in City of New York. INTENTIONALLY DELETED B. INTENTIONALLY DELETED C. INTENTIONALLY DELETED 3.31 4)(b)(5) MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL, PLUMBING: GENERAL (APR 2011) 3.32 The Government shall accept all Building equipment and systems in "As-Is" or "As Existing" but that the lease is dependent upon these items being provided to the Government in operable working condition and in accordance with what is expected of (b) (7)(F) buildings in the City of New York. If requested by the Government, the Lessor shall assist the Government to cause the Trump Corporation building management to repair any damaged Building's Mechanical, Electrical and Plumbing systems. 3.33 INTENTIONALLY DELETED 3.34 **ELECTRICAL (JUN 2012)** INTENTIONALLY DELETED В INTENTIONALLY DELETED The Government shall accept all convenience outlets in "As-Is" or As Existing but that the lease is dependent upon these items being provided to the Government in good working condition and in accordance with what is expected of (b) (7)(F) buildings in the City of New York. INTENTIONALLY DELETED 3.35 PLUMBING (JUN 2012) 3.36 Hot and cold water risers and domestic waste and vent risers, installed and ready for connections shall be included in the rent. INTENTIONALLY DELETED 3.37 3.38 RESTROOMS (OCT 2016) INTENTIONALLY DELETED A. INTENTIONALLY DELETED B.

(6), (b) (7)(1)

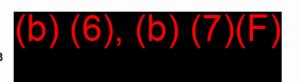
- C. INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- 3.39 (b)(4) (b)(5) INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- 3.40 (b)(4) (b)(5) INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- 3.41 HEATING, VENTILATION, AND AIR CONDITIONING SHELL (OCT 2016)
- A. The Government shall accept the Central HVAC system in "As-Is" or As Existing but that the lease is dependent upon these items being provided to the Government in working condition and in accordance with what is expected o(b) (7)(F) buildings in the City of New York. If requested by the Government, the Lessor shall assist the Government to cause the Trump Corporation building management or (b) (7)(F) to repair any damaged Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning.
- B. INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- C. INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- D. INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- E. INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- F. INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- G. Restrooms shall be properly exhausted, with a minimum of 10 air changes per hour.
- H. INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- 3.42 (D)(4) (D)(5) INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- 3.43 TELECOMMUNICATIONS: LOCAL EXCHANGE ACCESS (JUN 2012)
- A. The Government may elect to contract its own telecommunications (voice, data, video, Internet or other emerging technologies) service in the Space. The Government may contract with one or more parties to have INS wiring (or other transmission medium) and telecommunications equipment installed in the Space.

# (b) (7)(F)

- C. INTETIONALLY DELETED
- D. INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- 3.44 (b)(4) (b)(5) INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- 3.45 (D)(4) (D)(5) INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- 3.46 (D)(4) (D)(5) INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- 3.47 (b)(4) (b)(5) INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- 3.48 (D)(4) (D)(5) INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- 3.49 (b)(4) (b)(5) INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- 3.50 (b)(4) (b)(5) INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- 3.51 (b)(4) (b)(5) INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- 3.52 (b)(4) (b)(5) INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- 3.53 (b)(4) (b)(5) INTENTIONALLY

DELETED

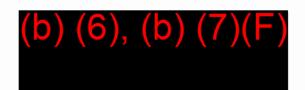
- 3.54 (b)(4) (b)(5) INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- 3.55 (b)(4) (b)(5) INTENTIONALLY DELETED



# SECTION 4 DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, AND POST AWARD ACTIVITIES

4.01	(b)(4) (b)(5)	
A.	INTENTIONALLY DELETED.	
В.	INTENTIONALLY DELETED	
C.	INTENTIONALLY DELETED	
D.	INTENTIONALLY DELETED	
Ε,	INTENTIONALLY DELETED	
F.	INTENTIONALLY DELETED	
G.	INTENTIONALLY DELETED	
Н.	INTENTIONALLY DELETED	
L	INTENTIONALLY DELETED	
4.02	(b)(4)(b)(5)	INTENTIONALLY DELETED
4.03	(b)(4)(b)(5)	INTENTIONALLY DELETED
4.04	(b)(4) (b)(5)	INTENTIONALLY DELETED
4.05	(b)(4) (b)(5)	INTENTIONALLY DELETED
4.06	(b)(4) (b)(5)	INTENTIONALLY DELETED
4.07	(b)(4)(b)(5)	INTENTIONALLY DELETED
4.08	(b)(4)(b)(5)	INTENTIONALLY DELETED
4.09	(b)(4)(b)(5)	INTENTIONALLY DELETED
4.10	(b)(4)(b)(5)	INTENTIONALLY DELETED
4.11	(b)(4)(b)(5)	INTENTIONALLY DELETED
4.12	(b)(4)(b)(5)	INTENTIONALLY DELETED
4.13	(b)(4)(b)(5)	INTENTIONALLY DELETED
4.14	(b)(4)(b)(5)	INTENTIONALLY DELETED
4.15	(b)(4) (b)(5)	NTENTIONALLY DELETED

# **SECTION 5** TENANT IMPROVEMENT COMPONENTS INTENTIONALLY DELETED 5.01 INTENTIONALLY DELETED 5.02 INTENTIONALLY DELETED 5.03 WINDOW COVERINGS (JUN 2012) 5.04 A. The Government shall accept all Window Treatments in "As-Is" or As Existing but that the lease is dependent upon these items, if any, being provided to the Government in working condition and in accordance with what is expected of (b) (7)(F) buildings in the City of New York. INTENTIONALLY DELETED В. INTENTIONALLY DELETED 5.05 5.06 INTENTIONALLY DELETED INTENTIONALLY DELETED 5.07 INTENTIONALLY DELETED 5.08 5.09 INTENTIONALLY DELETED 5.10 INTENTIONALLY DELETED 5.11 INTENTIONALLY DELETED FLOOR COVERINGS AND PERIMETERS (APR 2015) 5.12 The Government shall accept the fixed floor coverings in "As-Is" or "As Existing" but that the lease is dependent upon these items being provided to the Government in good condition at all times and in accordance with what is expected of (5) (7)(5) buildings in City of New York. INTENTIONALLY DELETED В. C. INTENTIONALLY DELETED D. INTENTIONALLY DELETED INTENTIONALLY DELETED 5.13 **ELECTRICAL: DISTRIBUTION (SEP 2015)** 5.14 INTENTIONALLY DELETED B. INTENTIONALLY DELETED INTENTIONALLY DELETED C. INTENTIONALLY DELETED 5.15 INTENTIONALLY DELETED 5.16 **DATA DISTRIBUTION (JUN 2012)** 5.17 The Government shall be responsible for the cost of purchasing and installing data cable. INTENTIONALLY DELETED 5.18 INTENTIONALLY DELETED 5.19 INTENTIONALLY DELETED 5.20



# SECTION 6 UTILITIES, SERVICES, AND OBLIGATIONS DURING THE LEASE TERM

6.01	PROVISION OF SERVICES.	ACCECC	AND NODMAL	LICHES / HIM 2012)

A. The Government's normal hours of operations are 24 Hours per Day, Monday through Sunday. The Government shall have access to the Premises and its Appurtenant Areas at all times, except in an emergency, without additional payment, including the use of necessary services and utilities such as elevators, (0)(4)(0)(5) lights, and electric power. Cleaning shall be performed as per section 7.05 Hours and days of cleaning shall be determined post-award.

- B. INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- 6.02 UTILITIES (APR 2011)

The Lessor is responsible for providing all utilities (e.g. cable, electiricity, water, gas) necessary for base Building and tenant operations as part of the rental consideration.

6.03 (b)(4) (b)(5) INTENTIONALLY DELETED

6.04 (b)(4) (b)(5) INTENTIONALLY DELETED

6.05 HEATING AND AIR CONDITIONING (OCT 2016)

A. In all areas of the Space, temperatures shall conform to local residential equivalent temperature levels and operating practices (b)(4) (b)(5)

(b)(4) (b)(5)

Outside temperatures.

These temperatures shall be maintained throughout the leased Premises regardless of outside temperatures.

- B. INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- C. INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- D. INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- E. INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- F. Normal HVAC systems' maintenance shall not unreasonably disrupt of the Government's operations.
- G. The (b)(4)(b)(5) Space shall have the ability receive heating and/or cooling at all times (24 hrs a day, 365 days a year).
- 6.06 (b)(4) (b)(5) INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- 6.07 JANITORIAL SERVICES (JUN 2012)

See Section 7.05 of the Lease

6.08 (b)(4) (b)(5) INTENTIONALLY DELETED

6.09 (b)(4) (b)(5) INTENTIONALLY DELETED

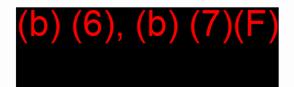
6.10 SNOW REMOVAL (APR 2011)

# 6.11 MAINTENANCE AND TESTING OF SYSTEMS (SEP 2013)

- A. The Lessor is responsible for the total maintenance and repair of the leased by the Government to cause the Trump Corporation building management (b) (7)(F). Space and shall assist the Government, when requested by the Government to cause the Trump Corporation building management (b) (7)(F). With any repair of the common areas. All Space equipment and systems shall be maintained to provide reliable, (b)(4) (b)(5) service without unusual interruption, disturbing noises, exposure to fire or safety hazards, uncomfortable drafts, excessive air velocities, or unusual emissions of dirt.
- B. The Government reserves the right to have the Lessor request (D)(4) (D)(5) documentation from the Trump Corporation Building management proper operations, inspection, testing, and maintenance of fire protection systems, such as, but not limited to, fire alarm, fire sprinkler, standpipes, fire pump, emergency lighting, illuminated exit signs, emergency generator, prior to occupancy to ensure proper operation, and provide such documentation to the Government.

6.12 (b)(4) (b)(5) INTENTIONALLY DELETED

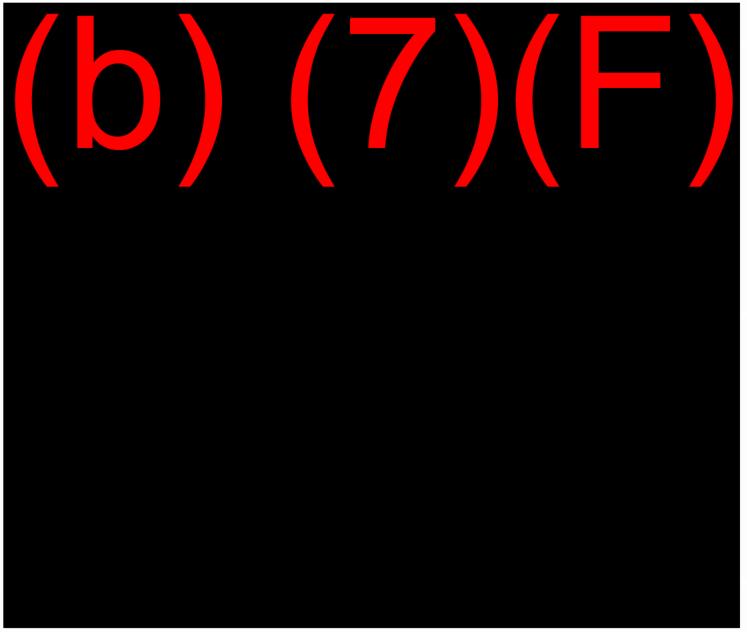
A. INTENTIONALLY DELETED



- B. INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- 6.13 (b)(4) (b)(5) INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- 6.14 ONSITE LESSOR MANAGEMENT (APR 2011)

The Government requires an onsite Building superintendent or a locally designated representative available to promptly respond to deficiencies, and immediately address all emergency situations.

6.15 IDENTITY VERIFICATION OF PERSONNEL (OCT 2016)



- 6.16 (b)(4) (b)(5) INTENTIONALLY DELETED
  6.17 (b)(4) (b)(5) INTENTIONALLY DELETED
  6.18 (b)(4) (b)(5) INTENTIONALLY DELETED
  6.19 (b)(4) (b)(5) INTENTIONALLY DELETED
  - (b) (6), (b) (7)(F)

# 6.20

(b)(4) (b)(5)

# 6.21 SAFEGUARDING AND DISSEMINATION OF SENSITIVE BUT UNCLASSIFIED (SBU) BUILDING INFORMATION (SEP 2013)

This paragraph applies to all recipients of SBU Building information, including, bidders, awardees, contractors, subcontractors, Lessors, suppliers, and manufacturers.

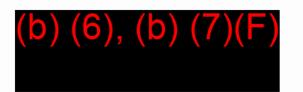
- A. <u>MARKING SBU</u>. Contractor-generated documents that contain Building information must be reviewed by GSA to identify any SBU content, before the original or any copies are disseminated to any other parties. If SBU content is identified, the LCO may direct the contractor, as specified elsewhere in this contract, to imprint or affix SBU document markings to the original documents and all copies, before any dissemination.
- B. <u>AUTHORIZED RECIPIENTS</u>. Building information considered SBU must be protected with access strictly controlled and limited to those individuals having a need to know such information. Those with a need to know may include Federal, state, and local government entities, and nongovernment entities engaged in the conduct of business on behalf of or with GSA. Nongovernment entities may include architects, engineers, consultants, contractors, subcontractors, suppliers, and others submitting an offer or bid to GSA or performing work under a GSA contract or subcontract. Contractors must provide SBU Building information when needed for the performance of official Federal, state, and local government functions, such as for code compliance reviews and for the issuance of Building permits. Public safety entities such as fire and utility departments may require access to SBU Building information on a need to know basis. This paragraph must not prevent or encumber the dissemination of SBU Building information to public safety entities.

# C. DISSEMINATION OF SBU BUILDING INFORMATION:

- 1. BY ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION. Electronic transmission of SBU information outside of the GSA firewall and network must use session (or alternatively file encryption). Sessions (or files) must be encrypted with an approved NIST algorithm, such as Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) or Triple Data Encryption Standard (3DES), in accordance with Federal Information Processing Standards Publication (FIPS PUB) 140-2, Security Requirements for Cryptographic Modules. Encryption tools that meet FIPS 140-2 are referenced on the NIST web page found at the following URL: <a href="http://csrc.nist.gov/groups/STM/cmvp/documents/140-1/1401vend.htm">http://csrc.nist.gov/groups/STM/cmvp/documents/140-1/1401vend.htm</a>. All encryption products used to satisfy the FIPS 140-2 requirement should have a validation certificate that can be verified at the <a href="http://csrc.nist.gov/groups/STM/cmvp/validation.htm#02">http://csrc.nist.gov/groups/STM/cmvp/validation.htm#02</a>. (Not all vendors of security products that claim conformance with FIPS 140-2 have validation certificates.) Contractors must provide SBU Building information only to authorized representatives of state, Federal, and local government entities and firms currently registered as "active" in the SAM database at <a href="https://www.acquisition.gov">https://www.acquisition.gov</a> that have a need to know such information. If a subcontractor is not registered in SAM and has a need to possess SBU Building information, the subcontractor shall provide to the contractor its DUNS number or its tax ID number and a copy of its business license.
- BY NON-ELECTRONIC FORM OR ON PORTABLE ELECTRONIC DATA STORAGE DEVICES. Portable electronic data storage
  devices include but are not limited to CDs, DVDs, and USB drives. Non-electronic forms of SBU Building information include paper documents.
- a. <u>By mail</u>. Utilize only methods of shipping that provide services for monitoring receipt such as track and confirm, proof of delivery, signature confirmation, or return receipt.
- b. In person. Contractors must provide SBU Building information only to authorized representatives of state, Federal, and local government entities and firms currently registered as "active" in the SAM database that have a need to know such information.
- 3. <u>RECORD KEEPING.</u> Contractors must maintain a list of the state, Federal, and local government entities and the firms to which SBU is disseminated under sections C1 and C2 of this paragraph. This list must include at a minimum
  - a. The name of the state, Federal, or local government entity or firm to which SBU has been disseminated;
- b. The name of the individual at the entity or firm who is responsible for protecting the SBU Building information, with access strictly controlled and limited to those individuals having a need to know such information;
  - c. Contact information for the named individual; and
  - d. A description of the SBU Building information provided.

Once work is completed, or for leased Space with the submission of the as built drawings, the contractor must collect all lists maintained in accordance with this paragraph, including those maintained by any subcontractors and suppliers, and submit them to the LCO.

- D. <u>RETAINING SBU DOCUMENTS.</u> SBU Building information (both electronic and paper formats) must be protected, with access strictly controlled and limited to those individuals having a need to know such information.
- E. <u>DESTROYING SBU BUILDING INFORMATION</u>. SBU Building information must be destroyed such that the marked information is rendered unreadable and incapable of being restored, or returned to the LCO, when no longer needed, in accordance with guidelines provided for media sanitization available at <a href="http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/PubsTC.htm#Forensics">http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/PubsTC.htm#Forensics</a>. At the Web site, locate SP 800-88, Guidelines for Media Sanitization, available at <a href="http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/PubsTC.htm#Forensics">http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/PubsTC.htm#Forensics</a>. At the Web site, locate SP 800-88, Guidelines for Media Sanitization, available at <a href="http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/PubsTC.htm#Forensics">http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/PubsTC.htm#Forensics</a>. At the Web site, locate SP 800-88, Guidelines for Media Sanitization, available at <a href="http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/PubsTC.htm#Forensics">http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/PubsTC.htm#Forensics</a>. At the Web site, locate SP 800-88, Guidelines for Media Sanitization, available at <a href="http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/PubsTC.htm#Forensics">http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/PubsTC.htm#Forensics</a>. At the Web site, locate SP 800-88, Guidelines for Media Sanitization, available at <a href="http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/PubsTC.htm#Forensics</a>. At the Web site, locate SP 800-88, Guidelines for Media Sanitization, available at <a href="http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/PubsTC.htm#Forensics</a>. At the Web site, locate SP 800-88, Guidelines for Media Sanitization, available at <a href="http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/PubsTC.htm#Forensics</a>. At the Web site, locate SP 800-88, Guidelines for Media Sanitization, available at <a href="http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/PubsTc.htm#Forensics</a>. At the Web site, locate SP 800-88, Guidelines for Media Sanitization, available at <a href="http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/PubsTc.htm#Forensics</a>. At the Web site, locate SP 800-88
- F. <u>NOTICE OF DISPOSAL</u>. The contractor must notify the LCO that all SBU Building information has been destroyed, or returned to the LCO, by the contractor and its subcontractors or suppliers in accordance with section (e) of this paragraph, with the exception of the contractor's record



copy. This notice must be submitted to the LCO at the completion of the contract in order to receive final payment. For Leases, this notice must be submitted to the LCO at the completion of the Lease term.

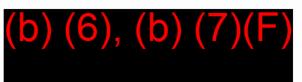
- G. <u>INCIDENTS</u>. All improper disclosures of SBU Building information must be reported immediately to the LCO. If the contract provides for progress payments, the LCO may withhold approval of progress payments until the contractor provides a corrective action plan explaining how the contractor will prevent future improper disclosures of SBU Building information. Progress payments may also be withheld for failure to comply with any provision in this paragraph until the contractor provides a corrective action plan explaining how the contractor will rectify any noncompliance and comply with the paragraph in the future.
- H. SUBCONTRACTS. The Contractor must insert the substance of this paragraph in all subcontracts.
- 6.22 INDOOR AIR QUALITY (OCT 2016)
- A. If requested by the Government, the Lessor shall use reasonable to assist the Government with the Trump Corporation building management with (b)(7)(5) controlling airborne contaminants at the source and/or operate the Space in such a manner that the GSA indicator levels for asbestos, mold, carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO2), and formaldehyde are not exceeded. (b)(4) (b)(5)

# (b)(4)(b)(5)

- B. The Lessor shall use available odor-free or low odor products when applying paints, glues, lubricants, and similar wet products. When such equivalent products are not available, lessor shall use the alternate products outside normal working hours. Except in an emergency, the Lessor shall provide at least 72 hours advance notice to the Government before applying chemicals or products with noticeable odors in occupied Spaces and shall adequately ventilate those Spaces during and after application.
- C. The Lessor shall serve as first responder to any occupant complaints about indoor air quality (IAQ). The Lessor shall promptly investigate such complaints and implement the necessary controls to address each complaint. Investigations shall include testing as needed, to ascertain the source and severity of the complaint.
- D. The Government reserves the right to conduct independent IAQ assessments and detailed studies in Space that it occupies, as well as in space serving the Space (e.g., common use areas, mechanical rooms, HVAC systems, etc.). The Lessor shall assist the Government in its assessments and detailed studies by requesting the information from either the Trump Corporation building management (b) (7)(F) in::
- 1. Making available information on Building operations and Lessor activities;
- 2. Providing access to Space for assessment and testing, if required; and
- 3. Implementing corrective measures as reasonably required by the LCO.
- E. The Lessor shall provide to the Government safety data sheets (SDS) upon request for the following products prior to their use during the term of the Lease: adhesives, caulking, sealants, insulating materials, fireproofing or firestopping materials, paints, carpets, floor and wall patching or leveling materials, lubricants, clear finish for wood surfaces, janitorial cleaning products, pesticides, rodenticides, and herbicides. The Government reserves the right to review such products used by the Lessor within:
  - 1. The Space;
  - 2. Request information from either the Trump Corporation building management or the (O) (7)(F) the Common Building areas and:
  - 3. Ventilation systems and zones serving the Space; and

The area above suspended ceilings and engineering space in the same ventilation zone as the Space.

- F. Where hazardous gasses or chemicals (any products with data in the Health and Safety section of the SDS sheets) may be present or used, including large-scale copying and printing rooms, segregate areas with deck-to-deck partitions with separate outside exhausting at a rate of at least 0.5 cubic feet per minute per SF, no air recirculation. The Lessor shall assist the Government with the Trump Building Management in ascertaining if, the mechanical system must operate at a negative pressure compared with the surrounding spaces of at least an average of 5 Pa (pascal) (0.02 inches of water gauge) and with a minimum of 1 Pa (0.004 inches of water gauge) when the doors to the rooms are closed.
- 6.23 (b)(4) (b)(5) INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- 6.24 (b)(4) (b)(5) INTENTIONALLY DELETED
- 6.25 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS (SEP 2013)
- A. The leased Space shall be free of hazardous materials, hazardous substances, and hazardous wastes, as defined by and according to applicable Federal, State, and local environmental regulations. Should there be reason to suspect otherwise, the Government reserves the right, at Lessor's expense, to require documentation or testing to confirm that the Space is free of all hazardous materials.
- B. Lessor shall, to the extent of its knowledge, notify Government of the introduction of any hazardous materials onto the Property by Lessor or others, including but not limited to, co-tenants occupying Space in the Building.
- 6.26 MOLD (OCT 2016)
- A. Actionable mold is airborne mold of types and concentrations in excess of that found in the local outdoor air or non-problematic control areas elsewhere in the same building.



- B. The Lessor shall provide Space to the Government that is free from ongoing water leaks or moisture infiltration. The Space and ventilation zones serving the Space shall also be free of visible mold or actionable airborne mold. If the water leaks or moisture infiltration eminates from outside of the Space, the Lessor shall assist the Government in causing the Trump building management (b) (7)(F) to repair, or mitigate such leak or moisture infiltration.
- C. Following a flood, plumbing leak or heavy rain whereby the Government Space or air zones serving the Space may have become moisture damaged, the Lessor shall immediately repair any leakage sources and remediate the moisture damage. Whenever moisture damage or infiltration persists such that: mold is visible, mold odors are present, or occupants register complaints about mold, the Lessor shall employ a board-certified, industrial hygienist or equivalently qualified consultant to inspect and evaluate the Space and air zones serving the Space for visible and/or actionable mold presence; inspection shall take place no later than 15 catendar days following identification of a potential mold issue as described above. The Lessor shall promptly furnish these inspection results to the Government. The Lessor shall safely remediate all visible moldy and/or water damaged materials identified by the consultant using a qualified remediation contractor following the methods identified in "Mold Remediation in Schools and Commercial Buildings" (EPA 402-K-01-001, March 2001). Remediation shall also remove actionable mold levels. Remediation shall be completed within a time frame acceptable to the Lease Contracting Officer which shall be no later than 90 calendar days following confirmation of the presence of actionable mold. If the flood, plumbing leak or heavy rain eminates from outside of the Space, the Lessor shall assist the Government in causing the Trump building management or the Trump Tower Condominium Board to repair any such leak and moisture damage to the Space.
- D. The presence of actionable mold in the Premises may be treated as a Casualty, as determined by the Government, in accordance with the Fire and Other Casualty clause contained in the General Clauses of this Lease. In addition to the provisions of the Fire and Other Casualty clause of this Lease, should a portion of the Premises be determined by the Government to be un-tenantable due to an act of negligence by the Lessor or his agents, the Lessor shall provide reasonably acceptable alternative Space at the Lessor's expense, including the cost of moving, and any required alterations.
- 6.27 OCCUPANT EMERGENCY PLANS (SEP 2013)



6.28 (b)(4) (b)(5) INTENTIONALLY DELETED

# SECTION 7 ADDITIONAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS

7.01 (b)(4) (b)(5) INTENTIONALLY DELETED

7.02 SALES PERSON COMMISSION



# 7.03 RESTORATION

The Government shall restore the Space upon termination or expiration of the Lease to its original condition, normal wear and tear excepted. Five (5) Working Days prior to the termination or expiration of the lease, the Government shall issue notice to the Lessor to schedule an inspection of the Space for acceptance. The Lessor shall accept the Space only if the Space is returned to its original condition, normal wear and tear excepted.

The Government acknowledges and agrees that on or prior to the commencement date of this lease, Lessor shall cause the Sapce and all follows, furnishings and improvements therein to be video recorded in order to capture its physical condition on that date, Lessor will give an identical copy of such video tape (the "Video Tape") to the LCO.

## 7.04 FURNITURE

All existing furniture and the chandelier located (D) (//ib) area shall be removed from the Government leased Sapce prior to occupancy. All (D) (//ib) are appliances shall remain and shall be in operable condition throughout the term of the lease.

## 7.05 JANITORIAL SERVICES

The Government Leased Space shall be cleaned, during the times when the Space is occupied by the Government. The company that will provide the cleaning service is (b) (4). The cleaning service shall include, sweeping and mopping of the floors, vacuum carpets. Cleaning (b) (7)(f) and restrooms, and replemen restroom supplies. Dust surfaces and dispose of all trash and garbage and any service currently being provided to the Lessor not included hereto.

# 7.06 NON-SMOKING

The Government acknowledges and agree that no persons occupying or visiting the Government leased Space shall engage in smoking in the at any time during the term of the Lease.

The Government shell, to the extent that is practicable and reasonable, comply with (i

# 7.07 ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS TO LEASE

(b) (7)(F)			
(b) (7)(F)		applicable to and enfo	rceable against it a
a tenant under this Lease, provided a sovereign immunity. All disputes beto Lease. This Lease shall be governed	that nothing in the (b) (7)(F) shall ween the Landlord and Government shall be govern by Federal Law.	I be construed as a waiver of the Go ned by the Disputes Clause in the Gen	remment's rights to eral Clauses to this

- 2. The Government acknowledges receiving a copy of (b) (7)(F)

  The Government and all of the occupants of the Premises shall feithfully observe and comply with the (b) (7)(F)

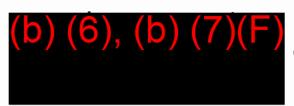
  by Lessor (which include the payment of common charges by the Lessor to (b) (7)(F)

  The Government and such occupants of the Premises shall not undertake any action, or omit to take any action which, if performed Lessor, would constitute a violation of the (b) (7)(F)

  The Government and such occupants of the Premises shall not undertake any action, or omit to take any action which, if performed Lessor, would constitute a violation of the (b) (7)(F)

  The Government and all of the occupants of the Premises shall not undertake any action of the Premises shall not undertake any action of the (b) (7)(F)

  The Government and all of the occupants of the Premises shall not undertake any action which, if performed Lessor, would constitute a violation of the Premises shall not undertake any action which, if performed Lessor, would constitute a violation of the Premises shall not undertake any action which, if performed Lessor, would constitute a violation of the Premises shall not undertake any action of the Premises sh
- 3. A. The Government will take good care of the Premises and will not permit or do any damage. The Government will move out on or before the ending date of this Lease term and leave the Premises in good order and in the same condition as it was when The Government first occupied it, except for ordinary wear and tear.
- B. On or before the Lease expires or terminates, The Government must remove all of The Government's movable property. The Government must also remove at The Government's own expense, any wall covering, bookcases, cabinets, mirrors, painted murats or any other installation or attachment The Government may have installed in the Premises, even if it was done with Lessor's consent. If the (b) (7)(F) imposes any "move-in" or "move-out" deposits or fees. The Government shall pay any such deposit or fee when requested by the property remains in the Lessor after the Lease expires or terminates, Lessor may either treat The Government as still in occupancy and charge The Government for use, or may consider that The Government has given up any property remaining in the Premises. In this event, Lessor may store such property at The Government's expense. The Government agrees to promptly pay Lessor, following receipt of a statement by Lessor itemizing his costs, for all costs and expenses incurred by Lessor (i) in removing and storing such property: and (ii) restoring the Premises, if the Government falls to do so. The provisions of this article will continue to be in effect after the end of this Lease.



4. The Government cannot build in, add to, change or alter, the Space in any way, including wallpapering, painting, repainting, or other decorating. if required under the without first obtaining the prior written consent of Lessor and, if approved the consent of the 5. The Government will not violate: (i) all present and future city, state and federal laws and regulations, which affect the Space, (b) (7)(F the Lessor, and (ii) with all orders and regulations of insurance rating organizations, which affect the Space, the Lessor arium Government will not allow any windows in the Space to be cleaned from the outside. repairs to the Premises, if will provide cold and hot water, heat and air conditioning, as required by law or the (b) (7)(F) and elevator service. The following utilities and services are included in the rent hot and cold water, gas, required by the electric, cable service and maid service. Maid service will be provided with the same scope of services and frequency provided to Lessor, see section 7.05 of the lease. The Government must pay for all telecommunications service (other than basic cable service). 7. Appliances supplied by Lessor in the (b) (7)(F) of the Space are for The Government's use. They will be in working order on the commencement date and will be maintained and repaired or replaced by Lessor, unless such repairs or replacements are necessitated by the acts or omissions of the Government or its' agents, employees or contractors, in which event they shall be made at the Government's expense. The Government will pay Lessor for the cost of such repairs or replacements as additional rent. During reasonable hours and with reasonable notice, except in emergencies, Lessor, Lessor's representatives and agents or employees of the (7)(F) may enter the Lessor for the following reasons: A. To erect, use and maintain pipes and conduits in and through the walls and ceilings of the Lessor; to inspect the Premises; and to make any necessary repairs or changes Lessor or th. (b) (7)(F) shall require. B. To show the Space to persons who may wish to become the purchaser or lender thereof. C. If so requested by the Government, any entry to the Space by the persons identified above shall be made only in the company of a representative of The Government, who, shall be made available on not more than 24 hours notice to The Government. 9. The Government may not assign this Lease or sublet the Lessor or any part thereof. The Government acknowledges that Lessor may refuse any request made by The Government to assign this Lease or to sublet the Lessor for any reason or no reason. Notwithstanding the foregoing, The Government may permit other departments or agencies of the Government to occupy all or portion(s) of the Space; provided that the Government shall notify Lessor in writing, no more than 10 days preceding such occupancy, of the identify of such parties and the anticipated duration of such stay 10. In the event of Lessor's breach of any of the terms, covenants or obligations of this lease on the Lessor's part to perform, the Government shall give Lessor written notice thereof ("Lessor Notice"), and shall set forth in such notice details as to the time and nature of the default. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the lease, prior to the exercise by the Government of any right or remedy with respect to such default, Lessor shall have right to cure such default specified in Lessor's Notice. Except in cases of an emergency, which may require an immediate cure by the Lessor, the Government shall allow the Lessor a reasonable amount of time to cure any deficiency or default. The amount of time to cure each deliciency or default will be subject to the specific nature of that deficiency or default. 11. The liability of Lessor for Lessor's obligations under this Lease shall be limited to Lessor's interest in the Property and The Government shall not look to any other property or assets of Lessor or the property or assets of any direct or indirect partner, member, manager, shareholder, director, officer, principal, employee or agent of Lessor (collectively, the "Parties") in seeking either to enforce Lessor's obligations under this Lease or to satisfy a judgment for Lessor's failure to perform such obligations; and none of the Parties shall be personally liable for the performance of Lessor's oblications under this Lease. 12. The Government will change all agress door locks in the Premises within five (5) days of its first occupancy, and will deliver a copy of all keys to the Building's concience. Lessor will receive such keys only upon the expiration of termination of the lease. shall be mailed to the LCO 13. All Notifications affecting the Government Leased Space under (1) within 30 calendar days of receipt. 7.08 CONFIDENTIALITY AND NON DISCLOSURE



(b) (6), (b) (7)(F)

# (b) (7)(F)

# (b) (7)(F)

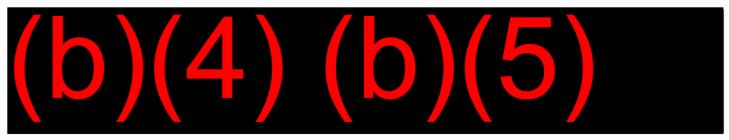
# GENERAL CLAUSES (Acquisition of Leasehold Interests in Real Property)

CATEGORY	CLAUSE NO.	48 CFR REF.	CLAUSE TITLE
CENERAL	(b)(4) (b)	(5)	
GENERAL	2 3	552.270-11 552.270-23	SUCCESSORS BOUND SUBORDINATION, NON-DISTURBANCE AND ATTORNMENT
	4	552.270-24	STATEMENT OF LEASE
	(b)(4) (l 6 7	552.270-26	NO WAIVER INTEGRATED AGREEMENT
	8	552.270-28	MUTUALITY OF OBLIGATION
PERFORMANCE	9 10		DELIVERY AND CONDITION DEFAULT BY LESSOR
	(b)(4) (b) 12	(5)	MAINTENANCE OF THE PROPERTY, RIGHT TO INSPECT
	13 14		FIRE AND CASUALTY DAMAGE COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE LAW
	15 16	552.270-12	ALTERATIONS ACCEPTANCE OF SPACE AND CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY
PAYMENT	17 18	52.204-7 52.204-13	SYSTEM FOR AWARD MANAGEMENT SYSTEM FOR AWARD MANAGEMENT MAINTENANCE
	19	552.270-31	PROMPT PAYMENT
	20 21	52.232-23	ASSIGNMENT OF CLAIMS PAYMENT
	22	52.232-33	PAYMENT BY ELECTRONIC FUNDS TRANSFER— SYSTEM FOR AWARD MANAGEMENT
STANDARDS OF CONDU	CT 23	52.203-13	CONTRACTOR CODE OF BUSINESS ETHICS AND CONDUCT
	24	552.270-32	COVENANT AGAINST CONTINGENT FEES
	25 26	52-203-7 52-223-6	ANTI-KICKBACK PROCEDURES DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE
	27	52.203-14	DISPLAY OF HOTLINE POSTER(S)
ADJUSTMENTS	28	552.270-30	PRICE ADJUSTMENT FOR ILLEGAL OR IMPROPER ACTIVITY
	29	52.215-10	PRICE REDUCTION FOR DEFECTIVE COST OR
	30	552.270-13	PRICING DATA PROPOSALS FOR ADJUSTMENT
	31	302.210 10	CHANGES
AUDITS	32 33	552.215-70 52.215-2	EXAMINATION OF RECORDS BY GSA AUDIT AND RECORDS—NEGOTIATION

DISPUTES	34	52.233-1	DISPUTES
LABOR STANDARDS	35 36 37	52.222-26 52.222-21 52.219-28	EQUAL OPPORTUNITY PROHIBITION OF SEGREGATED FACILITIES POST-AWARD SMALL BUSINESS PROGRAM REREPRESENTATION
	38 39	52.222-35 52.222-36	EQUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR VETERANS EQUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR WORKERS WITH DISABILITIES
	40	52.222-37	EMPLOYMENT REPORTS ON VETERANS
SUBCONTRACTING	41	52.209-6	PROTECTING THE GOVERNMENT'S INTEREST WHEN SUBCONTRACTING WITH CONTRACTORS DEBARRED, SUSPENDED, OR PROPOSED FOR DEBARMENT
	42	52.215-12	SUBCONTRACTOR CERTIFIED COST OR PRICING DATA
	43	52.219-8	UTILIZATION OF SMALL BUSINESS CONCERNS
	44	52.219-9	SMALL BUSINESS SUBCONTRACTING PLAN
	45	52.219-16	LIQUIDATED DAMAGES—SUBCONTRACTING PLAN
	46	52.204-10	REPORTING EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION AND FIRST-TIER SUBCONTRACT AWARDS
	47	552.219-73	GOALS FOR SUBCONTRACTING PLAN

The information collection requirements contained in this solicitation/contract that are not required by regulation have been approved by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) pursuant to the Paperwork Reduction Act and assigned the OMB Control No. 3090-0163.

# GENERAL CLAUSES (Acquisition of Leasehold Interests in Real Property)



# 2. 552.270-11 SUCCESSORS BOUND (SEP 1999)

This lease shall bind, and inure to the benefit of, the parties and their respective heirs, executors, administrators, successors, and assigns.

# 3. 552,270-23 SUBORDINATION, NON-DISTURBANCE AND ATTORNMENT (SEP 1999)

- (a) Lessor warrants that it holds such title to or other interest in the proportionate share of the Common Areas as the (b) (7)(F) provides and other property as is necessary to the Government's access to the premises and full use and enjoyment thereof in accordance with the provisions of this lease. Government agrees, in consideration of the warranties and conditions set forth in this clause, that this lease is subject and subordinate to any and all recorded mortgages, deeds of trust and other liens now or hereafter existing or imposed upon the Premises, and to any renewal, modification or extension thereof. It is the intention of the parties that this provision shall be self-operative and that no further instrument shall be required to effect the present or subsequent subordination of this lease. Government agrees, however, within twenty (20) business days next following the Contracting Officer's receipt of a written demand, to execute such instruments as Lessor may reasonably request to evidence further the subordination of this lease to any existing or future mortgage, deed of trust or other security interest pertaining to the Premises, and to any water, sewer or access easement necessary or desirable to serve the premises or adjoining property owned in whole or in part by Lessor if such easement does not interfere with the full enjoyment of any right granted the Government under this lease.
- (b) No such subordination, to either existing or future mortgages, deeds of trust or other lien or security instrument shall operate to affect adversely any right of the Government under this lease so long as the Government is not in default under this lease. Lessor will include in any future mortgage, deed of trust or other security instrument to which this lease becomes subordinate, or in a separate non-disturbance agreement, a provision to the foregoing effect. Lessor warrants that the holders of all notes or other obligations secured by existing mortgages, deeds of trust or other security instruments have consented to the provisions of this clause, and agrees to provide true copies of all such consents to the Contracting Officer promptly upon demand.
- (c) In the event of any sale of the premises or any portion thereof by foreclosure of the lien of any such mortgage, deed of trust or other security instrument, or the giving of a deed in lieu of foreclosure, the Government will be deemed to have attorned to any purchaser, purchasers, transferee or transferees of the premises or any portion thereof and its or their successors and assigns, and any such purchasers and transferees will be deemed to have assumed all obligations of the Lessor under this lease, so as to establish direct privity of estate and contract between Government and such purchasers or transferees, with the same force, effect and relative priority in time and right as if the lease had initially been entered into between such purchasers or transferees and the Government; provided, further, that the Contracting Officer and such purchasers or transferees shall, with reasonable promptness following any such sale or deed delivery in lieu of foreclosure, execute all such revisions to this lease, or other writings, as shall be necessary to document the foregoing relationship.
- (d) None of the foregoing provisions may be deemed or construed to imply a waiver of the Government's rights as a sovereign.

# 4. 552.270-24 STATEMENT OF LEASE (SEP 1999)

- (a) The Contracting Officer will, within thirty (30) days next following the Contracting Officer's receipt of a joint written request from Lessor and a prospective lender or purchaser of the building, execute and deliver to Lessor a letter stating that the same is issued subject to the conditions stated in this clause and, if such is the case, that (1) the lease is in full force and effect; (2) the date to which the rent and other charges have been paid in advance, if any; and (3) whether any notice of default has been issued.
  - (b) Letters issued pursuant to this clause are subject to the following conditions:
- (1) That they are based solely upon a reasonably diligent review of the Contracting Officer's lease file as of the date of issuance:
- (2) That the Government shall not be held liable because of any defect in or condition of the premises or building;
- (3) That the Contracting Officer does not warrant or represent that the Premises or building comply with applicable Federal, State and local law; and
- (4) That the Lessor, and each prospective lender and purchaser are deemed to have constructive notice of such facts as would be ascertainable by reasonable pre-purchase and pre-commitment inspection of the Premises and Building and by inquiry to appropriate Federal, State and local Government officials.

# 552,270-26 NO WAIVER (SEP 1999)

No failure by either party to insist upon the strict performance of any provision of this lease or to exercise any right or remedy consequent upon a breach thereof, and no acceptance of full or partial rent or other performance by either party during the continuance of any such breach shall constitute a waiver of any such breach of such provision.

# 7. INTEGRATED AGREEMENT (JUN 2012)

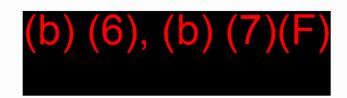
This Lease, upon execution, contains the entire agreement of the parties and no prior written or oral agreement, express or implied, shall be admissible to contradict the provisions of the Lease. Except as expressly attached to and made a part of the Lease, neither the Request for Lease Proposals nor any pre-award communications by either party shall be incorporated in the Lease.

# 8. 552.270-28 MUTUALITY OF OBLIGATION (SEP 1999)

The obligations and covenants of the Lessor, and the Government's obligation to pay rent and other Government obligations and covenants, arising under or related to this Lease, are interdependent. The Government may, upon issuance of and delivery to Lessor of a final decision asserting a claim against Lessor, set off such claim, in whole or in part, as against any payment or payments then or thereafter due the Lessor under this lease. No setoff pursuant to this clause shall constitute a breach by the Government of this lease.

# 9. DELIVERY AND CONDITION (JAN 2011)

(a) Unless the Government elects to have the space occupied in increments, the space must be delivered ready for occupancy as a complete unit.



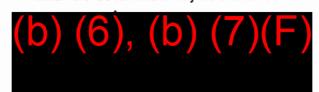
(b) The Government may elect to accept the Space notwithstanding the Lessor's failure to deliver the Space substantially complete; if the Government so elects, it may reduce the rent payments.

# 10. DEFAULT BY LESSOR (APR 2012)

- (a) The following conditions shall constitute default by the Lessor, and shall give rise to the following rights and remedies for the Government:
- (1) Prior to Acceptance of the Premises. Failure by the Lessor to diligently perform all obligations required for Acceptance of the Space within the times specified, (b)(4) (b)(5) shall constitute a default by the Lessor. Subject to provision of notice of default to the Lessor, and provision of a reasonable opportunity for the Lessor to cure its default, subject to section 7.07, subparagraph 10 of the Lease, the Government may terminate the Lease on account of the Lessor's default.
- (2) After Acceptance of the Premises. Failure by the Lessor to perform any service, to provide any item, or satisfy any requirement of this Lease, without excuse, shall constitute a default by the Lessor. Subject to provision of notice of default to the Lessor, and provision of a reasonable opportunity for the Lessor to cure its default, subject to section 7.07, subparagraph 10 of the lease, the Government may perform the service, provide the item, or obtain satisfaction of the requirement by its own employees or contractors. If the Government elects to take such action, the Government may deduct from rental payments its costs incurred in connection with taking the action. Alternatively, the Government may reduce the rent by an amount reasonably calculated to approximate the cost or value of the service not performed, item not provided, or requirement not satisfied, such reduction effective as of the date of the commencement of the default condition.
  - (3) Grounds for Termination. The Government may terminate the Lease if:
- (i) The Lessor's default persists notwithstanding provision of notice and reasonable opportunity to cure by the Government, or
- (ii) The Lessor fails to take such actions as are necessary to prevent the recurrence of default conditions.

and such conditions (i) or (ii) substantially impair the safe and healthful occupancy of the Premises, or render the Space unusable for its intended purposes.

- (4) Excuse. Failure by the Lessor to timely deliver the Space or perform any service, provide any item, or satisfy any requirement of this Lease, that is within the ability of Lessor to perform or provide, shall not be excused if its failure in performance arises from:
  - (i) Circumstances within the Lessor's control;
  - (ii) Circumstances about which the Lessor had actual or constructive knowledge prior to the Lease Award Date that could reasonably be expected to affect the Lessor's capability to perform, regardless of the Government's knowledge of such matters;
  - (iii) The condition of the Space and such condition substantially impair the safe and healthful occupancy of the Space, or render the Space unusable for its intended purposes;
  - (iv) The acts or omissions of the Lessor, its employees, agents or contractors, if any, in violation of the provisions of this Lease.
  - (v) The Lessor's inability to obtain sufficient financial resources to perform its obligations.
- (5) The rights and remedies specified in this clause are in addition to any and all remedies to which the Government may be entitled as a matter of law.



# (b)(4) (b)(5)

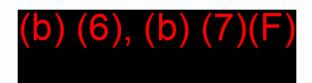
# 12. MAINTENANCE OF THE PROPERTY, RIGHT TO INSPECT (APR 2015)

The Lessor shall maintain the Space, including the equipment, fixtures, and appurtenances in the Space furnished by the Lessor under this lease, in good repair and tenantable condition so that they are suitable in appearance and capable of supplying such heat, air conditioning, light, ventilation, safety systems, access and other things to the Premises, as supplied on the commencement date, without reasonably preventable or recurring disruption, as is required for the Government's access to, occupancy, possession, use and enjoyment of the Space, as provided in this lease. For the purpose of so maintaining the Space, the Lessor may at reasonable times enter the premises with the approval of the authorized Government representative in charge. Upon request of the Lease Contracting Officer (LCO), the Lessor shall request of the (b) (7)(F) written documentation that building systems have been properly maintained, tested, and are operational within manufacturer's warranted operating standards. The Lessor shall maintain the Space in a safe and healthful condition according to applicable OSHA standards and all other requirements of this lease, including standards governing indoor air quality, existence of mold and other biological hazards, presence of hazardous materials, etc. The Government shall have the right, at any time after the lease Award Date and during the term of the Lease, to inspect all areas of the Premises to which access is necessary for the purpose of determining the Lessor's compliance with this clause. The foregoing is not meant to modify the "As-Is" or As-Existing" condition clauses as stated in the lease.

# 13. FIRE AND CASUALTY DAMAGE (JUN 2016)

If the building in which the Premises are located is totally destroyed or damaged by fire or other casualty, this lease shall immediately terminate. If the building in which the Premises are located are only partially destroyed or damaged, so as to render the Premises untenantable, or not usable for their intended purpose, through no act or omission of the Government or its agents, employees, the Lessor shall have the option to elect to repair and restore the Space or terminate the Lease. The Lessor shall be permitted a reasonable amount of time, not to exceed 270 days from the event of destruction or damage, to repair or restore the Space, provided that the Lessor submits to the Government a reasonable schedule for repair of the Premises within 60 days of the event of destruction or damage. If the Lessor fails to timely submit a reasonable schedule for completing the work, the Government may elect to terminate the Lease effective as of the date of the event of destruction or damage. If the Lessor elects to repair or restore the Premises, but fails to repair or restore the Premises within 270 days from the event of destruction or damage, or fails to diligently pursue such repairs or restoration so as to render timely completion commercially impracticable, the Government may terminate the Lease effective as of the date of the destruction or damage. During the time that the Premises are unoccupied, rent shall be abated, in proportion to area of the Premises that are untenantable. Termination of the Lease by either party under this clause shall not give rise to liability for either party, provided the neither the Government, its agents, employees nor contractors are not responsible for the damage.

Nothing in this lease shall be construed as relieving Lessor from liability for damage to, or destruction of, property of the United States of America caused by the willful or negligent act or omission of Lessor.



# 14. COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE LAW (JAN 2011)

Lessor shall comply with all Federal, state and local laws applicable to its ownership and leasing of the Space. including, without limitation, laws applicable to the construction, ownership, alteration or operation of the Space and facilities located thereon, and obtain all necessary permits, licenses and similar items at its own expense. The Government will comply with all Federal, State and local laws applicable to and enforceable against it as a tenant under this lease, provided that nothing in this Lease shall be construed as a waiver of the sovereign immunity of the Government. This Lease shall be governed by Federal law.

# 15. 552.270-12 ALTERATIONS (SEP 1999)

Subject to Lessor's approval, not to be unreasonably withheld, the Government shall have the right during the existence of this lease to make non-structural alterations, attach fixtures, and erect structures or signs in or upon the (b)(4)(b)(5) Space hereby leased, in accordance with all federal, State and local laws, and (b) (7)(F)

which fixtures, and additions so placed in, on, upon, or attached to the said (b)(4)(b)(5) Space shall be and remain the property of the Government and shall be removed or otherwise disposed of by the Government, during the term of this Lease. (b)(4)(b)(5)

(b)(4) (b)(5)

(b)(4) (b)(5)

Prior to the expiration or termination of this Lease, the Government shall repair all damage to the Premises, and restore it to the condition existing on the commencement date, reasonable wear and tear excepted.

# 16. ACCEPTANCE OF SPACE AND CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY (APR 2015)



(b) The Space shall be considered substantially complete only if the Space may be used for its intended purpose and completion of remaining work will not unreasonably interfere with the Government's enjoyment of the Space. (b)(4) (b)(5)

(b)(4)(b)(5)

(c) The Lessor has provided a valid Certificate of Occupancy, issued by the local jurisdiction, for the intended use of the Government. (b)(4) (b)(5)

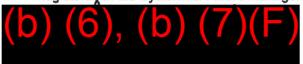


# 17. 52.204-7 SYSTEM FOR AWARD MANAGEMENT (OCT 2016)

# (a) Definitions. As used in this provision-

"Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) indicator" means a four-character suffix to the unique entity identifier. The suffix is assigned at the discretion of the commercial, nonprofit, or Government entity to establish additional System for Award Management records for identifying alternative EFT accounts (see <u>subpart 32.11</u>) for the same entity.

"Registered in the System for Award Management (SAM) database" means that—



- (1) The Lessor has entered all mandatory information, including the unique entity identifier and the EFT indicator, if applicable, the Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) code, as well as data required by the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (see <u>subpart 4.14</u>) into the SAM database;
- (2) The Lessor has completed the Core, Assertions, and Representations and Certifications, and Points of Contact sections of the registration in the SAM database;
- (3) The Government has validated all mandatory data fields, to include validation of the Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN) with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). The Lessor will be required to provide consent for TIN validation to the Government as a part of the SAM registration process; and
  - (4) The Government has marked the record "Active".

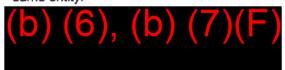
"Unique entity identifier" means a number or other identifier used to identify a specific commercial, nonprofit, or Government entity. See <a href="https://www.sam.gov">www.sam.gov</a> for the designated entity for establishing unique entity identifiers.

- (b)(1) By submission of a lease agreement, the Lessor acknowledges the requirement that a prospective awardee shall be registered in the SAM database prior to award, during performance, and through final payment of any contract, basic agreement, basic ordering agreement, or blanket purchasing agreement resulting from this solicitation.
- (2) The Lessor shall enter, in the block with its name and address on the cover page of its lease agreement, the annotation "Unique Entity Identifier" followed by the unique entity identifier that identifies the Lessor 's name and address exactly as stated in the offer. The Lessor also shall enter its EFT indicator, if applicable. The unique entity identifier will be used by the Contracting Officer to verify that the Lessor is registered in the SAM database.
- (c) If the Lessor does not have a unique entity identifier, it should contact the entity designated at <a href="www.sam.gov">www.sam.gov</a> for establishment of the unique entity identifier directly to obtain one. The Lessor should be prepared to provide the following information:
  - (1) Company legal business name.
  - (2) Trade style, doing business, or other name by which your entity is commonly recognized.
  - (3) Company Physical Street Address, City, State, and Zip Code.
  - (4) Company Mailing Address, City, State and Zip Code (if separate from physical).
  - (5) Company telephone number.
  - (6) Date the company was started.
  - (7) Number of employees at your location.
  - (8) Chief executive officer/key manager.
  - (9) Line of business (industry).
  - (10) Company Headquarters name and address (reporting relationship within your entity).
- (d) If the Lessor does not become registered in the SAM database in the time prescribed by the Contracting Officer, the Contracting Officer will proceed to award to the next otherwise successful registered Offeror/ Lessor.
- (e) Processing time, which normally takes 48 hours, should be taken into consideration when registering. Offerors/ Lessors who are not registered should consider applying for registration immediately upon receipt of this solicitation.
  - (f) Offerors/ Lessor may obtain information on registration at <a href="https://www.acquisition.gov">https://www.acquisition.gov</a>.

# 18. 52.204-13 SYSTEM FOR AWARD MANAGEMENT MAINTENANCE (OCT 2016)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause-

"Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) indicator" means a four-character suffix to the unique entity identifier. The suffix is assigned at the discretion of the commercial, nonprofit, or Government entity to establish additional System for Award Management (SAM) records for identifying alternative EFT accounts (see subpart 32.11) for the same entity.



"Registered in the System for Award Management (SAM) database" means that-

- (1) The Contractor has entered all mandatory information, including the unique entity identifier and the EFT indicator (if applicable), the Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) code, as well as data required by the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (see <u>subpart 4.14</u>), into the SAM database;
- (2) The Contractor has completed the Core, Assertions, Representations and Certifications, and Points of Contact sections of the registration in the SAM database;
- (3) The Government has validated all mandatory data fields, to include validation of the Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN) with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). The Contractor will be required to provide consent for TIN validation to the Government as a part of the SAM registration process; and
  - (4) The Government has marked the record "Active".

"System for Award Management (SAM)" means the primary Government repository for prospective Federal awardee and Federal awardee information and the centralized Government system for certain contracting, grants, and other assistance-related processes. It includes—

- (1) Data collected from prospective Federal awardees required for the conduct of business with the Government;
- (2) Prospective contractor-submitted annual representations and certifications in accordance with FAR subpart 4.12; and
- (3) Identification of those parties excluded from receiving Federal contracts, certain subcontracts, and certain types of Federal financial and non-financial assistance and benefits.

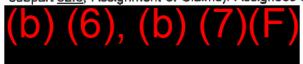
"Unique entity identifier" means a number or other identifier used to identify a specific commercial, nonprofit, or Government entity. See <a href="https://www.sam.gov">www.sam.gov</a> for the designated entity for establishing unique entity identifiers.

(b) The Contractor is responsible for the accuracy and completeness of the data within the SAM database, and for any liability resulting from the Government's reliance on inaccurate or incomplete data. To remain registered in the SAM database after the initial registration, the Contractor is required to review and update on an annual basis, from the date of initial registration or subsequent updates, its information in the SAM database to ensure it is current, accurate and complete. Updating information in the SAM does not after the terms and conditions of this contract and is not a substitute for a properly executed contractual document.

(c)

(1)

- (i) If a Contractor has legally changed its business name, doing business as name, or division name (whichever is shown on the contract), or has transferred the assets used in performing the contract, but has not completed the necessary requirements regarding novation and change-of-name agreements in subpart 42.12, the Contractor shall provide the responsible Contracting Officer a minimum of one business day's written notification of its intention to—
  - (A) Change the name in the SAM database;
  - (B) Comply with the requirements of subpart 42.12 of the FAR; and
- (C) Agree in writing to the timeline and procedures specified by the responsible Contracting Officer. The Contractor shall provide with the notification sufficient documentation to support the legally changed name.
- (ii) If the Contractor fails to comply with the requirements of paragraph (c)(1)(i) of this clause, or fails to perform the agreement at paragraph (c)(1)(i)(C) of this clause, and, in the absence of a properly executed novation or change-of-name agreement, the SAM information that shows the Contractor to be other than the Contractor indicated in the contract will be considered to be incorrect information within the meaning of the "Suspension of Payment" paragraph of the electronic funds transfer (EFT) clause of this contract.
- (2) The Contractor shall not change the name or address for EFT payments or manual payments, as appropriate, in the SAM record to reflect an assignee for the purpose of assignment of claims (see FAR subpart 32.8, Assignment of Claims). Assignees shall be separately registered in the SAM. Information provided



to the Contractor's SAM record that indicates payments, including those made by EFT, to an ultimate recipient other than that Contractor will be considered to be incorrect information within the meaning of the "Suspension of Payment" paragraph of the EFT clause of this contract.

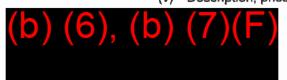
- (3) The Contractor shall ensure that the unique entity identifier is maintained with the entity designated at <a href="www.sam.gov">www.sam.gov</a>. for establishment of the unique entity identifier throughout the life of the contract. The Contractor shall communicate any change to the unique entity identifier to the Contracting Officer within 30 days after the change, so an appropriate modification can be issued to update the data on the contract. A change in the unique entity identifier does not necessarily require a novation be accomplished.
- (d) Contractors may obtain additional information on registration and annual confirmation requirements at https://www.acquisition.gov.

# 19. 552.270-31 PROMPT PAYMENT (JUN 2011)

The Government will make payments under the terms and conditions specified in this clause. Payment shall be considered as being made on the day a check is dated (b)(4)(b)(5) or an electronic funds transfer is made (b)(4)(b)(5) All days referred to in this clause are calendar days, unless otherwise specified.

# (a) Payment due date-

- (1) Rental payments. Rent shall be paid monthly in arrears and will be due on the first workday of each month, and only as provided for by the lease.
- (i) When the date for commencement of rent falls on the 15th day of the month or earlier, the initial monthly rental payment under this contract shall become due on the first workday of the month following the month in which the commencement of the rent is effective.
- (ii) When the date for commencement of rent falls after the 15th day of the month, the initial monthly rental payment under this contract shall become due on the first workday of the second month following the month in which the commencement of the rent is effective.
  - (2) Other payments. The due date for making payments other than rent shall be the later of the following two events:
- (i) The 30th day after the designated billing office has received a proper invoice from the Contractor.
- (ii) The 30th day after Government acceptance of the work or service. However, if the designated billing office fails to annotate the invoice with the actual date of receipt, the invoice payment due date shall be deemed to be the 30th day after the Contractor's invoice is dated, provided a proper invoice is received and there is no disagreement over quantity, quality, or Contractor compliance with contract requirements.
  - (b) Invoice and inspection requirements for payments other than rent.
- (1) The Contractor shall prepare and submit an invoice to the designated billing office after completion of the work. A proper invoice shall include the following items:
  - (i) Name and address of the Contractor.
  - (ii) Invoice date.
  - (iii) Lease number.
  - (iv) Government's order number or other authorization.
  - (v) Description, price, and quantity of work or services delivered.



- (vi) Name and address of Contractor official to whom payment is to be sent (must be the same as that in the remittance address in the lease or the order).
- (vii) Name (where practicable), title, phone number, and mailing address of person to be notified in the event of a defective invoice.
- (2) The Government will inspect and determine the acceptability of the work performed or services delivered within seven days after the receipt of a proper invoice or notification of completion of the work or services unless a different period is specified at the time the order is placed. If actual acceptance occurs later, for the purpose of determining the payment due date and calculation of interest, acceptance will be deemed to occur on the last day of the seven day inspection period. If the work or service is rejected for failure to conform to the technical requirements of the contract, the seven days will be counted beginning with receipt of a new invoice or notification. In either case, the Contractor is not entitled to any payment or interest unless actual acceptance by the Government occurs.

# (c) Interest Penalty.

- (1) An interest penalty shall be paid automatically by the Government, without request from the Contractor, if payment is not made by the due date.
- (2) The interest penalty shall be at the rate established by the Secretary of the Treasury under Section 12 of the Contract Disputes Act of 1978 (41 U.S.C. 611) that is in effect on the day after the due date. This rate is referred to as the "Renegotiation Board Interest Rate," and it is published in the **Federal Register** semiannually on or about January 1 and July 1. The interest penalty shall accrue daily on the payment amount approved by the Government and be compounded in 30-day increments inclusive from the first day after the due date through the payment date.
- (3) Interest penalties will not continue to accrue after the filing of a claim for such penalties under the clause at 52.233–1, Disputes, or for more than one year. Interest penalties of less than \$1.00 need not be paid.
- (4) Interest penalties are not required on payment delays due to disagreement between the Government and Contractor over the payment amount or other issues involving contract compliance or on amounts temporarily withheld or retained in accordance with the terms of the contract. Claims involving disputes, and any interest that may be payable, will be resolved in accordance with the clause at 52.233-1, Disputes.
- (d) Overpayments. If the Lessor becomes aware of a duplicate payment or that the Government has otherwise overpaid on a payment, the Contractor shall—
- (1) Return the overpayment amount to the payment office cited in the contract along with a description of the overpayment including the—
  - (i) Circumstances of the overpayment (e.g., duplicate payment, erroneous payment, liquidation errors, date(s) of overpayment);
    - (ii) Affected lease number; (iii) Affected lease line item or sub-line item, if applicable; and
    - (iii) Lessor point of contact.
  - (2) Provide a copy of the remittance and supporting documentation to the Contracting Officer.

# 20. 52.232-23 ASSIGNMENT OF CLAIMS (MAY 2014)

(Applicable to leases over the micro-purchase threshold.)

(a) The Contractor, under the Assignment of Claims Act, as amended, <u>31 U.S.C. 3727</u>, <u>41 U.S.C. 6305</u> (hereafter referred to as "the Act"), may assign its rights to be paid amounts due or to become due as a result of



the performance of this contract to a bank, trust company, or other financing institution, including any Federal lending agency. The assignee under such an assignment may thereafter further assign or reassign its right under the original assignment to any type of financing institution described in the preceding sentence.

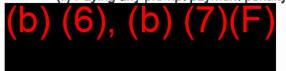
- (b) Any assignment or reassignment authorized under the Act and this clause shall cover all unpaid amounts payable under this contract, and shall not be made to more than one party, except that an assignment or reassignment may be made to one party as agent or trustee for two or more parties participating in the financing of this contract.
- (c) The Contractor shall not furnish or disclose to any assignee under this contract any classified document (including this contract) or information related to work under this contract until the Contracting Officer authorizes such action in writing.

# 21. PAYMENT (MAY 2011)

(a) When space is offered and accepted, it is agreed that the amount of Square footage provided shall be as stated in section 1.01 of the Lease Document.

# 22. 52.232-33 PAYMENT BY ELECTRONIC FUNDS TRANSFER—SYSTEM FOR AWARD MANAGEMENT (JUL 2013)

- (a) Method of payment.
- (1) All payments by the Government under this contract shall be made by electronic funds transfer (EFT), except as provided in paragraph (a)(2) of this clause. As used in this clause, the term "EFT" refers to the funds transfer and may also include the payment information transfer.
- (2) In the event the Government is unable to release one or more payments by EFT, the Contractor agrees to either—
  - (i) Accept payment by check or some other mutually agreeable method of payment; or
- (ii) Request the Government to extend the payment due date until such time as the Government can make payment by EFT (but see paragraph (d) of this clause).
- (b) Contractor's EFT information. The Government shall make payment to the Contractor using the EFT information contained in the System for Award Management (SAM) database. In the event that the EFT information changes, the Contractor shall be responsible for providing the updated information to the SAM database.
- (c) Mechanisms for EFT payment. The Government may make payment by EFT through either the Automated Clearing House (ACH) network, subject to the rules of the National Automated Clearing House Association, or the Fedwire Transfer System. The rules governing Federal payments through the ACH are contained in 31 CFR Part 210.
- (d) Suspension of payment. If the Contractor's EFT information in the SAM database is incorrect, then the Government need not make payment to the Contractor under this contract until correct EFT information is entered into the SAM database; and any invoice or contract financing request shall be deemed not to be a proper invoice for the purpose of prompt payment under this contract. The prompt payment terms of the contract regarding notice of an improper invoice and delays in accrual of interest penalties apply.
  - (e) Liability for uncompleted or erroneous transfers.
- (1) If an uncompleted or erroneous transfer occurs because the Government used the Contractor's EFT information incorrectly, the Government remains responsible for—
  - (i) Making a correct payment;
  - (ii) Paying any prompt payment penalty due; and



- (iii) Recovering any erroneously directed funds.
- (2) If an uncompleted or erroneous transfer occurs because the Contractor's EFT information was incorrect, or was revised within 30 days of Government release of the EFT payment transaction instruction to the Federal Reserve System, and—
- (i) If the funds are no longer under the control of the payment office, the Government is deemed to have made payment and the Contractor is responsible for recovery of any erroneously directed funds; or
- (ii) If the funds remain under the control of the payment office, the Government shall not make payment, and the provisions of paragraph (d) of this clause shall apply.
- (f) EFT and prompt payment. A payment shall be deemed to have been made in a timely manner in accordance with the prompt payment terms of this contract if, in the EFT payment transaction instruction released to the Federal Reserve System, the date specified for settlement of the payment is on or before the prompt payment due date, provided the specified payment date is a valid date under the rules of the Federal Reserve System.
- (g) EFT and assignment of claims. If the Contractor assigns the proceeds of this contract as provided for in the assignment of claims terms of this contract, the Contractor shall require as a condition of any such assignment, that the assignee shall register separately in the SAM database and shall be paid by EFT in accordance with the terms of this clause. Notwithstanding any other requirement of this contract, payment to an ultimate recipient other than the Contractor, or a financial institution properly recognized under an assignment of claims pursuant to <u>Subpart 32.8</u>, is not permitted. In all respects, the requirements of this clause shall apply to the assignee as if it were the Contractor. EFT information that shows the ultimate recipient of the transfer to be other than the Contractor, in the absence of a proper assignment of claims acceptable to the Government, is incorrect EFT information within the meaning of paragraph (d) of this clause.
- (h) Liability for change of EFT information by financial agent. The Government is not liable for errors resulting from changes to EFT information made by the Contractor's financial agent.
- (i) Payment information. The payment or disbursing office shall forward to the Contractor available payment information that is suitable for transmission as of the date of release of the EFT instruction to the Federal Reserve System. The Government may request the Contractor to designate a desired format and method(s) for delivery of payment information from a list of formats and methods the payment office is capable of executing. However, the Government does not guarantee that any particular format or method of delivery is available at any particular payment office and retains the latitude to use the format and delivery method most convenient to the Government. If the Government makes payment by check in accordance with paragraph (a) of this clause, the Government shall mail the payment information to the remittance address contained in the SAM database.

### 23. 52.203-13 CONTRACTOR CODE OF BUSINESS ETHICS AND CONDUCT (OCT 2015)

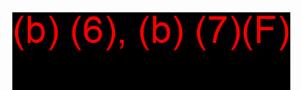
(Applicable to leases over \$5.5 million total contract value and performance period is 120 days or more.)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—

"Agent" means any individual, including a director, an officer, an employee, or an independent Contractor, authorized to act on behalf of the organization.

"Full cooperation"—

(1) Means disclosure to the Government of the information sufficient for law enforcement to identify the nature and extent of the offense and the individuals responsible for the conduct. It includes providing timely and complete response to Government auditors' and investigators' request for documents and access to employees with information;



- (2) Does not foreclose any Contractor rights arising in law, the FAR, or the terms of the contract. It does not require—
  - (i) A Contractor to waive its attorney-client privilege or the protections afforded by the attorney work product doctrine; or
  - (ii) Any officer, director, owner, or employee of the Contractor, including a sole proprietor, to waive his or her attorney client privilege or Fifth Amendment rights; and
  - (3) Does not restrict a Contractor from-
    - (i) Conducting an internal investigation; or
- (ii) Defending a proceeding or dispute arising under the contract or related to a potential or disclosed violation.

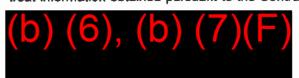
"Principal" means an officer, director, owner, partner, or a person having primary management or supervisory responsibilities within a business entity (e.g., general manager; plant manager; head of a division or business segment; and similar positions).

"Subcontract" means any contract entered into by a subcontractor to furnish supplies or services for performance of a prime contract or a subcontract.

"Subcontractor" means any supplier, distributor, vendor, or firm that furnished supplies or services to or for a prime contractor or another subcontractor.

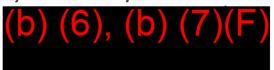
"United States," means the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and outlying areas.

- (b) Code of business ethics and conduct.
- (1) Within 30 days after contract award, unless the Contracting Officer establishes a longer time period, the Contractor shall—
  - (i) Have a written code of business ethics and conduct; and
  - (ii) Make a copy of the code available to each employee engaged in performance of the contract.
  - (2) The Contractor shall-
    - (i) Exercise due diligence to prevent and detect criminal conduct; and
- (ii) Otherwise promote an organizational culture that encourages ethical conduct and a commitment to compliance with the law.
- (3) (i) The Contractor shall timely disclose, in writing, to the agency Office of the Inspector General (OIG), with a copy to the Contracting Officer, whenever, in connection with the award, performance, or closeout of this contract or any subcontract thereunder, the Contractor has credible evidence that a principal, employee, agent, or subcontractor of the Contractor has committed—
- (A) A violation of Federal criminal law involving fraud, conflict of interest, bribery, or gratuity violations found in Title 18 of the United States Code; or
  - (B) A violation of the civil False Claims Act (31 U.S.C. 3729-3733).
- (ii) The Government, to the extent permitted by law and regulation, will safeguard and treat information obtained pursuant to the Contractor's disclosure as confidential where the information has been



marked "confidential" or "proprietary" by the company. To the extent permitted by law and regulation, such information will not be released by the Government to the public pursuant to a Freedom of Information Act request, <u>5 U.S.C. Section 552</u>, without prior notification to the Contractor. The Government may transfer documents provided by the Contractor to any department or agency within the Executive Branch if the information relates to matters within the organization's jurisdiction.

- (iii) If the violation relates to an order against a Government wide acquisition contract, a multi-agency contract, a multiple-award schedule contract such as the Federal Supply Schedule, or any other procurement instrument intended for use by multiple agencies, the Contractor shall notify the OIG of the ordering agency and the IG of the agency responsible for the basic contract.
- (c) Business ethics awareness and compliance program and internal control system. This paragraph (c) does not apply if the Contractor has represented itself as a small business concern pursuant to the award of this contract or if this contract is for the acquisition of a commercial item as defined at FAR 2.101. The Contractor shall establish the following within 90 days after contract award, unless the Contracting Officer establishes a longer time period:
  - (1) An ongoing business ethics awareness and compliance program.
- (i) This program shall include reasonable steps to communicate periodically and in a practical manner the Contractor's standards and procedures and other aspects of the Contractor's business ethics awareness and compliance program and internal control system, by conducting effective training programs and otherwise disseminating information appropriate to an individual's respective roles and responsibilities.
- (ii) The training conducted under this program shall be provided to the Contractor's principals and employees, and as appropriate, the Contractor's agents and subcontractors.
  - An internal control system.
    - (i) The Contractor's internal control system shall-
  - (A) Establish standards and procedures to facilitate timely discovery of improper conduct in connection with Government contracts; and
    - (B) Ensure corrective measures are promptly instituted and carried out.
    - (ii) At a minimum, the Contractor's internal control system shall provide for the following:
- (A) Assignment of responsibility at a sufficiently high level and adequate resources to ensure effectiveness of the business ethics awareness and compliance program and internal control system.
- (B) Reasonable efforts not to include an individual as a principal, whom due diligence would have exposed as having engaged in conduct that is in conflict with the Contractor's code of business ethics and conduct.
- (C) Periodic reviews of company business practices, procedures, policies, and internal controls for compliance with the Contractor's code of business ethics and conduct and the special requirements of Government contracting, including—
  - Monitoring and auditing to detect criminal conduct;
- Periodic evaluation of the effectiveness of the business ethics awareness and compliance program and internal control system, especially if criminal conduct has been detected; and
- Periodic assessment of the risk of criminal conduct, with appropriate steps to design, implement, or modify the business ethics awareness and compliance program and the internal control system as necessary to reduce the risk of criminal conduct identified through this process.



- (D) An internal reporting mechanism, such as a hotline, which allows for anonymity or confidentiality, by which employees may report suspected instances of improper conduct, and instructions that encourage employees to make such reports.
- (E) Disciplinary action for improper conduct or for failing to take reasonable steps to prevent or detect improper conduct.
- (F) Timely disclosure, in writing, to the agency OIG, with a copy to the Contracting Officer, whenever, in connection with the award, performance, or closeout of any Government contract performed by the Contractor or a subcontract thereunder, the Contractor has credible evidence that a principal, employee, agent, or subcontractor of the Contractor has committed a violation of Federal criminal law involving fraud, conflict of interest, bribery, or gratuity violations found in Title 18 U.S.C. or a violation of the civil False Claims Act (31 U.S.C. 3729-3733).
- If a violation relates to more than one Government contract, the Contractor may make the disclosure to the agency OIG and Contracting Officer responsible for the largest dollar value contract impacted by the violation.
- If the violation relates to an order against a Government wide acquisition contract, a multi-agency contract, a multiple-award schedule contract such as the Federal Supply Schedule, or any other procurement instrument intended for use by multiple agencies, the contractor shall notify the OIG of the ordering agency and the IG of the agency responsible for the basic contract, and the respective agencies' contracting officers.
- The disclosure requirement for an individual contract continues until at least 3 years after final payment on the contract.
- The Government will safeguard such disclosures in accordance with paragraph (b)(3)(ii) of this clause.
  - (G) Full cooperation with any Government agencies responsible for audits, investigations, or corrective actions.

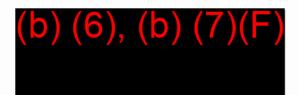
#### (d) Subcontracts.

- (1) The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (d), in subcontracts that have a value in excess of \$5,000,000 and a performance period of more than 120 days.
  - (2) In altering this clause to identify the appropriate parties, all disclosures of violation of the civil False Claims Act or of Federal criminal law shall be directed to the agency Office of the Inspector General, with a copy to the Contracting Officer.

#### 24. 552.270-32 COVENANT AGAINST CONTINGENT FEES (JUN 2011)

(Applicable to leases over the Simplified Lease Acquisition Threshold.)

- (a) The Contractor warrants that no person or agency has been employed or retained to solicit or obtain this contract upon an agreement or understanding for a contingent fee, except a bona fide employee or agency. For breach or violation of this warranty, the Government shall have the right to annul this contract without liability or, in its discretion, to deduct from the contract price or consideration, or otherwise recover the full amount of the contingent fee.
- (b) Bona fide agency, as used in this clause, means an established commercial or selling agency (including licensed real estate agents or brokers), maintained by a Contractor for the purpose of securing business, that neither exerts nor proposes to exert improper influence to solicit or obtain Government contracts nor holds itself out as being able to obtain any Government contract or contracts through improper influence.



- (1) Bona fide employee, as used in this clause, means a person, employed by a Contractor and subject to the Contractor's supervision and control as to time, place, and manner of performance, who neither exerts nor proposes to exert improper influence to solicit or obtain Government contracts nor holds out as being able to obtain any Government contract or contracts through improper influence.
- (2) Contingent fee, as used in this clause, means any commission, percentage, brokerage, or other fee that is contingent upon the success that a person or concern has in securing a Government contract.
- (3) Improper influence, as used in this clause, means any influence that induces or tends to induce a Government employee or officer to give consideration or to act regarding a Government contract on any basis other than the merits of the matter.

#### 25. 52.203-7 ANTI-KICKBACK PROCEDURES (MAY 2014)

#### (a) Definitions.

"Kickback," as used in this clause, means any money, fee, commission, credit, gift, gratuity, thing of value, or compensation of any kind which is provided to any prime Contractor, prime Contractor employee, subcontractor, or subcontractor employee for the purpose of improperly obtaining or rewarding favorable treatment in connection with a prime contract or in connection with a subcontract relating to a prime contract.

"Person," as used in this clause, means a corporation, partnership, business association of any kind, trust, joint-stock company, or individual.

"Prime contract," as used in this clause, means a contract or contractual action entered into by the United States for the purpose of obtaining supplies, materials, equipment, or services of any kind.

"Prime Contractor" as used in this clause, means a person who has entered into a prime contract with the United States.

"Prime Contractor employee," as used in this clause, means any officer, partner, employee, or agent of a prime Contractor.

"Subcontract," as used in this clause, means a contract or contractual action entered into by a prime Contractor or subcontractor for the purpose of obtaining supplies, materials, equipment, or services of any kind under a prime contract.

"Subcontractor," as used in this clause, (1) means any person, other than the prime Contractor, who offers to furnish or furnishes any supplies, materials, equipment, or services of any kind under a prime contract or a subcontract entered into in connection with such prime contract, and (2) includes any person who offers to furnish or furnishes general supplies to the prime Contractor or a higher tier subcontractor.

"Subcontractor employee," as used in this clause, means any officer, partner, employee, or agent of a subcontractor.

- (b) 41 U.S.C. chapter 87, Kickbacks, prohibits any person from—
  - Providing or attempting to provide or offering to provide any kickback;
  - (2) Soliciting, accepting, or attempting to accept any kickback; or
- (3) Including, directly or indirectly, the amount of any kickback in the contract price charged by a prime Contractor to the United States or in the contract price charged by a subcontractor to a prime Contractor or higher tier subcontractor.
- (c)(1) The Contractor shall have in place and follow reasonable procedures designed to prevent and detect possible violations described in paragraph (b) of this clause in its own operations and direct business relationships.
- (2) When the Contractor has reasonable grounds to believe that a violation described in paragraph (b) of this clause may have occurred, the Contractor shall promptly report in writing the possible violation. Such reports shall be made to the inspector general of the contracting agency, the head of the contracting agency if the agency does not have an inspector general, or the Attorney General.

- (3) The Contractor shall cooperate fully with any Federal agency investigating a possible violation described in paragraph (b) of this clause.
- (4) The Contracting Officer may (i) offset the amount of the kickback against any monies owed by the United States under the prime contract and/or (ii) direct that the Prime Contractor withhold from sums owed a subcontractor under the prime contract the amount of the kickback. The Contracting Officer may order that monies withheld under subdivision (c)(4)(ii) of this clause be paid over to the Government unless the Government has already offset those monies under subdivision (c)(4)(i) of this clause. In either case, the Prime Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer when the monies are withheld.
- (5) The Contractor agrees to incorporate the substance of this clause, including paragraph (c)(5) but excepting paragraph (c)(1), in all subcontracts under this contract which exceed \$150,000.

#### 26, 52.223-6 DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE (MAY 2001)

(Applicable to leases over the Simplified Lease Acquisition Threshold, as well as to leases of any value awarded to an individual.)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause-

"Controlled substance" means a controlled substance in schedules I through V of section 202 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 812) and as further defined in regulation at 21 CFR 1308.11 - 1308.15.

"Conviction" means a finding of guilt (including a plea of *nolo contendere*) or imposition of sentence, or both, by any judicial body charged with the responsibility to determine violations of the Federal or State criminal drug statutes.

"Criminal drug statute" means a Federal or non-Federal criminal statute involving the manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession, or use of any controlled substance.

"Drug-free workplace" means the site(s) for the performance of work done by the Contractor in connection with a specific contract where employees of the Contractor are prohibited from engaging in the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession, or use of a controlled substance.

"Employee" means an employee of a Contractor directly engaged in the performance of work under a Government contract. "Directly engaged" is defined to include all direct cost employees and any other Contractor employee who has other than a minimal impact or involvement in contract performance.

"Individual" means an Offeror/Contractor that has no more than one employee including the Offeror/Contractor.

- (b) The Contractor, if other than an individual, shall—within 30 days after award (unless a longer period is agreed to in writing for contracts of 30 days or more performance duration), or as soon as possible for contracts of less than 30 days performance duration—
- (1) Publish a statement notifying its employees that the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession, or use of a controlled substance is prohibited in the Contractor's workplace and specifying the actions that will be taken against employees for violations of such prohibition;
  - (2) Establish an ongoing drug-free awareness program to inform such employees about—
    - (i) The dangers of drug abuse in the workplace;
    - (ii) The Contractor's policy of maintaining a drug-free workplace;
    - (iii) Any available drug counseling, rehabilitation, and employee assistance

programs; and

- (iv) The penalties that may be imposed upon employees for drug abuse violations occurring in the workplace;
- (3) Provide all employees engaged in performance of the contract with a copy of the statement required by paragraph (b)(1) of this clause;
- (4) Notify such employees in writing in the statement required by paragraph (b)(1) of this clause that, as a condition of continued employment on this contract, the employee will—
  - (i) Abide by the terms of the statement; and
- (ii) Notify the employer in writing of the employee's conviction under a criminal drug statute for a violation occurring in the workplace no later than 5 days after such conviction;
- (5) Notify the Contracting Officer in writing within 10 days after receiving notice under subdivision (b)(4)(ii) of this clause, from an employee or otherwise receiving actual notice of such conviction. The notice shall include the position title of the employee;
- (6) Within 30 days after receiving notice under subdivision (b)(4)(ii) of this clause of a conviction, take one of the following actions with respect to any employee who is convicted of a drug abuse violation occurring in the workplace:
- (i) Taking appropriate personnel action against such employee, up to and including termination; or
- (ii) Require such employee to satisfactorily participate in a drug abuse assistance or rehabilitation program approved for such purposes by a Federal, State, or local health, law enforcement, or other appropriate agency; and
- (7) Make a good faith effort to maintain a drug-free workplace through implementation of paragraphs (b)(1) through (b)(6) of this clause.
- (c) The Contractor, if an individual, agrees by award of the contract or acceptance of a purchase order, not to engage in the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession, or use of a controlled substance while performing this contract.
- (d) In addition to other remedies available to the Government, the Contractor's failure to comply with the requirements of paragraph (b) or (c) of this clause may, pursuant to FAR 23.506, render the Contractor subject to suspension of contract payments, termination of the contract or default, and suspension or debarment.

#### 27. 52.203-14 DISPLAY OF HOTLINE POSTER(S) (OCT 2015)

(Applicable to leases over \$5.5 Million total contract value and performance period is 120 days or more.)

(a) Definition.

"United States," as used in this clause, means the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and outlying areas.

- (b) Display of fraud hotline poster(s). Except as provided in paragraph (c)—
- (1) During contract performance in the United States, the Contractor shall prominently display in common work areas within business segments performing work under this contract and at contract work sites—
  - (i) Any agency fraud hotline poster or Department of Homeland Security (DHS) fraud hotline poster identified in paragraph (b)(3) of this clause; and
  - (ii) Any DHS fraud hotline poster subsequently identified by the Contracting Officer.



- (2) Additionally, if the Contractor maintains a company website as a method of providing information to employees, the Contractor shall display an electronic version of the poster(s) at the website.
- (3) Any required posters may be obtained as follows:

Poster(s)	Obtain from

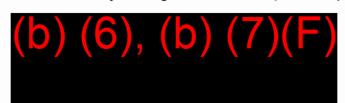
(Contracting Officer shall insert-

- (i) Appropriate agency name(s) and/or title of applicable Department of Homeland Security fraud hotline poster); and
- (ii) The website(s) or other contact information for obtaining the poster(s).)
- (c) If the Contractor has implemented a business ethics and conduct awareness program, including a reporting mechanism, such as a hotline poster, then the Contractor need not display any agency fraud hotline posters as required in paragraph (b) of this clause, other than any required DHS posters.
- (d) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (d), in all subcontracts that exceed \$5.5 million, except when the subcontract—
  - (1) Is for the acquisition of a commercial item; or
  - (2) Is performed entirely outside the United States.

### 28. 552.270-30 PRICE ADJUSTMENT FOR ILLEGAL OR IMPROPER ACTIVITY (JUN 2011)

(Applicable to leases over the Simplified Lease Acquisition Threshold.)

- (a) If the head of the contracting activity (HCA) or his or her designee determines that there was a violation of subsection 27(a) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act, as amended (41 U.S.C. 423), as implemented in the Federal Acquisition Regulation, the Government, at its election, may—
  - (1) Reduce the monthly rental under this lease by five percent of the amount of the rental for each month of the remaining term of the lease, including any option periods, and recover five percent of the rental already paid;
  - (2) Reduce payments for alterations not included in monthly rental payments by five percent of the amount of the alterations agreement; or
  - (3) Reduce the payments for violations by a Lessor's subcontractor by an amount not to exceed the amount of profit or fee reflected in the subcontract at the time the subcontract was placed.
- (b) Prior to making a determination as set forth above, the HCA or designee shall provide to the Lessor a written notice of the action being considered and the basis thereof. The Lessor shall have a period determined by the agency head or designee, but not less than 30 calendar days after receipt of such notice, to submit in person, in writing, or through a representative, information and argument in opposition to the proposed reduction. The agency head or designee may, upon good cause shown, determine to deduct less than the above amounts from payments.
- (c) The rights and remedies of the Government specified herein are not exclusive, and are in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law or under this lease.



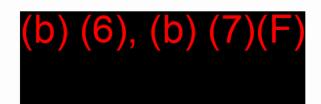
### 29. 52.215-10 PRICE REDUCTION FOR DEFECTIVE COST OR PRICING DATA (AUG 2011)

(Applicable when cost or pricing data are required for work or services over \$750,000.)

- (a) If any price, including profit or fee, negotiated in connection with this contract, or any cost reimbursable under this contract, was increased by any significant amount because—
- (1) The Contractor or a subcontractor furnished certified cost or pricing data that were not complete, accurate, and current as certified in its Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data;
- (2) A subcontractor or prospective subcontractor furnished the Contractor certified cost or pricing data that were not complete, accurate, and current as certified in the Contractor's Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data; or
- (3) Any of these parties furnished data of any description that were not accurate, the price or cost shall be reduced accordingly and the contract shall be modified to reflect the reduction.
- (b) Any reduction in the contract price under paragraph (a) of this clause due to defective data from a prospective subcontractor that was not subsequently awarded the subcontract shall be limited to the amount, plus applicable overhead and profit markup, by which (1) the actual subcontract or (2) the actual cost to the Contractor, if there was no subcontract, was less than the prospective subcontract cost estimate submitted by the Contractor; provided, that the actual subcontract price was not itself affected by defective certified cost or pricing data.
- (c) (1) If the Contracting Officer determines under paragraph (a) of this clause that a price or cost reduction should be made, the Contractor agrees not to raise the following matters as a defense:
- (i) The Contractor or subcontractor was a sole source supplier or otherwise was in a superior bargaining position and thus the price of the contract would not have been modified even if accurate, complete, and current certified cost or pricing data had been submitted.
- (ii) The Contracting Officer should have known that the certified cost or pricing data in issue were defective even though the Contractor or subcontractor took no affirmative action to bring the character of the data to the attention of the Contracting Officer.
- (iii) The contract was based on an agreement about the total cost of the contract and there was no agreement about the cost of each item procured under the contract.
- (iv) The Contractor or subcontractor did not submit a Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data.
- (2) (i) Except as prohibited by subdivision (c)(2)(ii) of this clause, an offset in an amount determined appropriate by the Contracting Officer based upon the facts shall be allowed against the amount of a contract price reduction if—
- (A) The Contractor certifies to the Contracting Officer that, to the best of the Contractor's knowledge and belief, the Contractor is entitled to the offset in the amount requested; and
- (B) The Contractor proves that the certified cost or pricing data were available before the "as of" date specified on its Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data, and that the data were not submitted before such date.

#### (ii) An offset shall not be allowed if-

(A) The understated data were known by the Contractor to be understated before the "as of" date specified on its Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data; or



(B) The Government proves that the facts demonstrate that the contract price would not have increased in the amount to be offset even if the available data had been submitted before the "as of" date specified on its Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data.

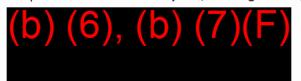
- (d) If any reduction in the contract price under this clause reduces the price of items for which payment was made prior to the date of the modification reflecting the price reduction, the Contractor shall be liable to and shall pay the United States at the time such overpayment is repaid—
- (1) Interest compounded daily, as required by 26 U.S.C. 6622, on the amount of such overpayment to be computed from the date(s) of overpayment to the Contractor to the date the Government is repaid by the Contractor at the applicable underpayment rate effective for each quarter prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury under 26 U.S.C. 6621(a)(2); and
- (2) A penalty equal to the amount of the overpayment, if the Contractor or subcontractor knowingly submitted certified cost or pricing data that were incomplete, inaccurate, or noncurrent.

#### 30. 552.270-13 PROPOSALS FOR ADJUSTMENT (SEP 1999)

- (a) The Contracting Officer may, from time to time during the term of this lease, require changes to be made in the work or services to be performed and in the terms or conditions of this lease. Such changes will be required under the Changes clause.
- (b) If the Contracting Officer makes a change within the general scope of the lease, the Lessor shall submit, in a timely manner, an itemized cost proposal for the work to be accomplished or services to be performed when the cost exceeds \$100,000. The proposal, including all subcontractor work, will contain at least the following detail—
  - (1) Material quantities and unit costs;
  - (2) Labor costs (identified with specific item or material to be placed or operation to be performed;
  - (3) Equipment costs;
  - (4) Worker's compensation and public liability insurance;
  - (5) Overhead;
  - (6) Profit; and
  - (7) Employment taxes under FICA and FUTA.
- (c) The following Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) provisions also apply to all proposals exceeding \$500,000 in cost—
- (1) The Lessor shall provide cost or pricing data including subcontractor cost or pricing data (48 CFR 15.403-4) and
- (2) The Lessor's representative, all Contractors, and subcontractors whose portion of the work exceeds \$500,000 must sign and return the "Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data" (48 CFR 15.406-2).
- (d) Lessors shall also refer to 48 CFR Part 31, Contract Cost Principles, for information on which costs are allowable, reasonable, and allocable in Government work.

#### 31. CHANGES (MAR 2013)

(a) The LCO may at any time, by written order, request (b)(4) (b)(5) changes to the Tenant Improvements within the Space, Building Security Requirements, required under the Lease.



- (b) If any such change, consented to by Lessor causes an increase or decrease in Lessor's costs or time required for performance of its obligations under this Lease, whether or not changed by the order, the Lessor shall be entitled to an amendment to the Lease providing for one or more of the following:
  - An adjustment of the delivery date;
  - An equitable adjustment in the rental rate;
  - (3) A lump sum equitable adjustment; or
  - (4) A change to the operating cost base, if applicable.
- (c) The Lessor shall assert its right to an amendment under this clause within 30 days from the date of receipt of the change order and shall submit a proposal for adjustment. Failure to agree to any adjustment shall be a dispute under the Disputes clause. However, the pendency of an adjustment or existence of a dispute shall not excuse the Lessor from proceeding with the change as requested of and accepted by Lessor.
- (d) Absent a written change order from the LCO, or from a Government official to whom the LCO has explicitly and in writing delegated the authority to direct changes, the Government shall not be liable to Lessor under this clause.

#### 32. 552.215-70 EXAMINATION OF RECORDS BY GSA (FEB 1996)

The Contractor (b)(4) (b)(5) agrees that the Administrator of General Services or any duly authorized representative shall, until the expiration of 3 years after final payment under this contract, or of the time periods for the particular records specified in Subpart 4.7 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (48 CFR 4.7), whichever expires earlier, have access to and the right to examine any books, documents, papers, and records of the Contractor involving transactions related to this contract or compliance with any clauses thereunder. The Contractor further agrees to include in all its subcontracts hereunder a provision to the effect that the subcontractor agrees that the Administrator of General Services or any duly authorized representatives shall, until the expiration of 3 years after final payment under the subcontract, or of the time periods for the particular records specified in Subpart 4.7 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (48 CFR 4.7), whichever expires earlier, have access to and the right to examine any books, documents, papers, and records of such subcontractor involving transactions related to the subcontract or compliance with any clauses thereunder. The term "subcontract" as used in this clause excludes (a) purchase orders not exceeding \$100,000 and (b) subcontracts or purchase orders for public utility services at rates established for uniform applicability to the general public.

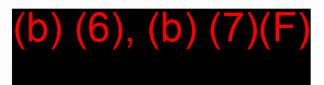
#### 33. 52.215-2 AUDIT AND RECORDS—NEGOTIATION (OCT 2010)

- (a) As used in this clause, "records" includes books, documents, accounting procedures and practices, and other data, regardless of type and regardless of whether such items are in written form, in the form of computer data, or in any other form.
- (b) Examination of costs. If this is a cost-reimbursement, incentive, time-and-materials, labor-hour, or price redeterminable contract, or any combination of these, the Contractor shall maintain and the Contracting Officer, or an authorized representative of the Contracting Officer, shall have the right to examine and audit all records and other evidence sufficient to reflect properly all costs claimed to have been incurred or anticipated to be incurred directly or indirectly in performance of this contract. This right of examination shall include inspection at all reasonable times of the Contractor's plants, or parts of them, engaged in performing the contract.
- (c) Certified cost or pricing data. If the Contractor has been required to submit certified cost or pricing data in connection with any pricing action relating to this contract, the Contracting Officer, or an authorized representative of the Contracting Officer, in order to evaluate the accuracy, completeness, and currency of the certified cost or pricing data, shall have the right to examine and audit all of the Contractor's records, including computations and projections, related to—
  - (1) The proposal for the contract, subcontract, or modification;

- (2) The discussions conducted on the proposal(s), including those related to negotiating;
- (3) Pricing of the contract, subcontract, or modification; or
- (4) Performance of the contract, subcontract or modification.
- (d) Comptroller General.—
- (1) The Comptroller General of the United States, or an authorized representative, shall have access to and the right to examine any of the Contractor's directly pertinent records involving transactions related to this contract or a subcontract hereunder and to interview any current employee regarding such transactions.
- (2) This paragraph may not be construed to require the Contractor or subcontractor to create or maintain any record that the Contractor or subcontractor does not maintain in the ordinary course of business or pursuant to a provision of law.
- (e) Reports. If the Contractor is required to furnish cost, funding, or performance reports, the Contracting Officer or an authorized representative of the Contracting Officer shall have the right to examine and audit the supporting records and materials, for the purpose of evaluating—
- (1) The effectiveness of the Contractor's policies and procedures to produce data compatible with the objectives of these reports; and
  - (2) The data reported.
- (f) Availability. The Contractor shall make available at its office at all reasonable times the records, materials, and other evidence described in paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d), and (e) of this clause, for examination, audit, or reproduction, until 3 years after final payment under this contract or for any shorter period specified in <u>Subpart 4.7</u>, Contractor Records Retention, of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR), or for any longer period required by statute or by other clauses of this contract. In addition—
- (1) If this contract is completely or partially terminated, the Contractor shall make available the records relating to the work terminated until 3 years after any resulting final termination settlement; and
- (2) The Contractor shall make available records relating to appeals under the Disputes clause or to litigation or the settlement of claims arising under or relating to this contract until such appeals, litigation, or claims are finally resolved.
- (g) The Contractor shall insert a clause containing all the terms of this clause, including this paragraph (g), in all subcontracts under this contract that exceed the simplified acquisition threshold, and—
- (1) That are cost-reimbursement, incentive, time-and-materials, labor-hour, or price-redeterminable type or any combination of these;
  - (2) For which certified cost or pricing data are required; or
- (3) That require the subcontractor to furnish reports as discussed in paragraph (e) of this clause.
  The clause may be altered only as necessary to identify properly the contracting parties and the Contracting Officer under the Government prime contract.

#### 34. 52.233-1 DISPUTES (MAY 2014)

- (a) This contract is subject to 41 U.S.C chapter 71, Contract Disputes.
- (b) Except as provided in <u>41\_U.S.C chapter 71</u>, all disputes arising under or relating to this contract shall be resolved under this clause.
- (c) "Claim," as used in this clause, means a written demand or written assertion by one of the contracting parties seeking, as a matter of right, the payment of money in a sum certain, the adjustment or interpretation of contract terms, or other relief arising under or relating to this contract. However, a written demand or written assertion by the Contractor seeking the payment of money exceeding \$100,000 is not a claim under 41 U.S.C chapter 71 until certified. A voucher, invoice, or other routine request for payment that is not in dispute when submitted is not a claim under 41 U.S.C chapter 71. The submission may be converted to a claim under 41 U.S.C



<u>chapter 71</u>, by complying with the submission and certification requirements of this clause, if it is disputed either as to liability or amount or is not acted upon in a reasonable time.

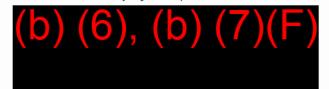
- (d)(1) A claim by the Contractor shall be made in writing and, unless otherwise stated in this contract, submitted within 6 years after accrual of the claim to the Contracting Officer for a written decision. A claim by the Government against the Contractor shall be subject to a written decision by the Contracting Officer.
- (2)(i) The Contractor shall provide the certification specified in paragraph (d)(2)(iii) of this clause when submitting any claim exceeding \$100,000.
- (ii) The certification requirement does not apply to issues in controversy that have not been submitted as all or part of a claim.
- (iii) The certification shall state as follows: "I certify that the claim is made in good faith; that the supporting data are accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief; that the amount requested accurately reflects the contract adjustment for which the Contractor believes the Government is liable; and that I am authorized to certify the claim on behalf of the Contractor."
- (3) The certification may be executed by any person authorized to bind the Contractor with respect to the claim.
- (e) For Contractor claims of \$100,000 or less, the Contracting Officer must, if requested in writing by the Contractor, render a decision within 60 days of the request. For Contractor-certified claims over \$100,000, the Contracting Officer must, within 60 days, decide the claim or notify the Contractor of the date by which the decision will be made.
- (f) The Contracting Officer's decision shall be final unless the Contractor appeals or files a suit as provided in 41 U.S.C chapter 71.
- (g) If the claim by the Contractor is submitted to the Contracting Officer or a claim by the Government is presented to the Contractor, the parties, by mutual consent, may agree to use alternative dispute resolution (ADR). If the Contractor refuses an offer for ADR, the Contractor shall inform the Contracting Officer, in writing, of the Contractor's specific reasons for rejecting the offer.
- (h) The Government shall pay interest on the amount found due and unpaid from (1) the date that the Contracting Officer receives the claim (certified, if required); or (2) the date that payment otherwise would be due, if that date is later, until the date of payment. With regard to claims having defective certifications, as defined in FAR 33.201, interest shall be paid from the date that the Contracting Officer initially receives the claim. Simple interest on claims shall be paid at the rate, fixed by the Secretary of the Treasury as provided in the Act, which is applicable to the period during which the Contracting Officer receives the claim and then at the rate applicable for each 6-month period as fixed by the Treasury Secretary during the pendency of the claim.
- (i) The Contractor shall proceed diligently with performance of this contract, pending final resolution of any request for relief, claim, appeal, or action arising under the contract, and comply with any decision of the Contracting Officer.

#### 35. 52.222-26 EQUAL OPPORTUNITY (APR 2015)

(a) Definition. As used in this clause.

"Compensation" means any payments made to, or on behalf of, an employee or offered to an applicant as remuneration for employment, including but not limited to salary, wages, overtime pay, shift differentials, bonuses, commissions, vacation and holiday pay, allowances, insurance and other benefits, stock options and awards, profit sharing, and retirement.

"Compensation information" means the amount and type of compensation provided to employees or offered to applicants, including, but not limited to, the desire of the Contractor to attract and retain a particular employee for the value the employee is perceived to add to the Contractor's profit or productivity; the availability of employees



with like skills in the marketplace; market research about the worth of similar jobs in the relevant marketplace; job analysis, descriptions, and evaluations; salary and pay structures; salary surveys; labor union agreements; and Contractor decisions, statements and policies related to setting or altering employee compensation.

"Essential job functions" means the fundamental job duties of the employment position an individual holds. A job function may be considered essential if—

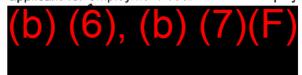
- (1) The access to compensation information is necessary in order to perform that function or another routinely assigned business task; or
- (2) The function or duties of the position include protecting and maintaining the privacy of employee personnel records, including compensation information.

"Gender identity" has the meaning given by the Department of Labor's Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, and is found at <a href="https://www.dol.gov/ofccp/LGBT/LGBT\_FAQs.html">www.dol.gov/ofccp/LGBT/LGBT\_FAQs.html</a>.

"Sexual orientation" has the meaning given by the Department of Labor's Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, and is found at <a href="https://www.dol.gov/ofccp/LGBT/LGBT FAQs.html">www.dol.gov/ofccp/LGBT/LGBT FAQs.html</a>.

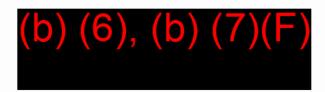
"United States," means the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Northern Mariana Islands, American Samoa, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and Wake Island.

- (b)(1) If, during any 12-month period (including the 12 months preceding the award of this contract), the Contractor has been or is awarded nonexempt Federal contracts and/or subcontracts that have an aggregate value in excess of \$10,000, the Contractor shall comply with this clause, except for work performed outside the United States by employees who were not recruited within the United States. Upon request, the Contractor shall provide information necessary to determine the applicability of this clause.
- (2) If the Contractor is a religious corporation, association, educational institution, or society, the requirements of this clause do not apply with respect to the employment of individuals of a particular religion to perform work connected with the carrying on of the Contractor's activities (41 CFR 60-1.5).
- (c)(1) The Contractor shall not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin. However, it shall not be a violation of this clause for the Contractor to extend a publicly announced preference in employment to Indians living on or near an Indian reservation, in connection with employment opportunities on or near an Indian reservation, as permitted by 41 CFR 60-1.5.
- (2) The Contractor shall take affirmative action to ensure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin. This shall include, but not be limited to—
  - (i) Employment;
  - (ii) Upgrading;
  - (iii) Demotion;
  - (iv) Transfer;
  - (v) Recruitment or recruitment advertising;
  - (vi) Layoff or termination;
  - (vii) Rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and
  - (viii) Selection for training, including apprenticeship.
- (3) The Contractor shall post in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment the notices to be provided by the Contracting Officer that explain this clause.
- (4) The Contractor shall, in all solicitations or advertisements for employees placed by or on behalf of the Contractor, state that all qualified applicants will receive consideration for employment without regard to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin.
- (5)(i) The Contractor shall not discharge or in any other manner discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because such employee or applicant has inquired about, discussed, or disclosed the



compensation of the employee or applicant or another employee or applicant. This prohibition against discrimination does not apply to instances in which an employee who has access to the compensation information of other employees or applicants as a part of such employee's essential job functions discloses the compensation of such other employees or applicants to individuals who do not otherwise have access to such information, unless such disclosure is in response to a formal complaint or charge, in furtherance of an investigation, proceeding, hearing, or action, including an investigation conducted by the employer, or is consistent with the Contractor's legal duty to furnish information.

- (ii) The Contractor shall disseminate the prohibition on discrimination in paragraph (c)(5)(i) of this clause, using language prescribed by the Director of the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs (OFCCP), to employees and applicants by—
  - (A) Incorporation into existing employee manuals or handbooks; and
- (B) Electronic posting or by posting a copy of the provision in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment.
- (6) The Contractor shall send, to each labor union or representative of workers with which it has a collective bar-gaining agreement or other contract or understanding, the notice to be provided by the Contracting Officer advising the labor union or workers' representative of the Contractor's commitments under this clause, and post copies of the notice in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment.
- (7) The Contractor shall comply with Executive Order 11246, as amended, and the rules, regulations, and orders of the Secretary of Labor.
- (8) The Contractor shall furnish to the contracting agency all information required by Executive Order 11246, as amended, and by the rules, regulations, and orders of the Secretary of Labor. The Contractor shall also file Standard Form 100 (EEO-1), or any successor form, as prescribed in 41 CFR Part 60-1. Unless the Contractor has filed within the 12 months preceding the date of contract award, the Contractor shall, within 30 days after contract award, apply to either the regional Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs (OFCCP) or the local office of the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission for the necessary forms.
- (9) The Contractor shall permit access to its premises, during normal business hours, by the contracting agency or the OFCCP for the purpose of conducting on-site compliance evaluations and complaint investigations. The Contractor shall permit the Government to inspect and copy any books, accounts, records (including computerized records), and other material that may be relevant to the matter under investigation and pertinent to compliance with Executive Order 11246, as amended, and rules and regulations that implement the Executive Order.
- (10) If the OFCCP determines that the Contractor is not in compliance with this clause or any rule, regulation, or order of the Secretary of Labor, this contract may be canceled, terminated, or suspended in whole or in part and the Contractor may be declared ineligible for further Government contracts, under the procedures authorized in Executive Order 11246, as amended. In addition, sanctions may be imposed and remedies invoked against the Contractor as provided in Executive Order 11246, as amended; in the rules, regulations, and orders of the Secretary of Labor; or as otherwise provided by law.
- (11) The Contractor shall include the terms and conditions of this clause in every subcontract or purchase order that is not exempted by the rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary of Labor issued under Executive Order 11246, as amended, so that these terms and conditions will be binding upon each subcontractor or vendor.
- (12) The Contractor shall take such action with respect to any subcontract or purchase order as the Director of OFCCP may direct as a means of enforcing these terms and conditions, including sanctions for noncompliance, provided, that if the Contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with, litigation with a subcontractor or vendor as a result of any direction, the Contractor may request the United States to enter into the litigation to protect the interests of the United States.



(d) Notwithstanding any other clause in this contract, disputes relative to this clause will be governed by the procedures in 41 CFR part 60-1.

#### 36. 52.222-21 PROHIBITION OF SEGREGATED FACILITIES (APR 2015)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause

"Gender identity" has the meaning given by the Department of Labor's Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, and is found at <a href="https://www.dol.gov/ofccp/LGBT/LGBT\_FAQs.html">www.dol.gov/ofccp/LGBT/LGBT\_FAQs.html</a>.

"Segregated facilities," means any waiting rooms, work areas, rest rooms and wash rooms, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, locker rooms and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing facilities provided for employees, that are segregated by explicit directive or are in fact segregated on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin because of written or oral policies or employee custom. The term does not include separate or single-user rest rooms or necessary dressing or sleeping areas provided to assure privacy between the sexes.

"Sexual orientation" has the meaning given by the Department of Labor's Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, and is found at www.dol.gov/ofccp/LGBT/LGBT FAQs.html.

- (b) The Contractor agrees that it does not and will not maintain or provide for its employees any segregated facilities at any of its establishments, and that it does not and will not permit its employees to perform their services at any location under its control where segregated facilities are maintained. The Contractor agrees that a breach of this clause is a violation of the Equal Opportunity clause in this contract.
- (c) The Contractor shall include this clause in every subcontract and purchase order that is subject to the Equal Opportunity clause of this contract.

### 37. 52.219-28 POST-AWARD SMALL BUSINESS PROGRAM REREPRESENTATION (JUL 2013)

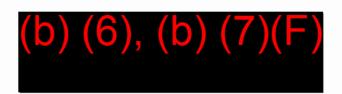
(Applicable to leases exceeding the micro-purchase threshold.)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—

Long-term contract means a contract of more than five years in duration, including options. However, the term does not include contracts that exceed five years in duration because the period of performance has been extended for a cumulative period not to exceed six months under the clause at <u>52.217-8</u>, Option to Extend Services, or other appropriate authority.

Small business concern means a concern, including its affiliates, that is independently owned and operated, not dominant in the field of operation in which it is bidding on Government contracts, and qualified as a small business under the criteria in 13 CFR part 121 and the size standard in paragraph (c) of this clause. Such a concern is "not dominant in its field of operation" when it does not exercise a controlling or major influence on a national basis in a kind of business activity in which a number of business concerns are primarily engaged. In determining whether dominance exists, consideration shall be given to all appropriate factors, including volume of business, number of employees, financial resources, competitive status or position, ownership or control of materials, processes, patents, license agreements, facilities, sales territory, and nature of business activity.

- (b) If the Contractor represented that it was a small business concern prior to award of this contract, the Contractor shall re-represent its size status according to paragraph (e) of this clause or, if applicable, paragraph (g) of this clause, upon the occurrence of any of the following:
  - (1) Within 30 days after execution of a novation agreement or within 30 days after modification of the contract to include this clause, if the novation agreement was executed prior to inclusion of this clause in the contract.



(2)	Within 30	days after	a merger (	or acquisition	on that	does no	require a	novation	or with	in 30
days after	modificatio	n of the co	ntract to in	clude this o	lause, i	f the me	rger or ac	quisition o	ccurred	prior
to inclusio	n of this cla	use in the d	contract							

#### (3) For long-term contracts—

- (i) Within 60 to 120 days prior to the end of the fifth year of the contract; and
- (ii) Within 60 to 120 days prior to the date specified in the contract for exercising any option thereafter.
- (c) The Contractor shall re-represent its size status in accordance with the size standard in effect at the time of this re-representation that corresponds to the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code assigned to this contract. The small business size standard corresponding to this NAICS code can be found at http://www.sba.gov/services/contractingopportunities/sizestandardstopics/.
- (d) The small business size standard for a Contractor providing a product which it does not manufacture itself, for a contract other than a construction or service contract, is 500 employees.
- (e) Except as provided in paragraph (g) of this clause, the Contractor shall make the re-representation required by paragraph (b) of this clause by validating or updating all its representations in the Online Representations and Certifications Application and its data in the Central Contractor Registration, as necessary, to ensure that they reflect the Contractor's current status. The Contractor shall notify the contracting office in writing within the timeframes specified in paragraph (b) of this clause that the data have been validated or updated, and provide the date of the validation or update.
- (f) If the Contractor represented that it was other than a small business concern prior to award of this contract, the Contractor may, but is not required to, take the actions required by paragraphs (e) or (g) of this clause.
- (g) If the Contractor does not have representations and certifications in ORCA, or does not have a representation in ORCA for the NAICS code applicable to this contract, the Contractor is required to complete the following re-representation and submit it to the contracting office, along with the contract number and the date on which the re-representation was completed:

The Contractor	represents	that it	<b>₽</b> ≰	Fis, 9	9.	is n	ot a	small	business	concern	under	NAICS	Code
assigned to contract number										<u>_</u> ·			

[Contractor to sign and date and insert authorized signer's name and title].

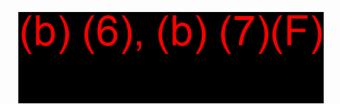
#### 38. 52.222-35 EQUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR VETERANS (OCT 2015)

(Applicable to leases \$150,000 or more, total contract value.)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause-

"Active duty wartime or campaign badge veteran," "Armed Forces service medal veteran," "disabled veteran," protected veteran," "qualified disabled veteran," and "recently separated veteran" have the meanings given at FAR 22.1301.

(b) Equal opportunity clause. The Contractor shall abide by the requirements of the equal opportunity clause at 41 CFR 60-300.5(a), as of March 24, 2014. This clause prohibits discrimination against qualified protected veterans, and requires affirmative action by the Contractor to employ and advance in employment qualified protected veterans.



(c) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall insert the terms of this clause in subcontracts of \$150,000 or more unless exempted by rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary of Labor. The Contractor shall act as specified by the Director, Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, to enforce the terms, including action for noncompliance. Such necessary changes in language may be made as shall be appropriate to identify properly the parties and their undertakings.

#### 39. 52.222-36 EQUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR WORKERS WITH DISABILITIES (JUL 2014)

(Applicable to leases over \$15,000 total contract value.)

- (a) Equal opportunity clause. The Contractor shall abide by the requirements of the equal opportunity clause at 41 CFR 60-741.5(a), as of March 24, 2014. This clause prohibits discrimination against qualified individuals on the basis of disability, and requires affirmative action by the Contractor to employ and advance in employment qualified individuals with disabilities.
- (b) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall include the terms of this clause in every subcontract or purchase order in excess of \$15,000 unless exempted by rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary, so that such provisions will be binding upon each subcontractor or vendor. The Contractor shall act as specified by the Director, Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs of the U.S. Department of Labor, to enforce the terms, including action for noncompliance. Such necessary changes in language may be made as shall be appropriate to identify properly the parties and their undertakings.

## 40. 52.222-37 EMPLOYMENT REPORTS ON VETERANS (FEB 2016)

(Applicable to leases \$150,000 or more, total contract value.)

- (a) Definitions. As used in this clause, "Armed Forces service medal veteran," "disabled veteran," "other protected veteran," and "recently separated veteran," have the meanings given in the Equal Opportunity for Veterans clause <u>52.222-35</u>.
- (b) Unless the Contractor is a State or local government agency, the Contractor shall report at least annually, as required by the Secretary of Labor, on—
- (1) The total number of employees in the contractor's workforce, by job category and hiring location, who are disabled veterans, other protected veterans, Armed Forces service medal veterans, and recently separated veterans.
- (2) The total number of new employees hired during the period covered by the report, and of the total, the number of disabled veterans, other protected veterans, Armed Forces service medal veterans, and recently separated veterans; and
- (3) The maximum number and minimum number of employees of the Contractor or subcontractor at each hiring location during the period covered by the report.
- (c) The Contractor shall report the above items by completing the Form VETS-100A, entitled "Federal Contractor Veterans' Employment Report (VETS-100A Report)."
  - (d) The Contractor shall submit VETS-100A Reports no later than September 30 of each year.
- (e) The employment activity report required by paragraphs (b)(2) and (b)(3) of this clause shall reflect total new hires, and maximum and minimum number of employees, during the most recent 12-month period preceding the ending date selected for the report. Contractors may select an ending date—
- (1) As of the end of any pay period between July 1 and August 31 of the year the report is due; or

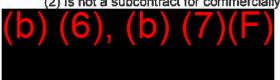


- (2) As of December 31, if the Contractor has prior written approval from the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission to do so for purposes of submitting the Employer Information Report EEO-1 (Standard Form 100).
- (f) The number of veterans reported must be based on data known to the contractor when completing the VETS-100A. The contractor's knowledge of veterans' status may be obtained in a variety of ways, including an invitation to applicants to self-identify (in accordance with 41 CFR 60-300.42), voluntary self-disclosure by employees, or actual knowledge of veteran status by the contractor. This paragraph does not relieve an employer of liability for discrimination under 38 U.S.C. 4212.
- (g) The Contractor shall insert the terms of this clause in subcontracts of \$100,000 or more unless exempted by rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary of Labor.

# 41. 52.209-6 PROTECTING THE GOVERNMENT'S INTEREST WHEN SUBCONTRACTING WITH CONTRACTORS DEBARRED, SUSPENDED, OR PROPOSED FOR DEBARMENT (OCT 2015)

(Applicable to leases over \$35,000 total contract value.)

- (a) Definition. "Commercially available off-the-shelf (COTS)" item, as used in this clause—
  - (1) Means any item of supply (including construction material) that is-
    - (i) A commercial item (as defined in paragraph (1) of the definition in FAR 2.101);
    - (ii) Sold in substantial quantities in the commercial marketplace; and
- (iii) Offered to the Government, under a contract or subcontract at any tier, without modification, in the same form in which it is sold in the commercial marketplace; and
- (2) Does not include bulk cargo, as defined in <u>46 U.S.C. 40102(4)</u>, such as agricultural products and petroleum products.
- (b) The Government suspends or debars Contractors to protect the Government's interests. Other than a subcontract for a commercially available off-the-shelf item, the Contractor shall not enter into any subcontract, in excess of \$35,000 with a Contractor that is debarred, suspended, or proposed for debarment by any executive agency unless there is a compelling reason to do so.
- (c) The Contractor shall require each proposed subcontractor whose subcontract will exceed \$35,000, other than a subcontractor providing a commercially available off-the-shelf item, to disclose to the Contractor, in writing, whether as of the time of award of the subcontract, the subcontractor, or its principals, is or is not debarred, suspended, or proposed for debarment by the Federal Government.
- (d) A corporate officer or a designee of the Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer, in writing, before entering into a subcontract with a party (other than a subcontractor providing a commercially available off-the-shelf item) that is debarred, suspended, or proposed for debarment (see FAR <u>9.404</u> for information on the System for Award Management (SAM) Exclusions). The notice must include the following:
  - (1) The name of the subcontractor.
  - (2) The Contractor's knowledge of the reasons for the subcontractor being listed with an exclusion in SAM.
- (3) The compelling reason(s) for doing business with the subcontractor notwithstanding its being listed with an exclusion in SAM.
- (4) The systems and procedures the Contractor has established to ensure that it is fully protecting the Government's interests when dealing with such subcontractor in view of the specific basis for the party's debarment, suspension, or proposed debarment.
- (e) Subcontracts. Unless this is a contract for the acquisition of commercial items, the Contractor shall include the requirements of this clause, including this paragraph (e) (appropriately modified for the identification of the parties), in each subcontract that—
  - (1) Exceeds \$35,000 in value; and
  - (2) Is not a subcontract for commercially available off-the-shelf items.



#### 42. 52.215-12 SUBCONTRACTOR CERTIFIED COST OR PRICING DATA (OCT 2010)

(Applicable if over \$750,000 total contract value.)

- (a) Before awarding any subcontract expected to exceed the threshold for submission of certified cost or pricing data at FAR 15.403-4, on the date of agreement on price or the date of award, whichever is later; or before pricing any subcontract modification involving a pricing adjustment expected to exceed the threshold for submission of certified cost or pricing data at FAR 15.403-4, the Contractor shall require the subcontractor to submit certified cost or pricing data (actually or by specific identification in writing), in accordance with FAR 15.408, Table 15-2 (to include any information reasonably required to explain the subcontractor's estimating process such as the judgmental factors applied and the mathematical or other methods used in the estimate, including those used in projecting from known data, and the nature and amount of any contingencies included in the price), unless an exception under FAR 15.403-1 applies.
- (b) The Contractor shall require the subcontractor to certify in substantially the form prescribed in FAR 15.406-2 that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, the data submitted under paragraph (a) of this clause were accurate, complete, and current as of the date of agreement on the negotiated price of the subcontract or subcontract modification.
- (c) In each subcontract that exceeds the threshold for submission of certified cost or pricing data at FAR 15.403-4, when entered into, the Contractor shall insert either—
- (1) The substance of this clause, including this paragraph (c), if paragraph (a) of this clause requires submission of certified cost or pricing data for the subcontract; or
- (2) The substance of the clause at FAR 52.215-13, Subcontractor Certified Cost or Pricing Data—Modifications.

#### 43. 52.219-8 UTILIZATION OF SMALL BUSINESS CONCERNS (OCT 2014)

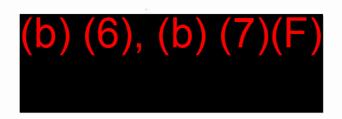
(Applicable to leases over the Simplified Lease Acquisition Threshold.)

- (a) It is the policy of the United States that small business concerns, veteran-owned small business concerns, service-disabled veteran-owned small business concerns, HUBZone small business concerns, small disadvantaged business concerns, and women-owned small business concerns shall have the maximum practicable opportunity to participate in performing contracts let by any Federal agency, including contracts and subcontracts for subsystems, assemblies, components, and related services for major systems. It is further the policy of the United States that its prime contractors establish procedures to ensure the timely payment of amounts due pursuant to the terms of their subcontracts with small business concerns, veteran-owned small business concerns, service-disabled veteran-owned small business concerns, HUBZone small business concerns, small disadvantaged business concerns, and women-owned small business concerns.
- (b) The Contractor hereby agrees to carry out this policy in the awarding of subcontracts to the fullest extent consistent with efficient contract performance. The Contractor further agrees to cooperate in any studies or surveys as may be conducted by the United States Small Business Administration or the awarding agency of the United States as may be necessary to determine the extent of the Contractor's compliance with this clause.
  - (c) Definitions. As used in this contract—

"HUBZone small business concern" means a small business concern that appears on the List of Qualified HUBZone Small Business Concerns maintained by the Small Business Administration.

"Service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern"—

Means a small business concern—



- (i) Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans; and
- (ii) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of a service-disabled veteran with permanent and severe disability, the spouse or permanent caregiver of such veteran.
- (2) Service-disabled veteran means a veteran, as defined in 38 U.S.C. 101(2), with a disability that is service-connected, as defined in 38 U.S.C. 101(16).

"Small business concern" means a small business as defined pursuant to Section 3 of the Small Business Act and relevant regulations promulgated pursuant thereto.

"Small disadvantaged business concern" means a small business concern that represents, as part of its offer that—

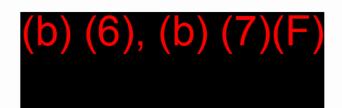
- (1) (i) It has received certification as a small disadvantaged business concern consistent with 13 CFR part 124, Subpart B;
- (ii) No material change in disadvantaged ownership and control has occurred since its certification;
- (iii) Where the concern is owned by one or more individuals, the net worth of each individual upon whom the certification is based does not exceed \$750,000 after taking into account the applicable exclusions set forth at 13 CFR 124.104(c)(2); and
- (iv) It is identified, on the date of its representation, as a certified small disadvantaged business in the CCR Dynamic Small Business Search database maintained by the Small Business Administration, or
- (2) It represents in writing that it qualifies as a small disadvantaged business (SDB) for any Federal subcontracting program, and believes in good faith that it is owned and controlled by one or more socially and economically disadvantaged individuals and meets the SDB eligibility criteria of 13 CFR 124.1002.

"Veteran-owned small business concern" means a small business concern—

- (1) Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more veterans (as defined at 38 U.S.C. 101(2)) or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more veterans; and
- (2) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more veterans.

"Women-owned small business concern" means a small business concern—

- (1) That is at least 51 percent owned by one or more women, or, in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more women; and
- (2) Whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more women.
- (d) (1) Contractors acting in good faith may rely on written representations by their subcontractors regarding their status as a small business concern, a veteran-owned small business concern, a service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern, a small disadvantaged business concern, or a womenowned small business concern.



- (2) The Contractor shall confirm that a subcontractor representing itself as a HUBZone small business concern is certified by SBA as a HUBZone small business concern by accessing the Central Contractor Registration (CCR) database or by contacting the SBA. Options for contacting the SBA include—
- (i) HUBZone small business database search application web page at <a href="http://dsbs.sba.gov/dsbs/search/dsp">http://dsbs.sba.gov/dsbs/search/dsp</a> searchhubzone.cfm; or <a href="http://www.sba.gov/hubzone">http://www.sba.gov/hubzone</a>;
- (ii) In writing to the Director/HUB, U.S. Small Business Administration, 409 3rd Street, SW., Washington, DC 20416; or
- (iii) The SBA HUB Zone Help Desk at hubzone@sba.gov.

# 44. 52.219-9 SMALL BUSINESS SUBCONTRACTING PLAN (OCT 2015) ALTERNATE III (OCT 2015) (Applicable to leases over \$700,000 total contract value.)

- (a) This clause does not apply to small business concerns.
  - (b) Definitions. As used in this clause—

"Alaska Native Corporation (ANC)" means any Regional Corporation, Village Corporation, Urban Corporation, or Group Corporation organized under the laws of the State of Alaska in accordance with the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act, as amended (43 U.S.C. 1601, et seq.) and which is considered a minority and economically disadvantaged concern under the criteria at 43 U.S.C. 1626(e)(1). This definition also includes ANC direct and indirect subsidiary corporations, joint ventures, and partnerships that meet the requirements of 43 U.S.C. 1626(e)(2).

"Commercial item" means a product or service that satisfies the definition of commercial item in section <u>2.101</u> of the Federal Acquisition Regulation.

"Commercial plan" means a subcontracting plan (including goals) that covers the offeror's fiscal year and that applies to the entire production of commercial items sold by either the entire company or a portion thereof (e.g., division, plant, or product line).

"Electronic Subcontracting Reporting System (eSRS)" means the Government wide, electronic, web-based system for small business subcontracting program reporting. The eSRS is located at <a href="http://www.esrs.gov">http://www.esrs.gov</a>.

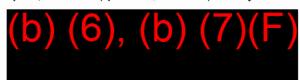
"Indian tribe" means any Indian tribe, band, group, pueblo, or community, including native villages and native groups (including corporations organized by Kenai, Juneau, Sitka, and Kodiak) as defined in the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C.A. 1601 et seq.), that is recognized by the Federal Government as eligible for services from the Bureau of Indian Affairs in accordance with 25 U.S.C. 1452(c). This definition also includes Indian-owned economic enterprises that meet the requirements of 25 U.S.C. 1452(e).

"Individual contract plan" means a subcontracting plan that covers the entire contract period (including option periods), applies to a specific contract, and has goals that are based on the offeror's planned subcontracting in support of the specific contract, except that indirect costs incurred for common or joint purposes may be allocated on a prorated basis to the contract.

"Master plan" means a subcontracting plan that contains all the required elements of an individual contract plan, except goals, and may be incorporated into individual contract plans, provided the master plan has been approved.

"Subcontract" means any agreement (other than one involving an employer-employee relationship) entered into by a Federal Government prime Contractor or subcontractor calling for supplies or services required for performance of the contract or subcontract.

(c) The offeror, upon request by the Contracting Officer, shall submit and negotiate a subcontracting plan, where applicable, that separately addresses subcontracting with small business, veteran-owned small



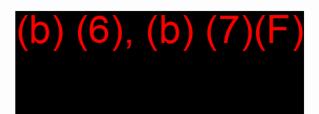
business, service-disabled veteran-owned small business, HUBZone small business concerns, small disadvantaged business, and women-owned small business concerns. If the offeror is submitting an individual contract plan, the plan must separately address subcontracting with small business, veteran-owned small business, service-disabled veteran-owned small business, HUBZone small business, small disadvantaged business, and women-owned small business concerns, with a separate part for the basic contract and separate parts for each option (if any). The plan shall be included in and made a part of the resultant contract. The subcontracting plan shall be negotiated within the time specified by the Contracting Officer. Failure to submit and negotiate the subcontracting plan shall make the offeror ineligible for award of a contract.

#### (d) The offeror's subcontracting plan shall include the following:

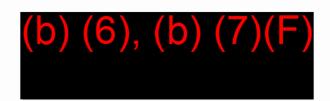
- (1) Goals, expressed in terms of percentages of total planned subcontracting dollars, for the use of small business, veteran-owned small business, service-disabled veteran-owned small business, HUBZone small business, small disadvantaged business, and women-owned small business concerns as subcontractors. The offeror shall include all sub-contracts that contribute to contract performance, and may include a proportionate share of products and services that are normally allocated as indirect costs. In accordance with 43 U.S.C. 1626:
- (i) Subcontracts awarded to an ANC or Indian tribe shall be counted towards the subcontracting goals for small business and small disadvantaged business (SDB) concerns, regardless of the size or Small Business Administration certification status of the ANC or Indian tribe.
- (ii) Where one or more subcontractors are in the subcontract tier between the prime contractor and the ANC or Indian tribe, the ANC or Indian tribe shall designate the appropriate contractor(s) to count the subcontract towards its small business and small disadvantaged business subcontracting goals.
- (A) In most cases, the appropriate Contractor is the Contractor that awarded the subcontract to the ANC or Indian tribe.
- (B) If the ANC or Indian tribe designates more than one Contractor to count the subcontract toward its goals, the ANC or Indian tribe shall designate only a portion of the total subcontract award to each Contractor. The sum of the amounts designated to various Contractors cannot exceed the total value of the subcontract.
- (C) The ANC or Indian tribe shall give a copy of the written designation to the Contracting Officer, the prime Contractor, and the subcontractors in between the prime Contractor and the ANC or Indian tribe within 30 days of the date of the subcontract award.
- (D) If the Contracting Officer does not receive a copy of the ANC's or the Indian tribe's written designation within 30 days of the subcontract award, the Contractor that awarded the subcontract to the ANC or Indian tribe will be considered the designated Contractor.

#### (2) A statement of—

- (i) Total dollars planned to be subcontracted for an individual contract plan; or the
  offeror's total projected sales, expressed in dollars, and the total value of projected subcontracts to support the
  sales for a commercial plan;
- (ii) Total dollars planned to be subcontracted to small business concerns (including ANC and Indian tribes);
- (iii) Total dollars planned to be subcontracted to veteran-owned small business concerns;
- (iv) Total dollars planned to be subcontracted to service-disabled veteran-owned small business;



- (v) Total dollars planned to be subcontracted to HUBZone small business concerns;
- (vi) Total dollars planned to be subcontracted to small disadvantaged business concerns (including ANCs and Indian tribes); and
- (vii) Total dollars planned to be subcontracted to women-owned small business concerns.
- (3) A description of the principal types of supplies and services to be subcontracted, and an identification of the types planned for subcontracting to—
  - (i) Small business concerns;
  - (ii) Veteran-owned small business concerns;
  - (iii) Service-disabled veteran-owned small business concerns;
  - (iv) HUBZone small business concerns;
  - (v) Small disadvantaged business concerns; and
  - (vi) Women-owned small business concerns.
- (4) A description of the method used to develop the subcontracting goals in paragraph (d)(1) of this clause.
- (e.g., existing company source lists, the Central Contractor Registration database (CCR), veterans service organizations, the National Minority Purchasing Council Vendor Information Service, the Research and Information Division of the Minority Business Development Agency in the Department of Commerce, or small, HUBZone, small disadvantaged, and women-owned small business trade associations). A firm may rely on the information contained in CCR as an accurate representation of a concern's size and ownership characteristics for the purposes of maintaining a small, veteran-owned small, service-disabled veteran-owned small, HUBZone small, small disadvantaged, and women-owned small business source list. Use of CCR as its source list does not relieve a firm of its responsibilities (e.g., outreach, assistance, counseling, or publicizing subcontracting opportunities) in this clause.
- (6) A statement as to whether or not the offeror included indirect costs in establishing subcontracting goals, and a description of the method used to determine the proportionate share of indirect costs to be incurred with—
  - (i) Small business concerns (including ANC and Indian tribes);
  - (ii) Veteran-owned small business concerns;
  - (iii) Service-disabled veteran-owned small business concerns;
  - (iv) HUBZone small business concerns;
  - (v) Small disadvantaged business concerns (including ANC and Indian tribes); and
  - (vi) Women-owned small business concerns.
- (7) The name of the individual employed by the offeror who will administer the offeror's subcontracting program, and a description of the duties of the individual.



- (8) A description of the efforts the offeror will make to assure that small business, veteranowned small business, service-disabled veteran-owned small business, HUBZone small business, small disadvantaged business, and women-owned small business concerns have an equitable opportunity to compete for subcontracts.
- (9) Assurances that the offeror will include the clause of this contract entitled "Utilization of Small Business Concerns" in all subcontracts that offer further subcontracting opportunities, and that the offeror will require all subcontractors (except small business concerns) that receive subcontracts in excess of \$650,000 (\$1.5 million for construction of any public facility) with further subcontracting possibilities to adopt a subcontracting plan that complies with the requirements of this clause.
  - (10) Assurances that the offeror will—
    - (i) Cooperate in any studies or surveys as may be required;
- (ii) Submit periodic reports so that the Government can determine the extent of compliance by the offeror with the subcontracting plan;
- (iii) Submit the Individual Subcontract Report (ISR) and/or the Summary Subcontract Report (SSR), in accordance with paragraph (I) of this clause. Submit the Summary Subcontract Report (SSR), in accordance with paragraph (I) of this clause using the Electronic Subcontracting Reporting System (eSRS) at <a href="http://www.esrs.gov">http://www.esrs.gov</a>. The reports shall provide information on subcontract awards to small business concerns (including ANCs and Indian tribes that are not small businesses), veteran-owned small business concerns, service-disabled veteran-owned small business concerns, HUBZone small business concerns, small disadvantaged business concerns (including ANCs and Indian tribes that have not been certified by the Small Business Administration as small disadvantaged businesses), women-owned small business concerns, and Historically Black Colleges and Universities and Minority Institutions. Reporting shall be in accordance with this clause, or as provided in agency regulations; and

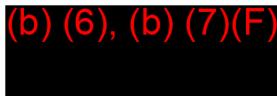
(iv) Ensure that its subcontractors with subcontracting plans agree to submit the SF 294 in accordance with paragraph (I) of this clause. Ensure that its subcontractors with subcontracting plans agree to submit the SSR in accordance with paragraph (I) of this clause using the eSRS.

- (11) A description of the types of records that will be maintained concerning procedures that have been adopted to comply with the requirements and goals in the plan, including establishing source lists; and a description of the offeror's efforts to locate small business, veteran-owned small business, service-disabled veteran-owned small business, HUBZone small business, small disadvantaged business, and women-owned small business concerns and award subcontracts to them. The records shall include at least the following (on a plant-wide or company-wide basis, unless otherwise indicated):
- (i) Source lists (e.g., CCR), guides, and other data that identify small business, veteran-owned small business, service-disabled veteran-owned small business, HUBZone small business, small disadvantaged business, and women-owned small business concerns.
- (ii) Organizations contacted in an attempt to locate sources that are small business, veteran-owned small business, service-disabled veteran-owned small business, HUBZone small business, small disadvantaged business, or women-owned small business concerns.
- (iii) Records on each subcontract solicitation resulting in an award of more than \$150,000, indicating—
  - (A) Whether small business concerns were solicited and, if not, why not;
  - (B) Whether veteran-owned small business concerns were solicited and, if

not, why not;

(C) Whether service-disabled veteran-owned small business concerns were

solicited and, if not, why not;

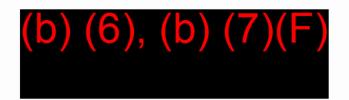


Whether HUBZone small business concerns were solicited and, if not, why (D) not: Whether small disadvantaged business concerns were solicited and, if not, (E) why not; Whether women-owned small business concerns were solicited and, if not, (F) why not; and (G) If applicable, the reason award was not made to a small business concern. (iv) Records of any outreach efforts to contact— (A) Trade associations:

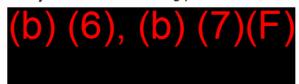
- (B) Business development organizations;
- (C) Conferences and trade fairs to locate small, HUBZone small, small disadvantaged, and women-owned small business sources; and
  - (D) Veterans service organizations.
  - (v) Records of internal guidance and encouragement provided to buyers through—
    - (A) Workshops, seminars, training, etc.; and
    - (B) Monitoring performance to evaluate compliance with the program's

requirements.

- On a contract-by-contract basis, records to support award data submitted by the offeror to the Government, including the name, address, and business size of each subcontractor. Contractors having commercial plans need not comply with this requirement.
- (e) In order to effectively implement this plan to the extent consistent with efficient contract performance, the Contractor shall perform the following functions:
- Assist small business, veteran-owned small business, service-disabled veteran-owned small business, HUBZone small business, small disadvantaged business, and women-owned small business concerns by arranging solicitations, time for the preparation of bids, quantities, specifications, and delivery schedules so as to facilitate the participation by such concerns. Where the Contractor's lists of potential small business, veteranowned small business, service-disabled veteran-owned small business, HUBZone small business, small disadvantaged business, and women-owned small business subcontractors are excessively long, reasonable effort shall be made to give all such small business concerns an opportunity to compete over a period of time.
- Provide adequate and timely consideration of the potentialities of small business, veteranowned small business, service-disabled veteran-owned small business, HUBZone small business, small disadvantaged business, and women-owned small business concerns in all "make-or-buy" decisions.
- Counsel and discuss subcontracting opportunities with representatives of small business, (3) veteran-owned small business, service-disabled veteran-owned small business, HUBZone small business, small disadvantaged business, and women-owned small business firms.
- Confirm that a subcontractor representing itself as a HUBZone small business concern is identified as a certified HUBZone small business concern by accessing the Central Contractor Registration (CCR) database or by contacting SBA.

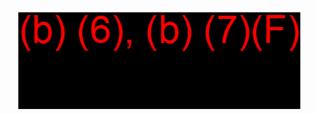


- (5) Provide notice to subcontractors concerning penalties and remedies for misrepresentations of business status as small, veteran-owned small business, HUBZone small, small disadvantaged, or womenowned small business for the purpose of obtaining a subcontract that is to be included as part or all of a goal contained in the Contractor's subcontracting plan.
- (6) For all competitive subcontracts over the simplified acquisition threshold in which a small business concern received a small business preference, upon determination of the successful subcontract offeror, the Contractor must inform each unsuccessful small business subcontract offeror in writing of the name and location of the apparent successful offeror prior to award of the contract.
- (f) A master plan on a plant or division-wide basis that contains all the elements required by paragraph (d) of this clause, except goals, may be incorporated by reference as a part of the subcontracting plan required of the offeror by this clause; provided—
  - The master plan has been approved;
- (2) The offeror ensures that the master plan is updated as necessary and provides copies of the approved master plan, including evidence of its approval, to the Contracting Officer; and
- (3) Goals and any deviations from the master plan deemed necessary by the Contracting Officer to satisfy the requirements of this contract are set forth in the individual subcontracting plan.
- (g) A commercial plan is the preferred type of subcontracting plan for contractors furnishing commercial items. The commercial plan shall relate to the offeror's planned subcontracting generally, for both commercial and Government business, rather than solely to the Government contract. Once the Contractor's commercial plan has been approved, the Government will not require another subcontracting plan from the same Contractor while the plan remains in effect, as long as the product or service being provided by the Contractor continues to meet the definition of a commercial item. A Contractor with a commercial plan shall comply with the reporting requirements stated in paragraph (d)(10) of this clause by submitting one SSR in eSRS for all contracts covered by its commercial plan. This report shall be acknowledged or rejected in eSRS by the Contracting Officer who approved the plan. This report shall be submitted within 30 days after the end of the Government's fiscal year.
- (h) Prior compliance of the offeror with other such subcontracting plans under previous contracts will be considered by the Contracting Officer in determining the responsibility of the offeror for award of the contract.
- (i) A contract may have no more than one plan. When a modification meets the criteria in 19.702 for a plan, or an option is exercised, the goals associated with the modification or option shall be added to those in the existing subcontract plan.
- (j) Subcontracting plans are not required from subcontractors when the prime contract contains the clause at <u>52.212-5</u>, Contract Terms and Conditions Required to Implement Statutes or Executive Orders— Commercial Items, or when the subcontractor provides a commercial item subject to the clause at <u>52.244-6</u>, Subcontracts for Commercial Items, under a prime contract.
  - (k) The failure of the Contractor or subcontractor to comply in good faith with-
    - (1) The clause of this contract entitled "Utilization Of Small Business Concerns;" or
    - (2) An approved plan required by this clause, shall be a material breach of the contract.
- (I) The Contractor shall submit a SF 294. The Contractor shall submit SSRs using the web-based eSRS at <a href="http://www.esrs.gov">http://www.esrs.gov</a>. Purchases from a corporation, company, or subdivision that is an affiliate of the prime Contractor or subcontractor are not included in these reports. Subcontract award data reported by prime Contractors and subcontractors shall be limited to awards made to their immediate next-tier subcontractors. Credit cannot be taken for awards made to lower tier subcontractors, unless the Contractor or subcontractor has been designated to receive a small business or small disadvantaged business credit from an ANC or Indian tribe. Only subcontracts involving performance in the U.S. or its outlying areas should be included in these reports with



the exception of subcontracts under a contract awarded by the State Department or any other agency that has statutory or regulatory authority to require subcontracting plans for subcontracts performed outside the United States and its outlying areas.

- (1) SF 294. This report is not required for commercial plans. The report is required for each contract containing an individual subcontract plan. For prime contractors the report shall be submitted to the contracting officer, or as specified elsewhere in this contract. In the case of a subcontract with a subcontracting plan, the report shall be submitted to the entity that awarded the subcontract.
- (i) The report shall be submitted semi-annually during contract performance for the periods ending March 31 and September 30. A report is also required for each contract within 30 days of contract completion. Reports are due 30 days after the close of each reporting period, unless otherwise directed by the Contracting Officer. Reports are required when due, regardless of whether there has been any subcontracting activity since the inception of the contract or the previous reporting period.
- (ii) When a subcontracting plan contains separate goals for the basic contract and each option, as prescribed by FAR 19.704(c), the dollar goal inserted on this report shall be the sum of the base period through the current option; for example, for a report submitted after the second option is exercised, the dollar goal would be the sum of the goals for the basic contract, the first option, and the second option.
  - (2) SSR. (i) Reports submitted under individual contract plans—
- (A) This report encompasses all subcontracting under prime contracts and subcontracts with the awarding agency, regardless of the dollar value of the subcontracts.
- (B) The report may be submitted on a corporate, company or subdivision (e.g. plant or division operating as a separate profit center) basis, unless otherwise directed by the agency.
- (C) If a prime Contractor and/or subcontractor is performing work for more than one executive agency, a separate report shall be submitted to each executive agency covering only that agency's contracts, provided at least one of that agency's contracts is over \$550,000 (over \$1,000,000 for construction of a public facility) and contains a subcontracting plan. For DoD, a consolidated report shall be submitted for all contracts awarded by military departments/agencies and/or subcontracts awarded by DoD prime Contractors. However, for construction and related maintenance and repair, a separate report shall be submitted for each DoD component.
- (D) For DoD and NASA, the report shall be submitted semi-annually for the six months ending March 31 and the twelve months ending September 30. For civilian agencies, except NASA, it shall be submitted annually for the twelve-month period ending September 30. Reports are due 30 days after the close of each reporting period.
- (E) Subcontract awards that are related to work for more than one executive agency shall be appropriately allocated.
- (F) The authority to acknowledge or reject SSRs in the eSRS, including SSRs submitted by subcontractors with subcontracting plans, resides with the Government agency awarding the prime contracts unless stated otherwise in the contract.
  - (ii) Reports submitted under a commercial plan-
- (A) The report shall include all subcontract awards under the commercial plan in effect during the Government's fiscal year.
- (B) The report shall be submitted annually, within thirty days after the end of the Government's fiscal year.
- (C) If a Contractor has a commercial plan and is performing work for more than one executive agency, the Contractor shall specify the percentage of dollars attributable to each agency from which contracts for commercial items were received.
- (D) The authority to acknowledge or reject SSRs for commercial plans resides with the Contracting Officer who approved the commercial plan.



(iii) All reports submitted at the close of each fiscal year (both individual and commercial plans) shall include a Year-End Supplementary Report for Small Disadvantaged Businesses. The report shall include subcontract awards, in whole dollars, to small disadvantaged business concerns by North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) Industry Subsector. If the data are not available when the year-end SSR is submitted, the prime Contractor and/or subcontractor shall submit the Year-End Supplementary Report for Small Disadvantaged Businesses within 90 days of submitting the year-end SSR. For a commercial plan, the Contractor may obtain from each of its subcontractors a predominant NAICS Industry Subsector and report all awards to that subcontractor under its predominant NAICS Industry Subsector.

#### 45. 52.219-16 LIQUIDATED DAMAGES—SUBCONTRACTING PLAN (JAN 1999)

(Applicable to leases over \$700,000 total contract value.)

- (a) Failure to make a good faith effort to comply with the subcontracting plan, as used in this clause, means a willful or intentional failure to perform in accordance with the requirements of the subcontracting plan approved under the clause in this contract entitled "Small Business Subcontracting Plan," or willful or intentional action to frustrate the plan.
- (b) Performance shall be measured by applying the percentage goals to the total actual subcontracting dollars or, if a commercial plan is involved, to the pro rata share of actual subcontracting dollars attributable to Government contracts covered by the commercial plan. If, at contract completion or, in the case of a commercial plan, at the close of the fiscal year for which the plan is applicable, the Contractor has failed to meet its subcontracting goals and the Contracting Officer decides in accordance with paragraph (c) of this clause that the Contractor failed to make a good faith effort to comply with its subcontracting plan, established in accordance with the clause in this contract entitled "Small Business Subcontracting Plan," the Contractor shall pay the Government liquidated damages in an amount stated. The amount of probable damages attributable to the Contractor's failure to comply shall be an amount equal to the actual dollar amount by which the Contractor failed to achieve each subcontract goal.
- (c) Before the Contracting Officer makes a final decision that the Contractor has failed to make such good faith effort, the Contracting Officer shall give the Contractor written notice specifying the failure and permitting the Contractor to demonstrate what good faith efforts have been made and to discuss the matter. Failure to respond to the notice may be taken as an admission that no valid explanation exists. If, after consideration of all the pertinent data, the Contracting Officer finds that the Contractor failed to make a good faith effort to comply with the subcontracting plan, the Contracting Officer shall issue a final decision to that effect and require that the Contractor pay the Government liquidated damages as provided in paragraph (b) of this clause.
- (d) With respect to commercial plans, the Contracting Officer who approved the plan will perform the functions of the Contracting Officer under this clause on behalf of all agencies with contracts covered by the commercial plan.
- (e) The Contractor shall have the right of appeal, under the clause in this contract entitled, Disputes, from any final decision of the Contracting Officer.
- (f) Liquidated damages shall be in addition to any other remedies that the Government may have.

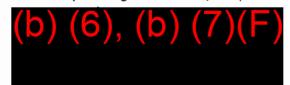
# 46. 52.204-10 REPORTING EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION AND FIRST-TIER SUBCONTRACT AWARDS (OCT 2015)

(Applicable if over \$30,000 total contract value.)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause:

"Executive" means officers, managing partners, or any other employees in management positions.

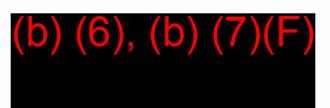
"First-tier subcontract" means a subcontract awarded directly by a Contractor to furnish supplies or services (including construction) for performance of a prime contract, but excludes supplier agreements with



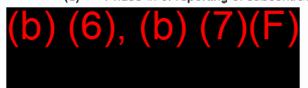
vendors, such as long-term arrangements for materials or supplies that would normally be applied to a Contractor's general and administrative expenses or indirect cost.

"Total compensation" means the cash and noncash dollar value earned by the executive during the Contractor's preceding fiscal year and includes the following (for more information see 17 CFR 229.402(c)(2)):

- (1) Salary and bonus.
- (2) Awards of stock, stock options, and stock appreciation rights. Use the dollar amount recognized for financial statement reporting purposes with respect to the fiscal year in accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards Board's Accounting Standards Codification (FASB ASC) 718, Compensation-Stock Compensation.
- (3) Earnings for services under non-equity incentive plans. This does not include group life, health, hospitalization or medical reimbursement plans that do not discriminate in favor of executives, and are available generally to all salaried employees.
- (4) Change in pension value. This is the change in present value of defined benefit and actuarial pension plans.
  - (5) Above-market earnings on deferred compensation which is not tax-qualified.
- (6) Other compensation, if the aggregate value of all such other compensation (e.g., severance, termination payments, value of life insurance paid on behalf of the employee, perquisites or property) for the executive exceeds \$10,000.
- (b) Section 2(d)(2) of the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (Pub. L. 109-282), as amended by section 6202 of the Government Funding Transparency Act of 2008 (Pub. L. 110-252), requires the Contractor to report information on subcontract awards. The law requires all reported information be made public, therefore, the Contractor is responsible for notifying its subcontractors that the required information will be made public.
- (c) (1) Unless otherwise directed by the contracting officer, by the end of the month following the month of award of a first-tier subcontract with a value of \$25,000 or more, (and any modifications to these subcontracts that change previously reported data), the Contractor shall report the following information at <a href="http://www.fsrs.gov">http://www.fsrs.gov</a> for each first-tier subcontract. (The Contractor shall follow the instructions at <a href="http://www.fsrs.gov">http://www.fsrs.gov</a> to report the data.)
- (i) Unique identifier (DUNS Number) for the subcontractor receiving the award and for the subcontractor's parent company, if the subcontractor has a parent company.
  - (ii) Name of the subcontractor.
  - (iii) Amount of the subcontract award.
  - (iv) Date of the subcontract award.
- (v) A description of the products or services (including construction) being provided under the subcontract, including the overall purpose and expected outcomes or results of the subcontract.
  - (vi) Subcontract number (the subcontract number assigned by the Contractor).
  - (vii) Subcontractor's physical address including street address, city, state, and country. Also include the nine-digit zip code and congressional district.
  - (viii) Subcontractor's primary performance location including street address, city, state, and country. Also include the nine-digit zip code and congressional district.



- (ix) The prime contract number, and order number if applicable.
- (x) Awarding agency name and code.
- (xi) Funding agency name and code.
- (xii) Government contracting office code.
- (xiii) Treasury account symbol (TAS) as reported in FPDS.
- (xiv) The applicable North American Industry Classification System code (NAICS).
- (2) By the end of the month following the month of a contract award, and annually thereafter, the Contractor shall report the names and total compensation of each of the five most highly compensated executives for the Contractor's preceding completed fiscal year in the Central Contractor Registration (CCR) database via <a href="https://www.acquisition.gov">https://www.acquisition.gov</a>, if—
  - (i) In the Contractor's preceding fiscal year, the Contractor received—
  - (A) 80 percent or more of its annual gross revenues from Federal contracts (and subcontracts), loans, grants (and subgrants) and cooperative agreements; and
  - (B) \$25,000,000 or more in annual gross revenues from Federal contracts (and subcontracts), loans, grants (and subgrants) and cooperative agreements; and
  - (ii) The public does not have access to information about the compensation of the executives through periodic reports filed under section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m(a), 78o(d)) or section 6104 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. (To determine if the public has access to the compensation information, see the U.S. Security and Exchange Commission total compensation filings at <a href="http://www.sec.gov/answers/execomp.htm">http://www.sec.gov/answers/execomp.htm</a>.)
- (3) Unless otherwise directed by the contracting officer, by the end of the month following the month of a first-tier subcontract with a value of \$25,000 or more, and annually thereafter, the Contractor shall report the names and total compensation of each of the five most highly compensated executives for each first-tier subcontractor for the subcontractor's preceding completed fiscal year at <a href="http://www.fsrs.gov">http://www.fsrs.gov</a>, if—
  - (i) In the subcontractor's preceding fiscal year, the subcontractor received—
  - (A) 80 percent or more of its annual gross revenues from Federal contracts (and subcontracts), loans, grants (and subgrants) and cooperative agreements; and
  - (B) \$25,000,000 or more in annual gross revenues from Federal contracts (and subcontracts), loans, grants (and subgrants) and cooperative agreements; and
  - (ii) The public does not have access to information about the compensation of the executives through periodic reports filed under section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m(a), 78o(d)) or section 6104 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. (To determine if the public has access to the compensation information, see the U.S. Security and Exchange Commission total compensation filings at <a href="http://www.sec.gov/answers/execomp.htm">http://www.sec.gov/answers/execomp.htm</a>.)
- (d) (1) If the Contractor in the previous tax year had gross income, from all sources, under \$300,000, the Contractor is exempt from the requirement to report subcontractor awards.
- (2) If a subcontractor in the previous tax year had gross income from all sources under \$300,000, the Contractor does not need to report awards to that subcontractor.
  - (e) Phase-in of reporting of subcontracts of \$25,000 or more.



- (1) Until September 30, 2010, any newly awarded subcontract must be reported if the prime contract award amount was \$20,000,000 or more.
- (2) From October 1, 2010, until February 28, 2011, any newly awarded subcontract must be reported if the prime contract award amount was \$550,000 or more.
- (3) Starting March 1, 2011, any newly awarded subcontract must be reported if the prime contract award amount was \$25,000 or more.

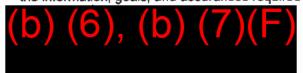
# 47. 552.219-73 GOALS FOR SUBCONTRACTING PLAN (JUN 2005), ALTERNATE I (SEP 1999) (Applicable if over \$700,000 total contract value.)

- (a) Maximum practicable utilization of small, HUBZone small, small disadvantaged, women-owned, veteran-owned, and service-disabled veteran owned small business concerns as subcontractors is a matter of national interest with both social and economic benefits.
- (1) The General Services Administration's (GSA's) commitment to ensuring that maximum practicable opportunity is provided to small, HUBZone small, small disadvantaged, women-owned, veteran-owned, and service-disabled veteran owned small business concerns to participate as subcontractors in the performance of this contract, consistent with its efficient performance, must be reflected in the offeror's subcontracting plan submitted pursuant to the clause of this contract at FAR 52.219-9, Small Business Subcontracting Plan.
- (2) In addressing the eleven elements described at FAR <u>52.219-9(d)</u>, the offeror shall demonstrate that its subcontracting plan represents a creative and innovative program for involving small, HUBZone small, small disadvantaged, women-owned, veteran-owned, and service-disabled veteran owned small business concerns in performing this contract. An offeror submitting a commercial plan can demonstrate its commitment in providing maximum practicable opportunities through subcontracting opportunities it provides to small, HUBZone small, small disadvantaged, women-owned, veteran-owned, and service-disabled veteran owned small business concerns that relate to the offeror's production generally; i.e., for both its commercial and Government business.
- (3) The subcontracting plan shall include a description of the offeror's subcontracting strategies used in previous contracts and significant achievements, with an explanation of how this plan will build upon those earlier achievements. Additionally, the offeror shall demonstrate through its plan that it understands the small business subcontracting program's objectives, GSA's expectations, and is committed to taking those actions necessary to meet these goals or objectives.
- (b) GSA believes that this contract provides significant opportunities for the use of small, HUBZone small, small disadvantaged, women-owned, veteran-owned, and service-disabled veteran owned small business concerns as subcontractors. Accordingly, it is anticipated that an acceptable subcontracting plan will contain at least the following goals:

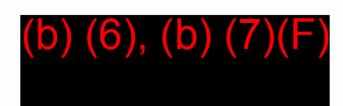
Small Business percent
HUBZone Small Business percent
Small Disadvantaged Business percent
Women-Owned Small Business percent
Veteran-Owned Small Business percent
Service-Disabled Veteran-Owned Small percent
Business

NOTE: Target goals are expressed as a percentage of planned subcontracting dollars.

- (c) In determining the acceptability of any subcontracting plan, the Contracting Officer will-
- (1) Review the plan to verify that the offeror has demonstrated an understanding of the small business subcontracting program's objectives and GSA's expectations with respect to the programs and has included all the information, goals, and assurances required by FAR <u>52.219-9</u>;



- (2) Consider previous goals and achievements of contractors in the same industry;
- (3) Consider information and potential sources obtained from agencies administering national and local preference programs and other advocacy groups in evaluating whether the goals stated in the plan adequately reflect the anticipated potential for subcontracting to small, HUBZone small, small disadvantaged, women-owned, veteran-owned, and service-disabled veteran owned small business concerns; and
- (4) Review the offeror's description of its strategies, historical performance and significant achievements in placing subcontracts for the same or similar products or services with small, HUBZone small, small disadvantaged, women-owned, veteran-owned, and service-disabled veteran owned small business concerns. The offeror's description can apply to commercial as well as previous Government contracts.
- (d) Failure to submit an acceptable subcontracting plan and/or correct deficiencies in a plan within the time specified by the Contracting Officer shall make the offeror ineligible for award. (End of provision)



ADDENDUM to the System for Award Management (SAM)
REPRESENTATIONS AND CERTIFICATIONS (Acquisitions
of Leasehold Interests in Real Property)

Request for Lease Proposals Number Dated

7172524

3-28-2017

Complete appropriate boxes, sign the form, and attach to offer.

The Offeror makes the following additional Representations. NOTE: The "Offeror," as used on this form, is the owner of the property offered, not an individual or agent representing the owner.

# 1. ANNUAL REPRESENTATIONS AND CERTIFICATIONS FOR LEASEHOLD ACQUISITIONS (APR 2015)

- (a) (1) The North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code for this acquisition is 531120, unless the real property is self-storage (#531130), land (#531190), or residential (#531110).
  - (2) The small business size standard is 38.5 Million in annual average gross revenue of the concern for the last 3 fiscal years.
  - (3) The small business size standard for a concern which submits an offer in its own name, other than on a construction or service contract, but which proposes to furnish a product which it did not itself manufacture, is 500 employees.
- (b) The System for Award Management (SAM) is a centrally located, searchable database which assists in the development, maintenance, and provision of sources for future procurements. The Offeror, by signing this addendum, hereby certifies he is registered in SAM.
- Registration Active and Copy Attached

# 2. 552.203-72 REPRESENTATION BY CORPORATIONS REGARDING AN UNPAID DELINQUENT FEDERAL TAX LIABILITY OR A FELONY CONVICTION UNDER ANY FEDERAL LAW (DEVIATION) (OCT 2013)

- (a) In accordance with Sections 630 and 631 of Division of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2012 (Pub. L. 112-74), and Section 101 of the Continuing Appropriations Act, 2014 (Pub. L. 113-16) none of the funds made available by the Continuing Appropriations Act 2014 may be used to enter into a contract action with any corporation that—
  - (1) Has any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability, where the awarding agency is aware of the unpaid tax liability, unless the agency has considered suspension or debarment of the corporation and made a determination that this further action is not necessary to protect the interests of the Government, or
  - (2) Was convicted, or had an officer or agent of such corporation acting on behalf of the corporation convicted of a felony criminal violation under any Federal law within the preceding 24 months, where the awarding agency is aware of the conviction, unless the agency has considered suspension or debarment of the corporation or such officer or agent and made a determination that this action is not necessary to protect the interests of the Government.
- (b) The Contractor represents that-
  - (1) (b) (4) a corporation that has any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted or

have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability.

(2) (b) (4) a corporation that was convicted, or had an officer or agent of the corporation acting on behalf of the corporation, convicted of a felony criminal violation under any Federal law within the preceding 24 months.

### 3. OFFEROR'S DUNS NUMBER

- (a) Enter number: (b) (7)(F), (b) (4)
- (b) An offeror may obtain a DUNS number (i) via the Internet at <a href="http://fredgov.dnb.com/webform">http://fredgov.dnb.com/webform</a> or if the offeror does not have internet access, it may call Dun and Bradstreet at 1-866-705-5711 if located within the United States; or (ii) If located outside the United States, by contacting the local Dun and Bradstreet office. The offeror should indicate that it is an offeror for a U.S. Government contract when contacting the local Dun and Bradstreet office.

