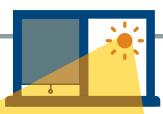
#### **OPPORTUNITY**

How much energy can be saved by daylighting U.S. office buildings?

# 1 billion MBTU OF LIGHTING ENERGY

CAN BE SAVED BY TAKING ADVANTAGE OF DAYLIGHT



#### **TECHNOLOGY**

How do chromogenic windows save energy?

# REDUCE SOLAR HEAT GAIN

BY TRANSITIONING DYNAMICALLY FROM CLEAR TO DARK

#### **ELECTROCHROMIC (EC)**

Use switches or automated building control systems to actively tint windows via electric current

#### THERMOCHROMIC (TC)

Use adhesive coating to adjust tinting passively with window surface temperature

#### M&V

Where did Measurement and Verification occur?

**LAWRENCE BERKELEY NATIONAL LABORATORY** measured performance and occupant satisfaction of electrochromic and thermochromic windows provided by SageGlass and RavenBrick at the Denver Federal Center in Colorado

#### **RESULTS**

How did chromogenic windows perform in M&V compared to baseline low-e windows?

9-10% ENERGY SAVINGS<sup>2</sup>

48-58% REDUCTION IN HEAT GAIN<sup>3</sup>

#### PRESERVED VIEWS

EC TINTED TO DARK
BLUE<sup>4</sup>; TC PERFORMANCE
SENSITIVE TO
SURROUNDING SURFACE
GEOMETRY<sup>5</sup>

## CAPTURED BENEFIT

OF NATURAL DAYLIGHTING

Provided less glare<sup>6</sup>

#### **Modeled Energy Savings Comparing TC and EC vs Clear and Low-e**



#### DEPLOYMENT

Where does M&V recommend deploying chromogenic windows?

### **FURTHER EVALUATION**

GSA is undertaking further evaluations of EC WINDOWS in high-rise curtain wall applications with lighting that adjusts in response to daylight

<sup>1</sup>A Pilot Demonstration of Electrochomic and Thermochromic Windows in the Denver Federal Center, Building 41, Denver, Colorado. Eleanor S. Lee (LBNL), March 2014, p.12 <sup>2</sup>Ibid, p.51 <sup>3</sup>Ibid, p.54 <sup>4</sup>Ibid, p.17 <sup>5</sup>Ibid, p.50 <sup>5</sup>Ibid, p.10